

Trish Price & Peter Price



Bring It On!

Book 3: Fractions Worksheets



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Created by Trish Price & Peter Price
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Scope and Sequence – Developing Number Fluency "Times Tables"

	Addition & Subtraction to 10	Addition	Subtraction	Addition & Subtraction Revision	Addition	Subtraction	Addition & Subtraction	Easy Multiplication and Division	Extended Addition & Subtraction	Multiplication	Division	Multiplication and Division Revision	All Operations Revision	Extended Multiplication and Division	Division with Remainders	Factors & Multiples	Mental Strategies	All Operations Advanced Revision	Fractions	Percentages
Series		Let's	Go!		Ten	Minu Lev		Day	Ten	Minu Lev	tes a l el 2	Day	Ten	Minu Lev	tes a l el 3	Day		Bring	It On!	
Gr 1/ Yr 2																				
Gr 2/ Yr 3																				
Gr 3/ Yr 4																				
Gr 4/ Yr 5																				
Gr 5/ Yr 6																				



Developing Fluency Worksheets Series

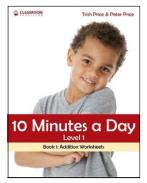
Grade 1 / Year 2



Four eBooks:

- Addition & Subtraction to 10
- Addition
- Subtraction
- Addition & Subtraction Revision

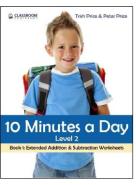
Grade 2 / Year 3



Four eBooks:

- Addition
- Subtraction
- Addition & Subtraction Revision
- Easy Multiplication & Division

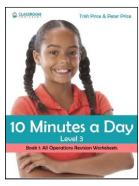
Grade 3 / Year 4



Four eBooks:

- Extended Addition & Subtraction
- Multiplication
- Division
- Multiplication & Division Revision

Grade 4 / Year 5



Four eBooks:

- All Operations Revision
- Extended Multiplication & Division
- Division with Remainders
- Factors & Multiples

Grade 5 / Year 6



Four eBooks:

- Mental Strategies
- All Operations Advanced Revision
- Fractions
- Percentages



Grade 5 / Year 6 eBooks series: Bring It On!

Each worksheets eBook contains:

- Daily worksheets for 10 weeks
- Carefully graded and sequenced activities
- Lots of revision activities
- 5 Checkup worksheets for assessment
- 20 Homework worksheets with parents' advice
- All answer keys
- PDF download for easy access
- Teaching strategies advice
- 30-day money-back guarantee



Mental Strategies:

- Multiplying by 10, 100 or 1000
- Dividing by 10, 100 or 1000
- Doubling 2-digit & 3-digit nos
- Halving 2-digit & 3-digit nos
- Adding "nice" numbers
- Adding near 100
- Subtracting near 100
- Multiplying 2- & 3-digit nos x5
- Multiplying larger nos x50, x25
- Revision

All Operations Advanced Revision:

- Count on/back; Double
- Difference of; 5x, 10x
- Rainbow facts: 3x
- Doubles+1; 4x
- Near 10; 9x
- Remaining & Ext. Facts; 6x
- Doubling 2-digit numbers; 8x
- Halving 2-digit numbers; 7x
- Adding "nice" numbers
- Multiplying / dividing by 10, 100, 1000

Fractions:

- Multiplying by fractions
- Improper and mixed numbers
- Equivalent fractions
- Simplifying fractions Comparing fractions
- Adding & subtracting fractions
- Adding & subtracting mixed nos
- Converting decimals & common fractions
- Advanced fractions to decimals
- Revision

Percentages:

- Introduction to percentages
- Converting common fractions to percent
- 10%, 10% discount
- 50%, 50% discount
- 25%, 25% discount
- 100%+
- 10% increase, 50% increase
- 100% increase, 200+% increase
- 1%, 0.5%
- Advanced percentages
- Percentage Revision



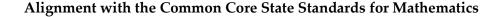


Contents: Bring It On! Fractions

Classroom Worksheets

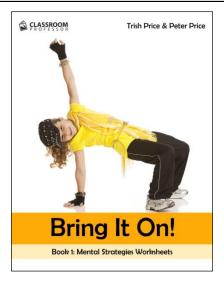
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Equivalent fractions	3[A] - 3[D]
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Comparing fractions	5[A] - 5[D]
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Adding & subtracting fractions	6[C] - 6[D]
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Converting decimals to common fractions	8[A] - 8[B]
Converting common fractions to decimals	8[C] - 8[D]
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Equivalent Fractions; Simplifying Fractions	Check Up B
Comparing Fractions; Adding and Subtracting Fractions	Check Up C
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Homework Worksheets	
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Adding & subtracting mixed numbers	7 HW
Converting decimals to common fractions	8 HW
Advanced fractions to decimals	9 HW
Revision	10HW

Answer Keys





Recommended eBook



Bring It On! Series:

- Mental Strategies
- All Operations Advanced Revision
- Fractions
- Percentages

Description

The *Bring It On!* series includes advanced worksheets which cover a range of topics, for students who have memorized all the number facts for the four operations. These eBooks may be used at a range of grade levels, starting in Grade 4.

Book 1 of this series introduces students to a sequence of mental strategies which may be used in many contexts involving mental computation. For example, worksheets cover multiplying by powers of 10, doubling and halving 2- and 3-digit numbers, and adding and subtracting near 100.

Book 2 is useful for students at this level to revise the four operations' number facts. This book should be used if students need to develop fluency with the basic facts, and will also introduce advanced facts involving larger numbers (e.g., $600 \times 3 = ?$; $2 \times 0.6 = ?$), and order of operations questions (e.g., $8 + 15 \div 5$).

Book 3 covers a range of questions involving fractions, including finding equivalent fractions, converting common fractions to decimals, comparing fractions with like or unlike denominators, and adding and subtracting fractions with like denominators.

Book 4 introduces students to percentages, and includes calculations involving converting common fractions to percentages, percentage discounts and increases, and percentages greater than 100% and less than 1%.

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Common Core State Standards for Mathematics

Grade 4 Number and Operations— Fractions

Extend understanding of fraction equivalence and ordering.

- Compare two fractions with different numerators and different denominators.
- Record the results of comparisons with symbols >, =, or <.

Build fractions from unit fractions by applying and extending previous understandings of operations on whole numbers.

 Add and subtract mixed numbers with like denominators.

Grade 5 Operations & Algebraic Thinking

Write and interpret numerical expressions

- Use parentheses, brackets, or braces in numerical expressions, and evaluate expressions with these symbols.
- Write simple expressions that record calculations with numbers, and interpret numerical expressions without evaluating them.

Grade 5 Number and Operations—Fractions

Use equivalent fractions as a strategy to add and subtract fractions

 Add and subtract fractions with unlike denominators (including mixed numbers) by replacing given fractions with equivalent fractions in such a way as to produce an equivalent sum or difference of fractions with like denominators.

Grade 5 Number and Operations in Base TenUnderstand the place value system

 Read, write, and compare decimals to thousandths.

Grade 6 Ratios and Proportional Relationships

Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems

• Find a percent of a quantity as a rate per 100; solve problems involving finding the whole, given a part and the percent.

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Alignment with the UK National Curriculum for Mathematics (draft 21 June 2012)

Trish Price & Peter Price Bring It On!

Bring It On! Series:

- Mental Strategies
- All Operations Advanced Revision

Book 1: Mental Strategies Worksheets

- Fractions
- Percentages

Description

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Book 4 introduces students to percentages, and includes calculations involving converting common fractions to percentages, percentage discounts and increases, and percentages greater than 100% and less than 1%.



National Curriculum for Mathematics

Year 4

Fractions

Pupils should be taught to:

- identify and name equivalent fractions of a given fraction with denominator not greater than 12
- write the equivalent fraction of a fraction given the denominator or the
- numerator
- reduce fractions to their simplest form
- add and subtract two fractions with common denominators within one whole

Decimals

Pupils should be taught to:

- compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to 2 decimal places
- find the effect of dividing a 2-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as units, tenths and hundredths
- recognise and write decimal equivalents to 1/4, 1/2, 3/4 and any number of tenths and hundredths.

Year 5

Addition and subtraction

Pupils should be taught to:

• add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers.

Multiplication and division

Pupils should be taught to:

• multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000

Fractions

Pupils should be taught to:

- compare and order fractions with different denominators
- recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and related fractions;, write mathematical statements that exceed 1 as a mixed number.

Decimals

Pupils should be taught to:

- read and write decimal numbers as fractions
- recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and 100 decimal equivalents

Percentage

Pupils should be taught to:

- recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to "number of parts per hundred" for example that 100% represents a whole quantity and 1% is 1/100 , 50% is 50/100 , 25% is 25/100, etc.
- write simple fractions as percentages and decimals as percentages (e.g. $\frac{1}{2}$ = 50% = 0.5).





Bring It On! series: Alignment with the Australian Curriculum

eBook Series Series	tles Australian Curriculum: Content Descriptions
• Me • All Ac • Fra	on! Series: that Strategies Operations anneed Revision tions entages Pear 4 Investigate equivalent fractions used in contexts (ACMNA077) Recognise that the place value system can be extended to tenths and hundredths. Make connections between fractions and decimal notation (ACMNA079) Year 5 Identify and describe factors and multiples of whole numbers and use them to solve problems (ACMNA098) Compare and order common unit fractions and locate and represent them on a number line (ACMNA102) Investigate strategies to solve problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions with the same denominator (ACMNA103) Recognise that the place value system can be extended beyond hundredths (ACMNA104) Year 6 Identify and describe properties of prime, composite, square and triangular numbers (ACMNA122) Select and apply efficient mental and written strategies and appropriate digital technologies to solve problems involving all four operations with whole numbers (ACMNA123) Compare fractions with related denominators and locate and represent them on a number line (ACMNA125) Solve problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions with the same or related denominators (ACMNA126) Multiply and divide decimals by



eBook Series	Series Titles	Australian Curriculum: Content Descriptions
Bring It On! Book 1: Mental Strategies Worksheets [Continued]	 Bring It On! Series: Mental Strategies All Operations Advanced Revision Fractions Percentages 	 Find a simple fraction of a quantity where the result is a whole number, with and without digital technologies (ACMNA127) Make connections between equivalent fractions, decimals and percentages (ACMNA131) Investigate and calculate percentage discounts of 10%, 25% and 50% on sale items, with and without digital technologies (ACMNA132) Year 7 Investigate index notation and represent whole numbers as products of powers of prime numbers (ACMNA149) Compare fractions using equivalence. Locate and represent positive and negative fractions and mixed numbers on a number line (ACMNA152) Express one quantity as a fraction of another, with and without the use of digital technologies (ACMNA155) Connect fractions, decimals and percentages and carry out simple conversions (ACMNA157) Find percentages of quantities and express one quantity as a percentage of another, with and without digital

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Teaching Strategies



Teaching Strategies Fact Sheets

The Teaching Strategies Fact Sheets provide expert information for teachers about the recommended strategy-based approach to the teaching of arithmetic facts.



Procedures with Fractions

Difficulties in learning fractions

Fractions is one of the most troublesome topics in the mathematics curriculum for primary, elementary and middle years students and their teachers. A number of reasons are probably behind this situation, including the number of different forms in which fractions may be recorded, the different thinking required to understand fractions when compared to whole numbers, and traditional methods of instruction, which have emphasised computational methods rather than understanding.

This eBook presents to students a range of key ideas around fractions, including key processes such as creating equivalent fractions and notational systems, including common fractions, decimal fractions, percentages and ratios.

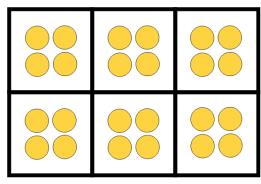
To be successful in these exercises, students first need to be confident and proficient in all basic number facts, including especially multiplication facts to 10 x 10 and associated division facts.

Multiplying by Fractions

Multiplying a whole number by a unit fraction (i.e., one with a numerator of "1") is equivalent to dividing the whole number by the denominator. The reason for this is

clear: a unitary common fraction is one of a number of equal parts of the whole; if the whole is an integer, the fraction is then equal to the whole divided by the number of parts.

For example:



One sixth of 24 = $24 \div 6$ = 4

Improper Fractions and Mixed Numbers

Numbers which include both an integer greater than zero and a common fraction (e.g., 4½) may be recorded as either an improper fraction or a mixed number.

An *improper fraction* has a numerator which is greater than the denominator. The fraction is thus greater than one.

A *mixed number* has a whole number part and a common fraction part. Again, it is clearly greater than one. For every improper fraction there is a unique mixed number equal to it which uses the same denominator, and vice versa.



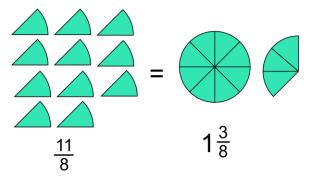
The normal process taught to convert between improper fractions and mixed numbers is to apply an algorithm:

Improper to mixed no.: divide the numerator by the denominator

Mixed number to improper fraction: multiply the denominator by the whole number, then add the numerator. Write the new number as the numerator of the improper fraction.

These methods are mathematically correct, and are the most efficient way to convert any example using a "manual" process. However, as with all procedures, if introduced to students before they are understood, they will likely be used by students in an unthinking way, and later are likely to be forgotten, mixed up with other procedures or misapplied.

Use materials to illustrate the improper fraction or mixed numbers, and have students manipulate the materials to regroup into the other representation. For example:



Ask students to discuss the connection between the shapes and the numbers involved. For example, with the above numbers, you could ask question such as "What is the connection between 11, 8, and 3?" "Why does the mixed number have 1 whole and 3 eighths left over?".

Link examples like this to division with remainders, such as:

$$11 \div 8 = 1 \text{ remainder } 3$$

= 1 3/8

This helps make the connection between every common fraction and division:

$$a \div b = \frac{a}{b}$$

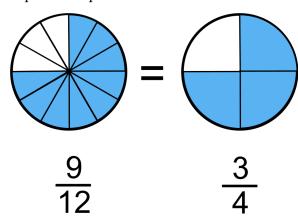
Equivalent Fractions

In case anyone isn't clear on what is meant by the word "equivalent", these fractions are *equal* to each other. In other words, it could be helpful to students to refer to them sometimes as "equal fractions", to emphasize the fact that they refer to the same quantity, and are merely different ways to symbolically refer to a fractional amount.

Here again, we do not want to teach too early a mechanical method of calculating an equivalent fraction. Doing so leads for many students to treating the procedure as an algorithm to be carried out without thinking, a sure path for some students to later confusion and failure to apply it correctly.



It is recommended to use visual or physical models to reveal the equivalence / equality of pairs of equivalent fractions:



Have the students investigate the numbers involved (before teaching them a formal method for calculating equivalent fractions), and ask them what they notice about 9 and 12, compared to 3 and 4.

Simplifying Fractions

This strategy follows on from equivalent fractions, with a specific goal: to find the smallest numbers making up an equivalent fraction.

Starting with materials, as in the previous example, have students investigate the simplest way to visually or physically represent a given fraction, using the smallest number of parts.

Later, discuss the process for finding the simplest equivalent fraction, by linking it to finding the lowest common factor of a pair of numbers. For example:

Simplify
$$\frac{14}{21}$$

Factors of 14: 2, 7, 14 Factors of 21: 3, 7, 21

Lowest Common Factor: 7
Simplified fraction =
$$\frac{14 \div 7}{21 \div 7} = \frac{2}{3}$$

This process can also be applied to improper fractions. For example:

$$\frac{15}{9} = \frac{5}{3} = 1\frac{2}{3}$$

Comparing Fractions

Comparing a pair of common fractions is one of the most complex processes to apply to common fractions, requiring a good knowledge of number facts and an understanding of fraction concepts and notation.

A variety of methods can be applied to this process. The particular numerators and denominators involved will indicate the most efficient method for comparing two common fractions.

a) Common Denominators

If the two denominators are the same, then the sizes of the two numerators will easily indicate which fraction is larger. For example:

$$\frac{9}{12} > \frac{7}{12}$$

b) Related Denominators

If one denominator is a factor of the other, the fraction with the smaller denominator can be multiplied by the appropriate number to make the denominators the same. For example:

$$\frac{2}{3}[]\frac{5}{6}$$
 $\frac{4}{6} < \frac{5}{6}$



c) Common numerators

If the two fractions have the same numerator, then the denominators will determine which is larger. Since larger denominators indicate smaller parts, the larger fraction will have the smaller numerator. For example:

$$\frac{5}{7} > \frac{5}{8}$$

d) Improper fractions

If improper fractions are converted to mixed numbers, if one number has more wholes, this indicates it is the larger number. For example:

$$\frac{11}{3} \left[\right] \frac{9}{4}$$

$$3\frac{2}{3} > 2\frac{1}{4}$$

Other examples may be compared in the same way as for proper fractions, as in the following examples:

$$\frac{\frac{13}{5} < \frac{10}{5}}{\frac{15}{10}} \left[\begin{array}{c} \frac{15}{5} < \frac{15}{10} > \frac{16}{10} \\ \frac{11}{4} > \frac{11}{5} \end{array} \right]$$

e) Mixed numbers and improper fractions

If one number is a mixed number and the other is an improper fraction, both numbers should be converted into either form or the other.

For example, comparing $\frac{22}{6}$ and $3\frac{1}{4}$, both can be converted into mixed numbers with common denominators:

$$\frac{22}{6} = 3\frac{4}{6} = 3\frac{8}{12}$$
$$3\frac{1}{4} = 3\frac{3}{12}$$
$$\therefore \frac{22}{6} > 3\frac{1}{4}$$

Alternatively, converting both to improper fractions:

$$\frac{22}{6} = \frac{44}{12}$$
$$3\frac{1}{4} = \frac{13}{4} = \frac{39}{12}$$
$$\therefore \frac{22}{6} > 3\frac{1}{4}$$

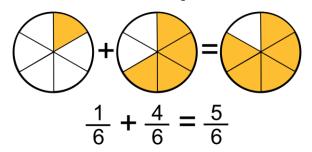
Adding Fractions

Before common fractions can be added, they should have the same denominator.

If the fractions being added already have common denominators, they may be added without converting them. For example:

$$\frac{1}{6} + \frac{4}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Students should use pictorial or physical models of simple fractions operations to see why the numerators are added, and the denominators remain the same, as "labels" for the fractions. For example:



Students will need to know how to find the Lowest Common Multiple for the relevant



denominators. For example, when adding $\frac{2}{5}$ and $\frac{3}{4'}$ students should find the multiples of 5 and 4:

Multiples of 4: 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, ... Multiples of 5: 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, ... LCM = 20

Using that information, the two fractions can be converted into equivalent fractions in twentieths:

$$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{8}{20}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{15}{20}$$

The two fractions can then be added:

$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{8}{20} + \frac{15}{20} = \frac{23}{20} = 1\frac{3}{20}$$

Common fraction addition questions may be laid out either horizontally (which for many people is the traditional method), or vertically, as in the following example.

The vertical layout connects the operation with whole-number addition, and the idea of "regrouping" can be applied to explain converting an improper fraction into a mixed number. For example:

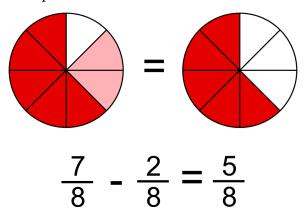
$$4\frac{4}{5} + 2\frac{3}{5} + 2\frac{7}{5} = 7\frac{2}{5}$$

Subtracting Fractions

Before common fractions can be subtracted from one another, they should have the same denominator. If the fractions involved already have common denominators, they may be processed without converting them. For example:

$$\frac{7}{8} + \frac{2}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$

As for addition, students should use pictorial or physical models of simple operations to see fractions why numerators are subtracted. and the denominators remain the same. For example:



Lowest Common Multiples again have to be identified for the relevant denominators. For example, when completing $\frac{7}{9} - \frac{1}{3'}$ students should find the multiples of 9 and 3:

Using that information, the fraction $\frac{1}{3}$ can be converted into ninths:

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{9}$$

The operation can then be carried out:

$$\frac{7}{9} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{9} - \frac{3}{9} = \frac{4}{9}$$



Common fraction subtraction questions may also be laid out either horizontally, or vertically, as in the following example.

The vertical layout connects the operation with whole-number subtraction, and the idea of "regrouping" can be applied to "making more" fractions to be subtracted. For example:

$$\begin{array}{r}
5 6 \frac{18}{8} \\
-1 \frac{3}{8} \\
4 \frac{6}{8}
\end{array}$$

Converting Decimal Fractions to Common Fractions

Students should learn to name and think of decimal fractions in terms of the final place. For example, the fraction "0.7" should be named as "seven tenths", or "zero and seven tenths". The common adult reading of this as "zero point seven" should be avoided, as it does not include the value of the place, and so is less helpful.

Similarly, decimal fractions with hundredths should be named this way: 0.46 is read as "zero and forty-six hundredths".

With this protocol in place, writing a decimal fraction using common fraction notation is not difficult, since the name of the fraction indicates the denominator. For example:

$$0.34 = \frac{34}{100}$$
$$1.87 = 1\frac{87}{100}$$

A teacher may request students to simplify the common fraction, where this is possible:

$$8.25 = 8\frac{25}{100} = 8\frac{1}{4}$$

Converting Common Fractions to Decimal Fractions

a) Denominator is 10 or 100

Where the common fraction's denominator is a power of ten, the decimal equivalent is easy for students to determine. For example:

$$\frac{35}{100} = 0.35$$

b) Denominator is a factor of 10 or 100

For denominators such as 20, 5 or 2, an equivalent fraction with a denominator of 10 or 100 can be found, which is then easily written as a decimal fraction. For example:

$$\frac{6}{25} = \frac{24}{100} = 0.24$$

c) Other denominators

Exercises in this eBook do not include more challenging examples, in which the denominator cannot be converted into tenths or hundredths. For students who are ready and capable of converting harder examples, the standard method is to divide the numerator by the denominator.

Another way to look at this method is to consider that a common fraction has the



same value as, or is another notation for, the quotient of the numerator to the denominator. For example:

$$\frac{2}{9} = 2 \div 9$$

Dividing numbers may be carried out using written methods or digital technologies, as the teacher prefers. We recommend that students learn the written procedures for all operations, as a way to better understand the operation, before using the "automatic" calculator option.

Some examples of common fractions converted to decimal notation:

$$\frac{5}{8} = 5 \div 8 = 0.625$$

$$\frac{2}{7} = 2 \div 7 = 0.288 \text{ (to 3 decimal places)}$$

$$\frac{6}{11} = 6 \div 11 = 0.\overline{54}$$



Check Up Tests Markbook

There are 4 or 5 Check Up Tests in this eBook. Enter students' scores and times below to keep track of their progress.

Student		ieck p A		neck p B		ieck p C		eck p D		ieck p E	Total	Comments
Student	U _j	p A	U	рь	U	рC	U]	рD	U	рс	Total	Comments



Student		eck p A	neck p B	ieck p C		eck p D	ieck p E	Total	Comments
Student	<u> </u>	P A	р Б	рC	O _j	<i>y</i> D	PЕ	Total	Comments





Standard Worksheets



Standard Worksheets

Standard Worksheets are designed for use by the majority of students in a regular class.

Suggested Uses:

- 1. Use one worksheet per day for four days a week, followed by a Check-Up sheet on the tenth day, once per two weeks. This program will take 10 weeks in total, after which the majority of students should know the arithmetic facts they have been practising.
- 2. Use a Checkup sheet to discover your students' strengths and weaknesses. Use a targeted approach to customize each student's program, providing each student with a selection of Standard Worksheets which match that student's needs.

Note: **Answer keys** for all worksheets are in the Answer Keys Section of this eBook.

Name: Score: Multiplying by Fractions: 1 [A]



	Х	equivalent	compar	·e	+/- mixed	adv decir	mals
Ľ	imp	o/mixed	simplify	+/-	common	decimals	revision

Multiplying Fractions by Whole Numbers:

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of $12 = 3$

- 1. Divide the whole number by the denominator:
- $\frac{1}{4} \times 12 = 12 \div 4 = 3$
- 2. If one quarter of 12 = 3, then three quarters = 9:
- $\frac{3}{4} \times 12 = (12 \div 4) \times 3 = 3 \times 3 = 9$

Multiplying unit fractions by whole numbers

- 1) $\frac{1}{9}$ of 45 =
- 6) $\frac{1}{10}$ of 10 =
- $\frac{1}{8}$ of 48 =
- 7) $\frac{1}{4}$ of 40 =
- 3) $\frac{1}{2}$ of 8 =
- 8) $\frac{1}{4}$ of 32 =
- 4) $\frac{1}{9}$ of 27 =
- 9) $\frac{1}{9}$ of 18 =
- 5) $\frac{1}{5}$ of 15 =
- $\frac{10}{7}$ of 49 =

Multiplying whole numbers by unit fractions

- 31) $28 \times \frac{1}{7} =$
- $^{36)}$ 42 × $\frac{1}{6}$ =
- $32) 5 \times \frac{1}{5} =$
- $^{37)}$ 40 × $\frac{1}{4}$ =
- 33) $16 \times \frac{1}{4} =$
- 38) 21 × $\frac{1}{3}$ =
- ³⁴⁾ 42 × $\frac{1}{7}$ =
- 39) 24 × $\frac{1}{3}$ =
- 35) 48 × $\frac{1}{8}$ =
- 40) 36 × $\frac{1}{9}$ =

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

- $\frac{11}{6}$ of 30 =
- $\frac{1}{5}$ of 25 =
- $\frac{12}{6}$ of 30 =
- $\frac{3}{5}$ of 25 =
- $\frac{1}{4}$ of 36 =
- ²³⁾ $\frac{1}{8}$ of 16 =
- ¹⁴⁾ $\frac{3}{4}$ of 36 = _____
- $\frac{5}{8}$ of 16 =
- 15) $\frac{1}{3}$ of 24 =
- $\frac{1}{6}$ of 24 =
- ¹⁶⁾ $\frac{2}{3}$ of 24 = _____
- $\frac{26}{6}$ of 24 =
- $\frac{17}{5}$ of 20 =
- $\frac{1}{5}$ of 15 =
- $\frac{3}{5}$ of 20 =
- $\frac{4}{5}$ of 15 =
- ¹⁹⁾ $\frac{1}{3}$ of 12 =
- $\frac{1}{10}$ of 90 =
- $\frac{20}{3}$ of 12 =
- $\frac{7}{10}$ of 90 = ____

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

- 41) 36 × $\frac{1}{4}$ =
- 51) 30 × $\frac{1}{6}$ =
- 42) 36 × $\frac{3}{4}$ =
- 52) 30 × $\frac{2}{6}$ =
- 43) $18 \times \frac{1}{9} =$
- 53) 54 × $\frac{1}{6}$ =
- ⁴⁴⁾ 18 × $\frac{8}{9}$ =
- ⁵⁴⁾ 54 × $\frac{3}{6}$ =
- 45) 40 × $\frac{1}{10}$ =
- ⁵⁵⁾ 63 × $\frac{1}{9}$ =
- 46) $40 \times \frac{8}{10} =$
- $^{56)}$ 63 × $\frac{4}{9}$ =
- 47) $18 \times \frac{1}{6} =$
- $^{57)}$ 25 × $\frac{1}{5}$ =
- 48) $18 \times \frac{4}{6} =$
- $^{58)}$ 25 × $\frac{4}{5}$ =
- 49) 9 × $\frac{1}{9}$ =
- ⁵⁹⁾ 32 × $\frac{1}{4}$ =
- 50) 9 × $\frac{5}{9}$ =
- 60) 32 × $\frac{3}{4}$ =

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fraction Worksheets". The recommended teaching sequence is shown in the bar at the top of this sheet.

Name: **Multiplying by Fractions:** Score: 1 [B]



Т	Х	equivalen	t compar	e +/- mixed	adv decii	mals
_	imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- common	decimals	revision

Multiplying unit fractions by whole numbers

1)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 24 =

6)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 16 =

$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 27 =

7)
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 30 =

3)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 16 =

8)
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 10 =

4)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 18 =

9)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 24 =

5)
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 42 =

$$\frac{10}{3}$$
 of 24 =

Multiplying whole numbers by unit fractions

31)
$$20 \times \frac{1}{10} =$$

$$^{36)}$$
 18 × $\frac{1}{2}$ =

32) 30 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 =

$$^{37)}$$
 30 × $\frac{1}{6}$ =

33) 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

³⁸⁾ 72 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 =

34) 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 =

³⁹⁾ 27 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 =

$$^{35)}$$
 48 × $\frac{1}{6}$ =

40) 24 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 =

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

11)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 45 =

$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 49 =

$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 of 45 =

²²⁾
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of 49 =

$$\frac{13}{4}$$
 of 16 =

$$\frac{23}{6}$$
 of 42 =

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 16 =

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of 42 =

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 40 =

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 24 =

$$\frac{8}{10}$$
 of 40 =

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 24 =

$$\frac{17}{5}$$
 of 45 =

$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of $72 =$

18)
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 of 45 =

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{6}{9}$$
 of 72 =

19)
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 80 =

$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 of 80 = ____

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of $30 =$ ____

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41) 32 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 =

$$51)$$
 35 × $\frac{1}{5}$ =

42) 32 ×
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 =

$$52)$$
 35 × $\frac{4}{5}$ =

43) 36 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 =

⁵³⁾ 63 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 =

44) 36 ×
$$\frac{6}{9}$$
 =

$$63 \times \frac{6}{7} =$$

45) 42 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 =

55) 81 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 =

⁴⁶⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 =

⁵⁶⁾ 81 ×
$$\frac{8}{9}$$
 =

$$^{47)}$$
 27 × $\frac{1}{3}$ =

$$^{57)}$$
 40 × $\frac{1}{5}$ =

48) 27 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 =

⁵⁸⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 =

49) 32 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 =

⁵⁹⁾ 63 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 =

$$^{50)}$$
 32 × $\frac{4}{8}$ = _____

60) 63 ×
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 =

Revision

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fraction Worksheets". The recommended teaching sequence is shown in the bar at the top of this sheet.

Name: **Multiplying by Fractions:** Score: 1 [C]



x equi	valent (ompare	+/- mixed	adv deci	imals
imp/mixe	ed simp	lify +/-	- common	decimals	revision

Multiplying unit fractions by whole numbers

1)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 20 =

6)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 36 =

$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 81 =

7)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 30 =

3)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 10 =

8)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 30 =

4)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 72 =

9)
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 49 =

5)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 72 =

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 40 =

Multiplying whole numbers by unit fractions

$$^{31)}$$
 30 × $\frac{1}{10}$ =

$$^{36)}$$
 20 × $\frac{1}{5}$ =

32)
$$36 \times \frac{1}{4} =$$

$$^{37)}$$
 24 × $\frac{1}{4}$ =

33)
$$18 \times \frac{1}{6} =$$

38) 40 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 =

$$^{34)}$$
 40 × $\frac{1}{10}$ =

39)
$$10 \times \frac{1}{10} =$$

35) 56 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 =

40) 48 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 =

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

¹¹⁾
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 15 =

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 20 =

12)
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of 49 =

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 20 =

$$\frac{13}{4}$$
 of 28 =

$$\frac{23}{4}$$
 of 24 =

$$\frac{14)}{10} \frac{8}{10}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{4}{10}$$
 of 10 =

15)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 27 =

$$\frac{25}{2}$$
 of 24 =

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 5 =

$$\frac{26}{4}$$
 of 12 =

$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{27}{9}$$
 of 9 =

¹⁸⁾
$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 of 40 =

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 40 =

19)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 8 =

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 49 =

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 12 =

$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 of 42 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41) 12 ×
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 =

⁵¹⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 =

42) 20 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

52) 21 ×
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 =

43)
$$27 \times \frac{4}{9} =$$

$$6 \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

44) 30 ×
$$\frac{8}{10}$$
 =

⁵⁴⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 =

45) 36 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 =

55) 21 ×
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 =

⁴⁶⁾ 6 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

⁵⁶⁾ 12 ×
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 =

$$^{47)}$$
 32 × $\frac{5}{8}$ =

$$^{57)}$$
 10 × $\frac{2}{10}$ =

48) 40 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 =

⁵⁸⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 =

49)
$$7 \times \frac{5}{7} =$$

⁵⁹⁾ 48 ×
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 =

$$^{50)}$$
 40 × $\frac{3}{10}$ =

60) 45 ×
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 =

Revision

74)
$$16 - 8 =$$

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fraction Worksheets". The recommended teaching sequence is shown in the bar at the top of this sheet.

Name: **Multiplying by Fractions:** Score: 1 [D]



	Х	equivalent	compa	re	+/- mixed	adv decir	nals
ľ	im	o/mixed	simplify	+/-	common	decimals	revision

Multiplying unit fractions by whole numbers

1)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 18 =

6)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 10 =

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 21 =

7)
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 10 =

3)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 36 =

8)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 64 =

4)
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 49 =

9)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 54 =

$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{10}{8}$$
 of 56 =

Multiplying whole numbers by unit fractions

$$\frac{31}{5} \times \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$^{36)}$$
 35 × $\frac{1}{5}$ =

32) 81 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 =

$$^{37)}$$
 18 × $\frac{1}{6}$ =

33)
$$28 \times \frac{1}{4} =$$

³⁸⁾ 72 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 =

$$^{34)}$$
 18 × $\frac{1}{2}$ =

39) 42 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 =

35) 49 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 =

40) 63 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 =

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 of 16 =

$$\frac{21}{7}$$
 of 7 =

$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 of 10 =

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 16 =

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of 24 =

$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of 35 =

$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 of 18 =

$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of 14 =

$$\frac{3}{10}$$
 of 40 =

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 16 =

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 21 =

$$\frac{8}{9}$$
 of 45 =

$$\frac{17}{3}$$
 of 18 =

$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 of 16 =

¹⁸⁾
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 of 20 =

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{4}{8}$$
 of 8 =

19)
$$\frac{2}{8}$$
 of 32 =

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 of 35 =

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 35 =

$$\frac{4}{10}$$
 of 10 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41) 9 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 =

$$51) 9 \times \frac{4}{9} =$$

42) 12 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

⁵²⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 =

43) 10 ×
$$\frac{2}{10}$$
 =

⁵³⁾ 32 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 =

44) 20 ×
$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 =

⁵⁴⁾ 15 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 =

45) 15 ×
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 =

$$55)$$
 9 × $\frac{2}{3}$ =

46) 40 ×
$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 =

⁵⁶⁾ 32 ×
$$\frac{2}{8}$$
 =

47) 48 ×
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 =

$$^{57)}$$
 27 × $\frac{1}{9}$ =

48) 40 ×
$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 =

58) 10 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

⁴⁹⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 =

⁵⁹⁾ 35 ×
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 =

$$50)$$
 5 × $\frac{2}{5}$ =

60) 30 ×
$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 =

Revision

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fraction Worksheets". The recommended teaching sequence is shown in the bar at the top of this sheet.

Name: Score: **Improper and Mixed Numbers:** 2 [A]



equivalent +/- mixed adv decimals compare imp/mixed simplify +/- common decimals revision

Converting Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions:

- The denominator shows how many fractional parts are in one whole.
- Multiply that denominator by the whole number.
- Add that to the number of fractional parts (numerator).
- Together they tell you the numerator in the improper fraction.

 $2\frac{3}{5}$ each whole has 5 fifths so 2 wholes are 2x5 fifths or 10 fifths then add in the 3 fifths

$$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$
 or $(2 \times \frac{5}{5}) + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$

$$(2 \times \frac{5}{5}) + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$

Mixed numbers to improper fractions

1)
$$1\frac{3}{4}$$
 =

$$5\frac{5}{6} =$$

11)
$$3\frac{4}{8} = -$$

16)
$$3\frac{2}{5} = -$$

2)
$$3\frac{2}{6} =$$

7)
$$6\frac{1}{2} = -$$

12)
$$1\frac{4}{7} =$$

17)
$$4\frac{1}{5} =$$
 —

3)
$$4\frac{1}{3} =$$

8)
$$2\frac{2}{3} = -$$

13)
$$6\frac{1}{4} = -$$

18)
$$5\frac{1}{2} = -$$

4)
$$1\frac{4}{5} =$$
 —

9)
$$1\frac{2}{4} = -$$

14)
$$2\frac{1}{5} = -$$

19)
$$2\frac{3}{4} = -$$

$$^{5)}$$
 $2\frac{2}{4} =$ ____

10)
$$3\frac{2}{5} =$$

15)
$$4\frac{3}{4} = -$$

$$4\frac{2}{4} = -$$

Converting Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers:

- The denominator shows how many fractional parts are in one whole.
- Divide the numerator (top number) by the denominator.
- Write the whole number answer.
- Then write the remainder as the numerator above the denominator.

 $11 \div 4 = 2$ remainder 3 so the mixed number is

Remember the fraction is in quarters so your remainder is a number of quarters.

Improper fractions to mixed numbers

$$\frac{11}{4} =$$

$$\frac{13}{5} = \underline{}$$

$$\frac{14}{3} =$$

$$\frac{8}{3} =$$
 _ _

$$\frac{14}{3} =$$

$$\frac{15}{4} =$$

$$\frac{5}{2} =$$

$$\frac{13}{4} = -$$

$$\frac{11}{5} = \underline{}$$

$$\frac{7}{3} = -$$

$$\frac{11}{2} = -$$

$$\frac{16}{5} =$$

$$\frac{12}{5} =$$

$$\frac{10}{4} =$$

$$\frac{17}{5} = -$$

$$\frac{19}{5} = \underline{}$$

$$\frac{18}{4} = \underline{}$$

$$\frac{19}{4} = -$$

$$\frac{40}{6} =$$
 —

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fractions Worksheets". The recommended teaching sequence is shown in the bar at the top of this sheet.

2 [B]

Score: Name:

Improper and Mixed Numbers:



+/- mixed adv decimals equivalent compare imp/mixed simplify +/- common decimals revision

Converting Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions:

Sometimes there is only a whole number to be converted to an improper fraction.

 $2=rac{?}{3}$ each whole has 3 thirds so 2 wholes are 2x3 thirds or 6 thirds There are no extra thirds to add.

$$\frac{3}{3} + \frac{3}{3} = \frac{6}{3}$$
 or $2 \times \frac{3}{3} = \frac{6}{3}$

Mixed numbers to improper fractions

1)
$$5\frac{2}{6} =$$
 ___ 6)

$$3=\overline{5}$$

$$3\frac{2}{6} =$$

$$3\frac{2}{5} =$$

$$2) \quad 4 = \frac{5}{5}$$

$$3\frac{2}{5} =$$
 _ _

$$\mathbf{1} = \underline{}$$

$$4 = \frac{1}{5}$$
 7) $3\frac{2}{5} = \frac{1}{2}$ 12) $1 = \frac{1}{4}$ 17) $4\frac{4}{5} = \frac{1}{2}$

3)
$$2\frac{3}{4} =$$

$$2 = \overline{8}$$

3)
$$5\frac{1}{3} =$$

$$2\frac{3}{4} =$$
 ___ 8) $2 =$ _ $\overline{8}$ 13) $5\frac{1}{3} =$ ___ 18) $2\frac{2}{4} =$ ___

4)
$$1\frac{4}{5} =$$

9)
$$5\frac{1}{2} = -$$

$$1\frac{4}{5} =$$
 ___ 9) $5\frac{1}{2} =$ ___ 14) $2\frac{1}{5} =$ ___ 19) $6 = \frac{1}{3}$

19)
$$6 = \frac{1}{3}$$

5)
$$4\frac{2}{4} =$$

$$4\frac{2}{4} =$$
 ____ 10) $1\frac{4}{7} =$ ____

15)
$$4\frac{3}{4} =$$

20)
$$1\frac{3}{4} =$$

Converting Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers:

Sometimes when the numerator is divided by the denominator there are no remainders and so the answer is a whole number only.

12 12 ÷ 4 = 3 with no remainder so the answer is 3

Improper fractions to mixed numbers

21)
$$\frac{15}{3} =$$

26)
$$\frac{15}{4} =$$
 —

31)
$$\frac{12}{5} =$$

36)
$$\frac{16}{5}$$
 = —

22)
$$\frac{8}{3} =$$

27)
$$\frac{24}{4}$$
 =

32)
$$\frac{17}{5} = -$$

37)
$$\frac{13}{4} = -$$

$$\frac{10}{5} =$$

28)
$$\frac{8}{2}$$
 =

33)
$$\frac{18}{4}$$
 = ___

38)
$$\frac{14}{3} =$$

$$\frac{11}{2} =$$

29)
$$\frac{14}{6}$$
 = ____

$$\frac{13}{5} =$$

39)
$$\frac{16}{4}$$
 =

$$\frac{10}{3} =$$

$$\frac{21}{3} =$$

40)
$$\frac{21}{5} =$$

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fractions Worksheets". The recommended teaching sequence is shown in the bar at the top of this sheet.

Name: Score: Improper and Mixed Numbers:

2 [C]



equivalent compare +/- mixed adv decimals imp/mixed simplify +/- common decimals revision

Converting Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions:

Remember:

$$2\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$
 or $(2 \times \frac{5}{5}) + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$

Mixed numbers to improper fractions

1)
$$3\frac{1}{5} =$$

6)
$$5 = \frac{7}{4}$$
 11) $3\frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{1}$

16)
$$5\frac{2}{3} =$$

$$9 = \frac{5}{5}$$

$$_{7)}$$
 $6\frac{2}{5} =$ ____

$$8 = \overline{4}$$

$$_{2)}$$
 $9 = _{\frac{1}{5}}$ $_{7)}$ $6 \frac{2}{5} = _{12)}$ $8 = _{\frac{1}{4}}$ $_{17)}$ $5 \frac{1}{2} = _{17}$

3)
$$4\frac{4}{5} =$$
 8) $2 =$ 8) $2 =$ 13) $4\frac{3}{4} =$ 18) $2\frac{2}{4} =$ ____

$$2 = \overline{8}$$

13)
$$4\frac{3}{4} =$$

18)
$$2\frac{2}{4} =$$

4)
$$1\frac{4}{5} =$$

$$1\frac{4}{5} =$$
 9) $2\frac{3}{4} =$ ____

14)
$$2\frac{1}{6} =$$

19)
$$6 = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$1\frac{4}{7} =$$

$$1\frac{4}{7} =$$
 ____ 10) $4\frac{2}{7} =$ ____

15)
$$6\frac{1}{2} =$$

20)
$$1\frac{3}{4} =$$

Converting Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers:

Remember:

11 \div 4 = 2 remainder 3 so the mixed number is

Improper fractions to mixed numbers

21)
$$\frac{13}{3} =$$

26)
$$\frac{13}{5} =$$

$$\frac{17}{5} =$$

36)
$$\frac{16}{5} =$$

22)
$$\frac{7}{5} =$$

27)
$$\frac{24}{4} =$$

$$\frac{14}{6} =$$

37)
$$\frac{13}{4} =$$

23)
$$\frac{10}{4}$$
 =

28)
$$\frac{10}{2}$$
 = _____

$$\frac{10}{7} =$$

38)
$$\frac{14}{3}$$
 =

24)
$$\frac{11}{6} =$$

29)
$$\frac{18}{4}$$
 =

39)
$$\frac{11}{5}$$
 =

$$\frac{10}{5} =$$

30)
$$\frac{21}{3} =$$

$$\frac{15}{6} =$$

Revision

$$54) 8 - 4 =$$

59)
$$5 - 3 =$$

45)
$$6 + 4 =$$

60)
$$8 - 3 =$$

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fractions Worksheets". The recommended teaching sequence is shown in the bar at the top of this sheet.

2 [D]

Name: Score: **Improper and Mixed Numbers:**



compare +/- mixed adv decimals equivalent imp/mixed simplify +/- common decimals revision

Converting Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions:

Remember:

$$2\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$
 or $(2 \times \frac{5}{5}) + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$

Mixed numbers to improper fractions

$$6\frac{2}{3} =$$

$$\mathbf{o} = \overline{\frac{6}{6}}$$

$$^{9}3\frac{2}{10}=$$

$$10\frac{2}{6} =$$

$$7=_{\overline{5}}$$

$$3\frac{2}{5} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$4\frac{10}{10} =$$

$$4 = \overline{8}$$

$$8\frac{1}{9} =$$

$$\frac{5}{6} =$$

8

$$4\frac{4}{9} = _{-}$$

$$10\frac{1}{2}$$

$$0^{\frac{1}{2}} =$$

20)

$$1\frac{3}{6} =$$

Converting Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers:

Remember:

11 11 ÷ 4 = 2 with a remainder of 3 so the mixed number is

Improper fractions to mixed numbers

21)
$$\frac{14}{3} =$$

26)
$$\frac{17}{5}$$
 =

31)
$$\frac{12}{5} =$$

$$\frac{13}{5} =$$

$$\frac{8}{4} = \frac{}{}$$

27)
$$\frac{12}{4}$$
 =

32)
$$\frac{18}{4}$$
 =

$$\frac{13}{4} = \frac{13}{1}$$

$$\frac{10}{5} =$$

$$\frac{8}{2} =$$

$$\frac{16}{5} =$$

$$\frac{16}{3} =$$

$$\frac{15}{4} =$$

$$\frac{11}{3} =$$

$$\frac{24}{5} =$$

$$\frac{16}{4} =$$

$$\frac{19}{3} =$$

$$\frac{10}{6} =$$

$$\frac{10}{4} =$$

$$\frac{11}{2} =$$

Revision

56)
$$8 - 2 =$$

$$54) 9 - 7 =$$

60)
$$10 - 0 =$$

Equivalent Fractions: Name: Score: 3 [A]



Х	equivaler	t compa	re	+/- mixed	adv d	lecimals	
imp/n	nixed	simplify	+/- co	mmon	decimals	revision	

Equivalent Fractions:

Equivalent fractions represent the same amount even though they have different numerators and denominators.

For example: $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{4}{8}$

To make an equivalent fraction you have to multiply or divide the numerator and denominator by the same number.

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2 \times 3}{3 \times 3} = \frac{6}{9}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2 \times 3}{3 \times 3} = \frac{6}{9}$$
 $\frac{15}{25} = \frac{15 \div 5}{25 \div 5} = \frac{3}{5}$

Equivalent Fractions

1)
$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{}$$

$$\frac{6}{5} = \frac{10}{25}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{36}{36}$$

$$^{16)}$$
 $\frac{4}{36}$ = $\frac{24}{36}$

$$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{6}{}$$

$$\frac{7}{1} = \frac{9}{27}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{35}{6}$$

$$\frac{3}{8} = \frac{30}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = \frac{6}{8}$$

$$\frac{3}{8} = \frac{3}{16}$$

$$\frac{18)}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{4}{2} = \frac{14}{56}$$

9)
$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{15}{15}$$

$$\frac{14}{4} = \frac{7}{4}$$

$$\frac{19)}{1} = \frac{7}{14}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{9}{1}$$

$$^{10)} \frac{4}{} = \frac{28}{35}$$

$$\frac{15)}{8} = \frac{28}{56}$$

$$\frac{20}{1} = \frac{6}{30}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{21}{9}$$
 of 81 = $\frac{26}{6}$ of 30 =

²²⁾
$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 of 81 = $\frac{27}{6}$ of 30 =

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 50 = $\frac{28}{6}$ of 54 =

$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 of 50 = $\frac{29}{4}$ of 36 =

²⁵⁾
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 18 = _____ ³⁰⁾ $\frac{3}{4}$ of 36 = ____

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$^{31)}$$
 35 × $\frac{1}{7}$ = $^{36)}$ 32 × $\frac{2}{4}$ =

32) 35 ×
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 = 37) 24 × $\frac{3}{4}$ =

33) 8 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 38) 10 × $\frac{1}{10}$ =

34)
$$27 \times \frac{1}{3} =$$
 39) $36 \times \frac{7}{9} =$

35)
$$28 \times \frac{3}{4} =$$
 40) $6 \times \frac{5}{6} =$

Revision

$$43) 8 + 7 = 48) 9 + 8 =$$

$$44) 9 + 7 = 49) 9 + 9 =$$

$$45) 5 + 8 =$$

Equivalent Fractions: Name: Score: 3 [B]



x equivale	ent comp	are +/- m	ixed adv	decimals
imp/mixed	simplify	+/- common	decimals	revision

Equivalent fractions

1)
$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{-6}{4} = \frac{8}{32}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{7}{28}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} = \frac{5}{40}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{2}{}$$

6)
$$\frac{4}{16} = \frac{8}{16}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = \frac{30}{50}$$

8)
$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{30}{12}$$

9)
$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{6}{}$$

$$\frac{10}{1} = \frac{6}{18}$$

$$\frac{11}{3} = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$\frac{12)}{1} = \frac{9}{36}$$

$$\frac{13)}{2} = \frac{1}{14}$$

$$\frac{14)}{4} = \frac{1}{40}$$

$$\frac{15)}{5} = \frac{3}{25}$$

$$\frac{16}{2} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{17}{5} = \frac{6}{10}$$

$$\frac{18}{6} = \frac{3}{24}$$

$$\frac{19}{4} = \frac{18}{4}$$

$$\frac{20}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 36 =

$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 35 =

$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 of 36 =

$$\frac{27}{7}$$
 of 35 =

$$\frac{23}{6}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 32 =

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of 30 =

$$^{29)} \frac{4}{8}$$
 of 32 =

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 18 =

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 16 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

31)
$$12 \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$^{36)}$$
 40 × $\frac{1}{5}$ =

32)
$$45 \times \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$^{37)}$$
 40 × $\frac{3}{5}$ =

33) 45 ×
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 =

38) 35 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 =

$$^{34)}$$
 32 × $\frac{1}{4}$ =

39) 35 ×
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 = _____

35) 32 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 =

40) 32 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 =

Revision

$$41) 5 + 8 =$$

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

61)
$$\frac{10}{4}$$
 =

65)
$$\frac{52}{10} =$$

62)
$$\frac{36}{6} =$$

66)
$$\frac{17}{6}$$
 =

63)
$$\frac{15}{8}$$
 =

67)
$$\frac{22}{9} =$$

64)
$$\frac{35}{9} =$$

68)
$$\frac{34}{9}$$
 =

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$2\frac{3}{5} =$$

73)
$$7\frac{7}{10} =$$

$$8 = \frac{10}{10}$$
 74)

$$6\frac{2}{3} =$$

$$4\frac{1}{6} =$$

$$9\frac{2}{10} =$$

$$\frac{34}{8} =$$

$$3\frac{8}{10} =$$

Equivalent Fractions: Name: Score: 3 [C]



Х	equivalen	t compa	ire	+/- mixed	adv de	cimals	
imp/m	nixed	simplify	+/- cor	mmon	decimals	revision	

Equivalent Fractions

$$\frac{3}{3} = \frac{18}{30}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{18}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = \frac{8}{16}$$

4)
$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{16}{3}$$

$$\frac{5}{4} = \frac{12}{24}$$

6)
$$\frac{5}{16} = \frac{10}{16}$$

$$\frac{7}{4} = \frac{18}{24}$$

$$\frac{8}{5} = \frac{8}{20}$$

9)
$$\frac{5}{1} = \frac{30}{48}$$

$$\frac{10}{6} = \frac{3}{54}$$

$$\frac{11}{2} = \frac{6}{}$$

$$\frac{12)}{4} = \frac{4}{4}$$

$$\frac{13)}{5} = \frac{7}{35}$$

$$\frac{14)}{6} = \frac{4}{12}$$

$$\frac{15}{3} = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{16)}{2} = \frac{8}{16}$$

$$\frac{17}{5} = \frac{36}{45}$$

$$\frac{18)}{5} = \frac{2}{15}$$

$$\frac{19}{5} = \frac{15}{5}$$

$$\frac{20}{6} = \frac{12}{24}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of 28 =

$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 of 45 =

²²⁾
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 21 =

$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 of 56 =

$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 of 40 =

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 32 =

$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 48 =

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of 12 =

$$\frac{30}{4}$$
 of 20 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

31) 30 ×
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 =

$$^{36)}$$
 42 × $\frac{4}{7}$ =

32) 21 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 =

$$^{37)}$$
 32 × $\frac{5}{8}$ =

33) 24 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 =

38) 40 ×
$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 =

$$^{34)}$$
 30 × $\frac{4}{6}$ =

³⁹⁾ 27 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 =

$$^{35)}$$
 7 × $\frac{6}{7}$ =

40) 16 ×
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 =

Revision

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

61)
$$\frac{12}{8}$$
 =

65)
$$\frac{18}{10} =$$

62)
$$\frac{18}{3} =$$

66)
$$\frac{13}{6} =$$

63)
$$\frac{11}{3}$$
 =

67)
$$\frac{17}{9}$$
 =

64)
$$\frac{25}{8}$$
 =

68)
$$\frac{14}{3}$$
 =

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$2\frac{3}{7} =$$

73)
$$4\frac{9}{10} =$$

$$1\frac{3}{5} =$$

$$4\frac{1}{4} =$$

$$6\frac{5}{10} =$$

$$\frac{25}{8} = 68) \frac{14}{3} =$$

$$3\frac{1}{5} =$$

Equivalent Fractions: Name: Score: 3 [D]



Х	equivalen	t compa	re +	/– mixed	adv d	ecimals
imp/n	nixed	simplify	+/- com	mon	decimals	revision

Equivalent Fractions

1)
$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{24}{8}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = \frac{30}{60}$$

$$\frac{5}{2} = \frac{7}{14}$$

$$\frac{6}{6} = \frac{5}{30}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} = \frac{24}{48}$$

$$\frac{8}{4} = \frac{24}{32}$$

9)
$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{35}$$

$$\frac{10}{2} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\frac{11)}{8} = \frac{28}{32}$$

$$\frac{12)}{5} = \frac{4}{25}$$

$$\frac{13)}{5} = \frac{4}{50}$$

$$\frac{14)}{4} = \frac{12}{24}$$

$$\frac{15}{5} = \frac{7}{5}$$

$$^{16)} \frac{1}{} = \frac{8}{40}$$

$$\frac{17}{3} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{18)}{5} = \frac{20}{32}$$

$$\frac{19}{5} = \frac{1}{30}$$

$$\frac{20}{6} = \frac{2}{36}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{7}{8}$$
 of 48 =

$$\frac{26}{5}$$
 of 25 =

$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 of 36 =

$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of 21 =

$$\frac{23}{7}$$
 of 14 =

$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 45 = ____

$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 of 16 = ____

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 of 42 =

$$\frac{3}{10}$$
 of 10 =

$$\frac{8}{9}$$
 of 81 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

31)
$$12 \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$^{36)}$$
 21 × $\frac{5}{7}$ =

32) 36 ×
$$\frac{7}{9}$$
 =

$$^{37)}$$
 72 × $\frac{4}{9}$ = ___

33)
$$18 \times \frac{2}{6} =$$

³⁸⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 =

34) 12 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

39) 40 ×
$$\frac{3}{10}$$
 =

$$^{35)}$$
 64 × $\frac{3}{8}$ = ____

40) 10 ×
$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 =

Revision

$$41) 8 + 5 = 46) 9 + 2 =$$

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

61)
$$\frac{12}{5} =$$

65)
$$\frac{13}{3} =$$

62)
$$\frac{12}{6} =$$

66)
$$\frac{14}{3}$$
 =

63)
$$\frac{12}{8}$$
 =

67)
$$\frac{21}{9}$$
 =

64)
$$\frac{24}{9} =$$

68)
$$\frac{11}{8}$$
 =

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$4\frac{1}{3} =$$

73)
$$1\frac{1}{5} =$$

$$5 = \frac{}{5}$$
 74)

$$6\frac{6}{10} =$$

71)
$$5\frac{2}{10} =$$

$$2\frac{3}{12} =$$

$$3\frac{1}{3} =$$

Name: **Simplifying Fractions:** Score: 4 [A]



х	equivale	ent con	npare	+/– mixed	adv de	ecimals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/_	common	decimals	revision

Simplifying Fractions:

Simplifying a fraction means to make an equivalent fraction which has numbers as small as possible. To do this, find the equivalent fraction with the smallest numbers. This means dividing the numerator and denominator with common factors.

For example:

In some cases a fraction can be simplified even further if you look harder. $\frac{6}{12}$ $\frac{3}{6}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{3}{9} =$$

$$\frac{9}{12} =$$

$$\frac{6}{18} =$$

$$\frac{16)}{18} =$$

$$\frac{20}{25}$$
 =

$$\frac{12}{30} =$$

$$\frac{12)}{15} =$$

$$\frac{17)}{36} =$$

$$\frac{3}{12} =$$

$$\frac{24}{30} =$$

$$\frac{3}{12} =$$

$$\frac{18)}{15} =$$

$$\frac{10}{12} =$$

9)
$$\frac{18}{24}$$
 =

$$\frac{14)}{10} =$$

$$\frac{19)}{30} =$$

$$\frac{18}{27} =$$

$$\frac{10)}{24} =$$

$$\frac{15)}{30} =$$

$$\frac{20)}{16} =$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{21}{5}$$
 of 20 =

$$\frac{26}{9}$$
 of 45 =

$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 of 20 =

$$\frac{6}{7}$$
 of 21 =

$$\frac{23}{3}$$
 of 27 =

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 of 14 =

$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of 35 =

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of 40 =

$$\frac{25}{3}$$
 of 6 =

$$\frac{2}{9}$$
 of 18 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$^{31)}$$
 27 × $\frac{7}{9}$ =

$$^{36)}$$
 27 × $\frac{8}{9}$ =

$$^{32)}$$
 6 × $\frac{5}{6}$ =

$$^{37)}$$
 45 × $\frac{5}{9}$ =

33) 36 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 =

38) 9 ×
$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 =

$$^{34)}$$
 20 × $\frac{7}{10}$ =

$$^{(9)}$$
 32 × $\frac{1}{8}$ =

$$^{35)}$$
 15 × $\frac{2}{3}$ =

40) 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

Revision

Name: **Simplifying Fractions:** Score: 4 [B]



x equiva	lent com	pare	+/- mixed	adv dec	imals
imp/mixed	simplify	+/- co	mmon	decimals	revision

Simplifying Improper Fractions:

First simplify the improper fraction. This makes the numbers smaller to work with. Then turn the improper fraction into a mixed number.

For example:

$$\frac{55}{80} \frac{11}{6} = 1\frac{5}{6}$$

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{42}{20} =$$

$$\frac{7}{15} = \frac{42}{15}$$

$$\frac{36}{32} =$$

$$\frac{19)}{10} = \frac{35}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\frac{20}{12} =$$

$$\frac{14)}{6} =$$

$$\frac{6}{18} =$$

3)
$$\frac{5}{2}$$
 =

9)
$$\frac{15}{6}$$
 =

$$\frac{15)}{18} =$$

$$\frac{21)}{36} =$$

$$\frac{4)}{6} =$$

$$\frac{10}{12} =$$

$$\frac{16)}{25} =$$

$$\frac{12}{16} =$$

$$\frac{60}{30} =$$

$$\frac{11)}{10} = \frac{25}{10} = \frac{11}{10}$$

$$\frac{17)}{15} =$$

$$\frac{23)}{12} =$$

$$\frac{40}{32} =$$

$$\frac{12)}{12} =$$

$$\frac{18)}{12} =$$

$$\frac{24}{6} =$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of 35 =

$$\frac{6}{9}$$
 of 9 =

²⁶⁾
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 12 =

$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 of 40 =

27)
$$\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 6 =

$$\frac{4}{10}$$
 of 10 =

$$\frac{33}{4}$$
 of 32 =

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 36 =

$$\frac{34}{3}$$
 of 18 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$^{35)}$$
 40 × $\frac{8}{10}$ =

40) 4 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

$$^{36)}$$
 30 × $\frac{3}{10}$ =

41) 40 ×
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 =

$$^{37)}$$
 24 × $\frac{2}{3}$ =

42) 6 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

³⁸⁾ 16 ×
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 =

43) 32 ×
$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 =

39) 12 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 =

44) 14 ×
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 =

Revision

63)
$$7 - 5 =$$

Simplifying Fractions: Name: Score: 4 [C]



	equivale			+/- mixed	adv deci	mals	
imp/r	mixed [simplify	+/- co	mmon	decimals	revision	

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{1}{9} = \frac{15}{9}$$

$$\frac{55}{40} =$$

$$\frac{11)}{18} =$$

$$\frac{16)}{9} =$$

$$\frac{55}{50} =$$

$$\frac{15}{12} =$$

$$\frac{10}{25} =$$

$$\frac{17)}{6} =$$

3)
$$\frac{28}{12} =$$

$$\frac{56}{32} =$$

$$\frac{13)}{8} =$$

8)
$$\frac{18}{12}$$
 =

$$\frac{42}{18} =$$

9)
$$\frac{24}{30}$$
 =

$$\frac{14)}{16} =$$

$$\frac{19)}{12} =$$

$$\frac{15}{24} =$$

$$\frac{10)}{8} =$$

$$\frac{15)}{15} =$$

$$\frac{20)}{15} =$$

Equivalent Fractions

$$\frac{21}{8} = \frac{12}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{6}{}$$

$$\frac{5}{29} = \frac{40}{48}$$

$$\frac{33}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{26}{2} = \frac{16}{32}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{5}{}$$

$$\frac{34)}{2} = \frac{4}{10}$$

$$\frac{23}{4} = \frac{2}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{31}{6} = \frac{20}{6}$$

$$\frac{35}{6} = \frac{2}{54}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{2}$$

$$\frac{32}{1} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{36}{1} = \frac{10}{20}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 27 =

$$\frac{41}{3}$$
 of 18 =

$$\frac{38}{7}$$
 of 21 =

$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 of 24 =

$$\frac{39}{5}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{43}{3}$$
 of 15 =

40)
$$\frac{7}{8}$$
 of 40 =

44)
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of 15 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

45) 27 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 =

$$^{49)}$$
 15 × $\frac{1}{3}$ =

46)
$$18 \times \frac{5}{9} =$$

$$50)$$
 20 × $\frac{3}{10}$ =

47) 30 ×
$$\frac{2}{10}$$
 = _____

⁵¹⁾ 16 ×
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 =

⁴⁸⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 =

⁵²⁾ 45 ×
$$\frac{8}{9}$$
 =

Revision

61)
$$10 - 1 =$$

Name: **Simplifying Fractions:** Score: 4 [D]



x equivale	ent comp	are +/– mix	ed adv de	cimals
imp/mixed	simplify	+/- common	decimals	revision

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{1}{8} =$$

6)
$$\frac{45}{40}$$
 =

¹¹⁾
$$\frac{18}{15} =$$

$$\frac{16}{24} =$$

$$\frac{2}{32} =$$

$$\frac{28}{24} =$$

$$\frac{32}{24} =$$

$$\frac{80}{40} =$$

$$\frac{12}{16} =$$

$$\frac{8}{20} =$$

$$\frac{13)}{18} =$$

$$\frac{18)}{8} =$$

$$\frac{6}{20} =$$

$$\frac{16}{8} =$$

$$\frac{14)}{48} =$$

$$\frac{19)}{12} =$$

$$\frac{25}{15} =$$

$$\frac{6}{36} =$$

$$\frac{15)}{24} =$$

$$\frac{20}{20} = \frac{40}{20}$$

Equivalent Fractions

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{25)}{4} = \frac{6}{24}$$

$$\frac{1}{29} = \frac{4}{12}$$

$$\frac{33)}{4} = \frac{7}{}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{10}{30}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} = \frac{8}{}$$

$$\frac{30}{6} = \frac{2}{12}$$

$$\frac{34)}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{23}{6} = \frac{30}{60}$$

$$\frac{27}{5} = \frac{10}{5}$$

$$\frac{31)}{4} = \frac{4}{}$$

$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{20}{6}$$

$$\frac{24}{4} = \frac{14}{4}$$

$$\frac{28}{8} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\frac{32)}{5} = \frac{18}{45}$$

$$\frac{36}{7} = \frac{21}{24}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 16 =

$$\frac{41}{7}$$
 of 7 =

$$\frac{38}{7}$$
 of 21 =

42)
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of 14 =

$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 of 30 = $\frac{43}{2}$ of 12 =

43)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 12 =

$$^{40)} \frac{3}{8} \text{ of } 8 =$$

44)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 36 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

45)
$$18 \times \frac{1}{6} =$$

49)
$$7 \times \frac{1}{7} =$$

46) 20 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

$$50)$$
 9 × $\frac{4}{9}$ =

47)
$$36 \times \frac{3}{4} =$$
 51) $30 \times \frac{8}{10} =$

$$^{51)}$$
 30 × $\frac{8}{10}$ =

48) 10 ×
$$\frac{3}{10}$$
 =

⁵²⁾ 35 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 =

Revision

Name: **Comparing Fractions:** Score: 5 [A]



x equivalent	compare	+/- mixed	adv decin	mals
imp/mixed s	implify +/-	common	decimals	revision

 $\frac{3}{4} > \frac{2}{4}$

Comparing Fractions:

- 1) Fractions with the same denominants are easy to compare: the numerator tells you which fraction is larger:
- 2) When the denominactres are different, find equivalent fractions with the same denominator (the Lowest Common Denominator)
- 3) Sometimes both fractions need changing to make the denominators

the same:	
Or	

4) Think of the size of the fraction. Is it smaller than a half?... or larger? Is it near a whole?... or nearer zero? Where does this fraction sit on a number line compared to the other fraction?

1	/	7
4		8

 $\frac{3}{4}$ $\boxed{}$ $\frac{7}{8}$ $\frac{6}{8}$ $\frac{\cancel{3}}{\cancel{4}}$ $< \frac{7}{8}$

 $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{9}{12}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $<\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{10}{12}$

Insert <, > or =

- 6) $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
- 11) $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{3}{6}$
- 16) $\frac{4}{6}$ ____ $\frac{1}{6}$

- 7) $\frac{7}{8}$ ____ $\frac{3}{8}$

- 12) $\frac{11}{15}$ $\frac{4}{5}$
- 17) $\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{6}{10}$

- 13) $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{6}$

- 14) $\frac{2}{3} \frac{4}{6}$

- 10) $\frac{2}{5}$ ____ $\frac{3}{10}$

Equivalent fractions

- $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{9}{1} = \frac{3}{1}$
- $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{25} = \frac{10}{25}$
- $^{27)} \frac{7}{8} = \frac{7}{40} = \frac{7}{80}$
- $\frac{7}{8} = \frac{7}{32} = \frac{16}{16}$

- $\frac{22}{3} = \frac{18}{3} = \frac{6}{3}$
- $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{7}{1} = \frac{8}{1}$
- $\frac{28)}{2} = \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{12}$
- $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$

- $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{24} = \frac{2}{3}$
- $\frac{5}{6} = \frac{30}{10} = \frac{40}{10}$
- $\frac{29}{8} = \frac{18}{16} = \frac{16}{16}$
- $\frac{32)}{6} = \frac{4}{54} = \frac{24}{24}$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

- $\frac{3}{4}$ of 20 =
- $\frac{37}{4}$ of 32 =
- $\frac{34}{9}$ of 36 =
- $\frac{8}{10}$ of 10 =
- $\frac{2}{10}$ of 20 =
- $\frac{39}{5}$ of 45 =
- $\frac{36}{4}$ of 36 =
- $\frac{3}{6}$ of 24 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions 45) 30 × $\frac{7}{10}$ =

- 41) $18 \times \frac{2}{6} =$
- 42) 12 × $\frac{2}{3}$ = 46) 21 × $\frac{1}{7}$ =
- - 47) 48 × $\frac{3}{8}$ =
- 44) 36 $\times \frac{6}{9} =$
- 48) 50 × $\frac{7}{10}$ =

Comparing Fractions: Name: Score: 5 [B]



Х	equivaler	nt [compare	+/– mixe	ed adv o	lecimals
imp/n	nixed	simp	lify +/-	common	decimals	revision

Comparing Fractions with the Same Numerator:

Use your knowledge of fractions to make comparing them easier.

When the numerators are the same, the denominator tells you which fraction is larger. For example, quarters/fourths are larger than fifths, so:

$$\frac{3}{4} > \frac{3}{5}$$

Insert <, > or =

1)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 $\frac{1}{3}$

6)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 ___ $\frac{2}{4}$

16)
$$\frac{2}{6} - \frac{2}{3}$$

2)
$$\frac{2}{8}$$
 $\frac{2}{3}$

7)
$$\frac{2}{8}$$
 $\frac{2}{3}$

12)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 $\frac{2}{4}$

17)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 $\frac{2}{5}$

3)
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 — $\frac{1}{8}$

8)
$$\frac{7}{8}$$
 $\frac{7}{10}$

13)
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 $\frac{6}{12}$

18)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 ___ $\frac{1}{6}$

4)
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 $\frac{4}{8}$

9)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 $\frac{4}{8}$

$$\frac{14)}{10} \frac{4}{5}$$

19)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 ___ $\frac{1}{6}$

5)
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 $\frac{2}{5}$

10)
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 $\frac{2}{8}$

15)
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 $\frac{3}{4}$

$$\frac{20}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$$

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{21}{16} = \frac{24}{16}$$

$$\frac{24)}{20} =$$

$$\frac{27}{10} = \frac{25}{10} = \frac{25}{10}$$

$$\frac{30)}{18} =$$

$$\frac{22)}{12} =$$

$$\frac{16}{10} =$$

$$\frac{28}{16} =$$

$$\frac{31)}{32} =$$

$$\frac{23)}{6} =$$

$$\frac{26)}{12} =$$

$$\frac{29}{8} =$$

$$\frac{50}{30} =$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 of 16 =

$$\frac{37}{4}$$
 of 8 =

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 20 =

$$\frac{38}{8}$$
 of 8 =

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 15 =

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 24 =

$$\frac{36}{9}$$
 of 9 =

40)
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 28 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41) 24 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 =

45) 40 ×
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 =

42)
$$10 \times \frac{6}{10} =$$

46) 35 ×
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 =

43)
$$40 \times \frac{1}{5} =$$

47)
$$10 \times \frac{6}{10} =$$

⁴⁴⁾ 10 ×
$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 =

48) 24 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 =

Revision

Name: Score: Comparing Fractions: 5 [C]



Х	equivale	nt coi	npare	+/- mixed	adv de	cimals	
im	p/mixed	simplify	+/- 0	common	decimals	revision	

Comparing Fractions:

Think about how many whole numbers are contained in each of the improper fractions. You may not need to convert the fractions at all if the two whole numbers tell you one number is larger.

For example:

$$\frac{13}{4}$$
 $\boxed{\frac{7}{6}}$

$$\frac{13}{4}$$
 = 3 wholes and a fraction

7 = 1 whole and a fraction, so it is obvious:

$$\frac{13}{4} > \frac{7}{6}$$

Insert <, > or =

1)
$$\frac{5}{3}$$
 ___ $\frac{32}{10}$

6)
$$\frac{2}{12}$$
 $\frac{1}{6}$

11)
$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{5}$$

16)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 ____ $\frac{3}{4}$

2)
$$\frac{8}{3}$$
 ___ $\frac{2}{6}$

12)
$$\frac{12}{3}$$
 ____ $\frac{20}{5}$

17)
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 ____ $\frac{3}{5}$

13)
$$\frac{21}{10} - \frac{6}{5}$$

$$\frac{9}{4} - \frac{7}{6}$$

19)
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 ____ $\frac{6}{10}$

10)
$$\frac{6}{9}$$
 _____ $\frac{8}{6}$

15)
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 ____ $\frac{3}{5}$

20)
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 $\frac{1}{3}$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{21}{5} = \frac{15}{25}$$

$$\frac{23)}{6} = \frac{18}{24}$$

$$\frac{25}{5} = \frac{21}{35}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{6}{}$$

$$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{14}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} = \frac{35}{8}$$

$$\frac{3}{28} = \frac{9}{12}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of 35 = _____

$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 of 10 = ____

$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 of 9 = _____

$$\frac{32}{2}$$
 of 16 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

33) 32 ×
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 =

$$^{35)}$$
 24 × $\frac{3}{4}$ =

$$^{34)}$$
 36 × $\frac{4}{6}$ =

$$^{36)}$$
 30 × $\frac{2}{10}$ =

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

49)
$$\frac{15}{4} =$$

53)
$$\frac{10}{3}$$
 =

50)
$$\frac{11}{2}$$
 =

54)
$$\frac{14}{2} =$$

51)
$$\frac{9}{8}$$
 =

55)
$$\frac{11}{5}$$
 =

52)
$$\frac{21}{5} =$$

56)
$$\frac{14}{4}$$
 =

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$5\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$1\frac{1}{4} =$$

$$3 = \frac{}{4}$$

$$2\frac{4}{5} =$$

$$4\frac{7}{10} =$$

$$2\frac{2}{3} =$$

$$2\frac{1}{8} =$$

$$3 = \frac{}{5}$$

Comparing Fractions: Name: Score: 5 [D]



x equivale	nt	compare	+/– mixed	adv de	ecimals	
imp/mixed	simp	lify +/-	common	decimals	revision	

Comparing Fractions:

Comparing an improper fraction with a mixed number requires you to convert the improper to a mixed number before comparing. For example:

 $3\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{15}{4}$ $3\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{16}{4}$ $3\frac{3}{4}$ so $3\frac{2}{4} < 3\frac{3}{4}$

Sometimes you may even need to find equivalent fractions as well before fractions can be compared.

For example:

 $\frac{9}{12} 2\frac{8}{4} \frac{16}{6} 2\frac{4}{8} \frac{8}{12}$ so $2\frac{9}{12} > 2\frac{8}{12}$

Insert <, > or =

- 1) $2\frac{5}{9}$ $\frac{20}{9}$
- 6) $\frac{2}{12} \frac{2}{3}$
- $\frac{11)}{5} = \frac{2}{4}$
- 16) $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{2}{5}$

- $^{2)}$ $3\frac{2}{10}$ $\frac{32}{10}$
- $^{7)}$ $2\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{21}{3}$
- $2\frac{1}{4}$ $2\frac{2}{3}$

- 3) $\frac{20}{6}$ $3\frac{3}{6}$
- 8) $1\frac{4}{9}$ $\frac{13}{9}$
- $18) \quad 1\frac{3}{6} = \frac{10}{6}$

- 4) 4/12 ___ 3
- 9) $\frac{11}{3}$ $3\frac{1}{3}$
- $\frac{14)}{5} = \frac{6}{15}$

- $2\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{12}{4}$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 20 =

$$\frac{8}{9}$$
 of 9 =

²²⁾
$$\frac{2}{9}$$
 of 18 = ____ ²⁶⁾ $\frac{2}{8}$ of 40 =

$$\frac{26}{8}$$
 of 40 =

$$\frac{23}{6}$$
 of 12 =

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 20 =

$$\frac{24}{10}$$
 of 20 = ____

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 15 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

29) 35 ×
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 =

33) 12 × $\frac{3}{4}$ =

30) 14 ×
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 =

$$21 \times \frac{2}{3} =$$

32)
$$28 \times \frac{1}{4} =$$

³⁶⁾ 18 × $\frac{5}{6}$ =

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

49)
$$\frac{15}{6} =$$

53)
$$\frac{10}{6}$$
 =

50)
$$\frac{10}{3} =$$

54)
$$\frac{16}{5}$$
 =

51)
$$\frac{17}{8}$$
 =

55)
$$\frac{13}{8}$$
 =

52)
$$\frac{21}{10}$$
 =

56)
$$\frac{13}{2}$$
 =

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$4\frac{1}{3} =$$

$$4\frac{4}{6} =$$

$$3 = \frac{3}{3}$$

$$2\frac{4}{8} =$$

$$6\frac{1}{10} =$$

$$5\frac{2}{4} =$$

$$2\frac{5}{9} =$$

$$3 = \frac{}{4}$$

Name: Score: Adding Fractions: 6 [A]



Х	equivale	nt com	pare	+/- mixed	l adv de	ecimals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/-	common	decimals	revision

Adding Fractions with Common Denominators (horizontally):

First check the denominators are the same.

Then add or subtract the numerators only. The denominators stay the same.

For example: $\frac{5}{9} + \frac{2}{9} = \frac{7}{9}$

9 ' 9 9

Change any improper fraction in the answer to a mixed number. For example: 6 5 11 4 2

$$\frac{6}{9} + \frac{5}{9} = \frac{11}{9} = \frac{12}{9}$$

Add the fractions

1)
$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{5} =$$

6)
$$\frac{7}{10} + \frac{2}{10} =$$

$$\frac{11)}{5} + \frac{4}{5} =$$

$$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{5} =$$

$$\frac{2}{12} + \frac{9}{12} =$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$\frac{12)}{5} + \frac{3}{5} =$$

$$\frac{9}{10} + \frac{1}{10} =$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{4} =$$

8)
$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{5} =$$

$$\frac{13)}{3} + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{5} =$$

$$\frac{4}{8} + \frac{1}{8} =$$

9)
$$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{4}{8} =$$

$$\frac{14)}{12} + \frac{11}{12} =$$

$$\frac{5}{6} + \frac{4}{6} =$$

$$\frac{2}{9} + \frac{2}{9} =$$

$$\frac{10)}{10} \frac{4}{10} + \frac{2}{10} =$$

$$\frac{6}{9} + \frac{1}{9} =$$

$$\frac{7}{8} + \frac{6}{8} =$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{27}{8} = \frac{18}{24}$$

$$\frac{30}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{8} = \frac{3}{56}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\frac{1}{20} = \frac{10}{20}$$

$$\frac{31}{3} = \frac{5}{15}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{9}{1}$$

$$\frac{26}{6} = \frac{18}{36}$$

$$\frac{3}{29} = \frac{15}{20}$$

$$\frac{32)}{8} = \frac{14}{56}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 of 45 =

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 16 = _____

$$\frac{34}{3}$$
 of 3 =

$$\frac{38}{2}$$
 of 38 =

$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 of 32 =

$$^{39)} \frac{1}{6} \text{ of } 42 =$$

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 28 =

40)
$$\frac{2}{8}$$
 of 16 = _____

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41) 36 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 =

$$^{45)}$$
 20 × $\frac{5}{10}$ =

42)
$$7 \times \frac{4}{7} =$$

46) 42 ×
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 =

43) 9 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 =

47) 27 ×
$$\frac{2}{9}$$
 =

44) 20 ×
$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 =

48) 15 ×
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 =

Name: Score: Adding Fractions: 6 [B]



Х	equivalent	t compa	re +/-	mixed	adv dec	imals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- commo	n	decimals	revision

Adding Fractions with Common Denominators (vertically):

The addition of fractions can be also be written horizontally.

For example:

$$+\frac{\frac{5}{8}}{\frac{2}{8}}$$

$$+\frac{\frac{6}{9}}{\frac{7}{9}}$$

Add the fractions (vertically)

1)
$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 + $\frac{2}{10}$

$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 + $\frac{3}{6}$

5)
$$\frac{1}{12}$$
 + $\frac{3}{12}$

7)
$$\frac{7}{12}$$
 + $\frac{6}{12}$

$$\frac{7}{12}$$
 9) +

2)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 + $\frac{1}{3}$

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
+ $\frac{8}{10}$

6)
$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 + $\frac{3}{10}$

8)
$$\frac{8}{9}$$
 + $\frac{6}{9}$

10)
$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 + $\frac{7}{9}$

12)
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 + $\frac{6}{8}$

Add the fractions (horizontally)

$$\frac{6}{10} + \frac{1}{10} =$$

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{3}{6} + \frac{3}{6} =$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3} =$$

$$\frac{14}{4} + \frac{3}{4} =$$

$$\frac{5}{6} + \frac{4}{6} =$$

$$\frac{7}{12} + \frac{7}{12} =$$

$$\frac{8}{9} + \frac{6}{9} =$$

$$\frac{6}{10} + \frac{7}{10} =$$

$$\frac{18}{4} + \frac{2}{4} =$$

$$\frac{9}{10} + \frac{6}{10} =$$

$$\frac{4}{10} + \frac{5}{10} =$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{25}{2} = \frac{18}{36}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{3}{60}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$\frac{34)}{2} = \frac{8}{12}$$

$$\frac{26)}{2} = \frac{8}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{42}$$

$$\frac{32)}{4} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{35}{1} = \frac{3}{9}$$

$$\frac{27}{8} = \frac{50}{80}$$

$$\frac{30}{4} = \frac{2}{20}$$

$$\frac{33)}{6} = \frac{12}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{10}{2}$$

Name: Adding & Subtracting Fractions: Score: 6 [C]



Х	equivaler	nt comp	are	+/- mixed	adv de	cimals
imp/	mixed	simplify	+/- cc	mmon	decimals	revision

Subtracting Fractions with Common Denominators (horizontally):

First check the denominators are the same.

Then subtract the numerators only. The denominators stay the same.

For example:

$$\frac{6}{8} - \frac{2}{8} = \frac{4}{8}$$

When subtracting, change the mixed number (single one) to an improper fraction where necessary before commencing.

For example:

$$1\frac{4}{8} - \frac{7}{8} = \frac{12}{8} - \frac{7}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$

Subtract the fractions

1)
$$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{5}{8} =$$
 6) $\frac{9}{12} - \frac{5}{12} =$

$$\frac{9}{12} - \frac{5}{12} =$$

2)
$$\frac{3}{6} - \frac{1}{6} =$$
 7) $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} =$

$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} =$$

3)
$$\frac{7}{10} - \frac{5}{10} =$$
 8) $\frac{9}{10} - \frac{4}{10} =$

8)
$$\frac{9}{10} - \frac{4}{10} =$$

$$\frac{9}{10} - \frac{8}{10} =$$

4)
$$\frac{9}{10} - \frac{8}{10} =$$
 9) $\frac{6}{8} - \frac{5}{8} =$

$$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{4}{6} =$$

Subtract the fractions (change to improper fractions where necessary)

$$11) \quad 1\frac{2}{8} - \frac{3}{8} =$$

$$12) 1\frac{2}{6} - \frac{4}{6} =$$

$$1\frac{2}{10} - \frac{5}{10} =$$

$$1\frac{4}{10} - \frac{6}{10} =$$

$$1\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} =$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 12 =

$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 of 30 =

¹⁷⁾
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 of 16 = _____ ²⁰⁾ $\frac{2}{5}$ of 45 =

$$\frac{20}{5}$$
 of 45 =

18)
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of 40 =

²¹⁾
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 of 24 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$\frac{9}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$^{25)}$$
 25 × $\frac{2}{5}$ =

²³⁾ 27 ×
$$\frac{7}{9}$$
 = _____ ²⁶⁾ 40 × $\frac{3}{8}$ =

²⁶⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 =

$$^{24)}$$
 36 × $\frac{4}{6}$ =

27) 27 ×
$$\frac{6}{9}$$
 =

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{45}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} = \frac{3}{9}$$

$$\frac{34)}{8} = \frac{4}{40}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} = \frac{5}{64}$$

$$\frac{32)}{6} = \frac{21}{42}$$

$$\frac{35)}{2} = \frac{10}{25}$$

$$\frac{38)}{2} = \frac{9}{18}$$

$$\frac{30}{5} = \frac{4}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{39}{8} = \frac{4}{16}$$

6 [D]

Name: Score: **Adding & Subtracting Fractions:**



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imp/mixed	d simp	olify +/	common	decimal	s revision	

Subtracting Fractions with Common Denominators (vertically):

The subtraction of fractions can be written vertically.

For example:

Subtract the fractions

$$\frac{7}{8}$$
 $-\frac{4}{8}$

$$\frac{4}{8}$$
 $\frac{2}{8}$

$$\frac{2}{8}$$
 $-\frac{1}{8}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & \frac{2}{12} \\
 & - & \frac{1}{12}
\end{array}$$

Subtract the fractions (change to improper fractions where necessary)

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & 1\frac{1}{3} \\
 & - & \frac{2}{3}
\end{array}$$

$$1\frac{2}{4}$$
 $-\frac{3}{4}$

$$\frac{1}{12}$$
 $\frac{4}{12}$

$$1\frac{2}{4}$$
 $-\frac{3}{4}$

$$1\frac{4}{10}$$
 $-\frac{7}{10}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & 1\frac{3}{5} \\
 & - & \frac{4}{5}
\end{array}$$

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{13)}{25} =$$

$$\frac{16)}{35} =$$

$$\frac{30}{25} =$$

$$\frac{4}{10} =$$

$$\frac{15)}{18} =$$

$$\frac{60}{40} =$$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

¹⁹⁾ 30 ×
$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 = _____ ²²⁾ 8 × $\frac{3}{4}$ =

²²⁾ 8 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 =

²⁰⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 =

²³⁾ 14 ×
$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 =

²¹⁾ 12 ×
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 =

$$^{24)}$$
 21 × $\frac{2}{7}$ =

Insert <, > or =

25)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 ____ $\frac{5}{12}$

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 $\frac{9}{12}$

33)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 ___ $\frac{2}{6}$

37)
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 ___ $\frac{2}{3}$

$$\frac{26}{12} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{30)}{6} = \frac{3}{9}$$

$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{6}$$

38)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 ____ $\frac{3}{5}$

$$\frac{6}{12} = \frac{2}{9}$$

31)
$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 ___ $\frac{2}{9}$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{5}$$

39)
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 ____ $\frac{1}{3}$

28)
$$\frac{2}{9}$$
 ___ $\frac{4}{9}$

32)
$$\frac{6}{9}$$
 ___ $\frac{4}{6}$

40)
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 $\frac{4}{8}$

Adding Mixed Numbers: Name: Score: 7 [A]



x equivale	ent comp	are	+/- mixed	adv deci	mals
imp/mixed	simplify	+/- co	mmon	decimals	revision

Adding Mixed Numbers:

The addition of mixed numbers should be written vertically.

For example:

$$\begin{array}{c}
3 \frac{1}{5} \\
+ 2 \frac{3}{5} \\
\hline
5 \frac{4}{5}
\end{array}$$

...and with regrouping:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 & 2 & \frac{4}{5} \\
 & + 3 & \frac{3}{5} \\
 & \hline
 & 5 & \frac{7}{5} & 6 & \frac{2}{5}
\end{array}$$

Add the fractions

$$2\frac{3}{8}$$
 + $5\frac{6}{8}$

$$4\frac{5}{6}$$
 + $3\frac{2}{6}$

$$3\frac{2}{4}$$
 + $4\frac{3}{4}$

$$3\frac{5}{10}$$
 + $5\frac{6}{10}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 2) & 3\frac{5}{6} \\ + 4\frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & 1\frac{2}{10} \\ & + 1\frac{5}{10} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 2\frac{7}{9} \\ + & 4\frac{3}{9} \end{array}$$

Equivalent fractions

9)
$$\frac{6}{1} = \frac{30}{40}$$

$$\frac{11}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{16} = \frac{2}{16}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{16} = \frac{2}{5} = \frac{20}{5} = \frac{6}{5}$$

$$\frac{10)}{5} = \frac{30}{36}$$

$$\frac{12)}{2} = \frac{10}{15}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\frac{14)}{3} = \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{3} \qquad \frac{16)}{3} = \frac{18}{3} = \frac{6}{3}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{17}{6}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{21}{5}$$
 of 10 =

¹⁸⁾
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of 25 = $\frac{22}{5}$ of 30 =

$$\frac{22}{5}$$
 of 30 =

¹⁹⁾
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 of 28 =

$$\frac{23}{3}$$
 of 15 =

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 48 = ____

$$^{24)} \frac{4}{6} \text{ of } 24 =$$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

25) 32 ×
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 =

$$^{29)}$$
 12 × $\frac{4}{6}$ =

²⁶⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 = ³⁰⁾ 30 × $\frac{1}{5}$ =

$$^{30)}$$
 30 × $\frac{1}{5}$ = _____

27) 28 ×
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 = 31) 24 × $\frac{3}{4}$ =

31) 24 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 =

28)
$$18 \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

32) 21 ×
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 =

Insert <, > or =

33)
$$\frac{1}{6} - \frac{5}{9}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{34)}{12} = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{6}$$

40)
$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 ___ $\frac{4}{6}$

Name: **Adding Mixed Numbers:** 7 [B] Score:



x equivale	nt compare	+/- mixe	d adv de	cimals
imp/mixed	simplify +	/– common	decimals	revision

Add the fractions

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & & 2\frac{2}{3} \\ & + & 3\frac{2}{3} \end{array}$$

$$2\frac{1}{6}$$
 + $3\frac{4}{6}$

$$5\frac{1}{4}$$
 + $3\frac{2}{4}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 10) & 3\frac{5}{6} \\ + 1\frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 2) & 2\frac{6}{10} \\ + & 4\frac{5}{10} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & 2\frac{5}{12} \\ + & 2\frac{9}{12} \end{array}$$

$$3\frac{4}{10} + 3\frac{6}{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 11) & 2\frac{3}{5} \\ + & 3\frac{4}{5} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & 1\frac{2}{9} \\
 & + 1\frac{5}{9}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & 1\frac{7}{8} \\ + & 7\frac{4}{8} \end{array}$$

$$4\frac{3}{4}$$
 + $3\frac{3}{4}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 12) & 7\frac{2}{10} \\
 + 1\frac{8}{10}
 \end{array}$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{6}{30}$$

$$\frac{17}{5} = \frac{24}{30}$$

$$\frac{19}{2} = \frac{1}{14}$$

$$\frac{14)}{1} = \frac{7}{42}$$

$$\frac{16}{2} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{18}{5} = \frac{16}{40}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{48}{48}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{21}{5}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 8 =

$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 of 40 =

$$\frac{25}{9}$$
 of 45 =

$$\frac{23}{3}$$
 of 27 =

$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 of 40 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions $^{27)}$ 40 × $^{\frac{2}{4}}$ = $^{30)}$ 48 × $^{\frac{5}{6}}$ =

$$^{27)}$$
 40 × $\frac{2}{4}$ =

$$^{30)}$$
 48 × $\frac{5}{6}$ =

28) 20 ×
$$\frac{8}{10}$$
 =

31) 30 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 =

29) 24 ×
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 =

32) 12 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

Insert <, > or =

$$\frac{33)}{9} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{39}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{42)}{4} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{6}$$

43)
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 $\frac{6}{10}$

35)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 $\frac{1}{3}$

41)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 $\frac{2}{4}$

44)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 ___ $\frac{1}{3}$

7 [C]

Name: Score: **Subtracting Mixed Numbers:**



Х	equivalen	it comp	oare	+/– mixed	adv deci	mals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- cc	ommon	decimals	revision

Subtracting Mixed Numbers:

The subtraction of mixed numbers should be written vertically.

For example:

$$-\frac{4\frac{3}{4}}{2\frac{3}{5}}$$

$$-\frac{5\frac{4}{5}}{}$$

...and with regrouping:

Subtract the fractions

$$5\frac{3}{4}$$
 $- 3\frac{2}{4}$

$$7\frac{2}{4}$$
- $4\frac{3}{4}$

$$4\frac{2}{4}$$
- $3\frac{3}{4}$

$$7\frac{2}{4}$$
 $-4\frac{3}{4}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2) & 5\frac{1}{12} \\ - & 3\frac{10}{12} \end{array}$$

$$9\frac{4}{10}$$
 $9\frac{4}{10}$ $- 6\frac{7}{10}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & 5\frac{3}{12} \\ & - & 3\frac{10}{12} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
9\frac{4}{10} \\
- 6\frac{7}{10}
\end{array}$$

Equivalent fractions

9)
$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{21}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{54}$$

$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{20}{6} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{13}{6} = \frac{20}{6} = \frac{4}{5}$$
 $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{9}{20} = \frac{9}{5}$

$$\frac{10}{10} = \frac{2}{10}$$

$$\frac{12)}{2} = \frac{14}{21}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{14)}{6} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{3}{10} = \frac{16)}{2} = \frac{10}{10} = \frac{10}{10}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{17}{7}$$
 of 21 =

$$\frac{21}{8}$$
 of 24 =

¹⁸⁾
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 of 24 = $\frac{22}{8}$ of 16 =

²²⁾
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 16 =

¹⁹⁾
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of 30 = $\frac{23}{10}$ of 10 =

$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 of 10 =

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 18 =

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 45 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$\frac{25}{30} \times \frac{2}{6} = \frac{25}{100}$$

$$^{29)}$$
 48 × $\frac{3}{8}$ =

26)
$$20 \times \frac{5}{10} =$$
 30) $10 \times \frac{6}{10} =$

$$^{30)}$$
 10 × $\frac{6}{10}$ =

²⁷⁾ 16 ×
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 = _____ 31) 20 × $\frac{1}{4}$ =

31) 20 ×
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 =

²⁸⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 =

32) 10 ×
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 =

Insert <, > or =

$$\frac{2}{6} - \frac{7}{12}$$

$$\frac{35)}{6} = 2\frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} - \frac{2}{3}$$

39)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 ___ $\frac{2}{3}$

34)
$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$38)$$
 $3\frac{2}{5}$ $\frac{16}{5}$

40)
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 $\frac{1}{6}$

7 [D]

Name: Score:

Subtracting Mixed Numbers:



x equivale	nt compare	+/- mixed	adv decin	nals
imp/mixed	simplify +/- o	common	decimals	revision

Subtract the fractions

$$2\frac{3}{8}$$
 - $1\frac{6}{8}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 4) & 4\frac{4}{12} \\ - 2\frac{11}{12} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} ^{7)} & 5\frac{1}{3} \\ - & 2\frac{2}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 10) & 6\frac{1}{10} \\ - & 4\frac{8}{10} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & 8\frac{2}{6} \\ & - & 7\frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
5) & 9\frac{2}{4} \\
- 5\frac{3}{4}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rr}
 8) & 7\frac{2}{5} \\
 - 1\frac{3}{5}
\end{array}$$

$$9\frac{1}{3}$$
 $9\frac{1}{3}$ $- 1\frac{2}{3}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & 9\frac{2}{4} \\
 & - 7\frac{3}{4}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & 5\frac{5}{6} \\ & - & 1\frac{4}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
9) & 2\frac{2}{4} \\
- & 1\frac{3}{4}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 12) & 7\frac{1}{5} \\
 - 4\frac{4}{5}
 \end{array}$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{8}{16}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{8}{}$$

$$\frac{17}{4} = \frac{27}{36}$$

$$\frac{19)}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\frac{16)}{3} = \frac{18}{36}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{1}$$

$$\frac{20}{3} = \frac{6}{9}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{6}{9}$$
 of 27 =

$$\frac{25}{7}$$
 of 14 =

$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 of 45 =

$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 of 36 =

$$\frac{7}{9}$$
 of 9 = _____

$$\frac{27}{5}$$
 of 5 =

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 36 =

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of 42 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

²⁹⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{6}{7}$$
 =

$$^{33)}$$
 30 × $\frac{2}{10}$ = _____

$$^{30)}$$
 45 × $\frac{3}{5}$ =

$$^{34)}$$
 28 × $\frac{1}{4}$ =

31) 30 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 =

35) 8 ×
$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 =

$$^{32)}$$
 15 × $\frac{3}{5}$ =

36)
$$7 \times \frac{1}{7} =$$

Insert <, > or =

$$2\frac{2}{4} - \frac{10}{4}$$

$$^{40)} \frac{13}{6} - 2\frac{1}{6}$$

$$43)$$
 $4\frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{24}{6}$

46)
$$\frac{15}{4}$$
 $3\frac{3}{4}$

$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 $\frac{2}{9}$ $\frac{11}{9}$

41)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 ____ $\frac{2}{12}$

44)
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 ___ $\frac{2}{4}$

$$\frac{47}{6} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$39) \quad 3\frac{2}{9} \quad \underline{} \quad \frac{28}{9}$$

$$3\frac{1}{3}$$
 _ $\frac{11}{3}$

45)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 ___ $\frac{1}{3}$

48)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 $\frac{1}{5}$

Name: Score: Converting Decimals to Common Fractions: 8 [A]



x equiva	alent com	pare +/-	- mixed	adv de	cimals
imp/mixed	simplify	+/- comm	ion [decimals	revision

Converting Decimal Fractions to Common Fractions or Mixed Numbers:

It is important to look at the places shown by each decimal. If only the tenths place is shown then use 10 as the denominator; if hundredths, then use 100 as the denominator.

$$0.4 = \frac{4}{10}$$

0.36 is 36 hundredths

$$0.36 = \frac{36}{100}$$

2.5 is 2 and 5 tenths

6.78 is 6 and 78 hundredths

$$2.5 = 2\frac{5}{10}$$

$$6.78 = 6\frac{78}{100}$$

Convert decimals to common fractions

$$^{2)}$$
 0.8 =

$$^{3)}$$
 0.03 =

Convert decimals to mixed numbers

$$^{12)}$$
 3.8 =

$$^{17)} 0.1 =$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{10}$$

$$\frac{23}{5} = \frac{9}{15}$$

$$\frac{25}{5} = \frac{24}{30}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{14}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{24}{2} = \frac{14}{21}$$

$$\frac{26}{5} = \frac{16}{40}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{6}{48}$$

Multiply fractions by whole numbers

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 12 = ____

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{30}{7}$$
 of $35 =$ _____

$$^{34)} \frac{4}{7} \text{ of } 7 =$$

$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 of $16 =$ ____

$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 of 27 =

$$\frac{32}{9}$$
 of 45 =

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 27 =

Multiply whole numbers by fractions

$$^{37)}$$
 34 × $\frac{2}{6}$ =

41) 24 ×
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 =

$$^{38)}$$
 36 × $\frac{1}{4}$ =

42) 8 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 =

$$^{39)} 27 \times \frac{6}{9} =$$

43) 40 ×
$$\frac{3}{10}$$
 =

40)
$$40 \times \frac{6}{8} =$$

44) 10 ×
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 =

Insert <, > or =

$$\frac{2}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{47}{3}$$
 ___ $1\frac{1}{3}$

⁴⁹⁾
$$2\frac{1}{3} - \frac{7}{3}$$

51)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 $\frac{2}{6}$

46)
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 $\frac{2}{9}$

$$1\frac{2}{9} = \frac{12}{9}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{5}$$

52)
$$\frac{13}{5}$$
 ___ $\frac{1}{4}$

Name: **Converting Decimals to Common Fractions:** Score: 8 [B]



x equiva	lent comp			
imp/mixed	simplify	+/- common	decimals	revision

Convert decimals to common fractions

$$^{1)}$$
 0.08 =

Convert decimals to mixed numbers

Multiply fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{21}{10}$$
 of 10 =

$$\frac{25}{4}$$
 of 24 =

²²⁾
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 32 = $\frac{26}{5}$ of 15 =

$$\frac{26}{5}$$
 of 15 =

²³⁾
$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 of 10 = $\frac{27}{5}$ of 40 =

$$\frac{27}{5}$$
 of 40 =

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 50 = $\frac{28}{3}$ of 42 =

$$\frac{28}{3}$$
 of 42 =

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{29}{24} =$$

$$\frac{33}{36} =$$

$$\frac{6}{15} =$$

$$\frac{34)}{12} =$$

$$\frac{42}{36} =$$

$$\frac{35)}{16} =$$

$$\frac{32)}{20} =$$

$$\frac{36)}{27} =$$

Insert <, > or =

$$\frac{37}{9} = \frac{5}{9}$$

$$\frac{40)}{6} = \frac{8}{9}$$

$$1\frac{5}{6}$$
 $1\frac{10}{12}$

$$\frac{46)}{4} = \frac{10}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{7}{12} = \frac{8}{9}$$

$$\frac{10}{6} = \frac{16}{6}$$

$$\frac{9}{4} - \frac{7}{3}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{42)}{3} = \frac{3}{12}$$

$$\frac{45}{6} = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{48)}{4} = \frac{17}{6}$$

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

49)
$$\frac{17}{5} =$$

53)
$$\frac{10}{5}$$
 =

50)
$$\frac{9}{2} =$$

54)
$$\frac{17}{2} =$$

51)
$$\frac{13}{5}$$
 =

55)
$$\frac{49}{5}$$
 =

52)
$$\frac{34}{10} =$$

56)
$$\frac{19}{3}$$
 =

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$4\frac{2}{6} =$$

$$6\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$7 = \frac{}{4}$$

$$2\frac{4}{5} =$$

$$1\frac{1}{12} =$$

$$2\frac{1}{5} =$$

$$4 = \frac{}{4}$$

Name: Score: Converting Common Fractions to Decimals: 8 [C]



Х	equivalen	t comp	oare	+/- mixed	adv de	cimals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- co	ommon [decimals	revision

Converting Common Fractions or Mixed Numbers to Decimal Fractions:

It is important to look at the denominator. If it is a 10 or 100, think of the places that are shown by that denominator.

$$\frac{4}{10}$$
 is 4 tenths so as a decimal it is 0.4

$$\frac{36}{100}$$
 is 36 hundredths so as a decimal it is 0.36

$$3\frac{7}{10}$$
 is 3 and 7 tenths so as a decimal it is 3.7

$$8\frac{54}{100}$$
 is 8 and 54 hundredths so as a decimal it is 8.54

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 = 6)

6)
$$\frac{12}{100}$$
 =

$$\frac{2}{10} =$$

$$\frac{5}{100} =$$

$$\frac{83}{100} =$$

$$\frac{78}{100} =$$

$$\frac{6}{100} =$$

$$\frac{86}{100} =$$

$$\frac{20}{100} =$$

$$\frac{7}{10} =$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$4\frac{3}{100} = 16) \quad 2\frac{6}{10} = 16$$

$$6\frac{41}{100} = _{----}^{17)}$$

$$4\frac{2}{10} =$$

$$1\frac{65}{100} =$$

$$9\frac{15}{100} =$$

$$8\frac{83}{100} =$$

9)
$$3\frac{8}{10} =$$

$$7\frac{9}{10} =$$

$$5\frac{7}{10} =$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{21)}{3} = \frac{9}{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{18}$$

$$\frac{25}{4} = \frac{16}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{3}{3} = \frac{27}{36}$$

$$\frac{3}{24} = \frac{15}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{4}{25}$$

Multiply fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{33}{5}$$
 of 35 =

$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 of 20 =

$$\frac{34}{8}$$
 of 16 =

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 12 =

$$\frac{35}{7}$$
 of 42 =

$$\frac{32}{7}$$
 of $35 =$

$$\frac{36}{6}$$
 of 12 =

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{24}{16} =$$

$$\frac{41)}{4} =$$

$$\frac{38)}{18} =$$

$$\frac{42)}{9} =$$

$$\frac{12}{16} =$$

$$\frac{43)}{40} =$$

$$\frac{40}{8} =$$

$$\frac{12}{9} =$$

Insert <, > or =

$$\frac{5}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

47)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 ___ $\frac{4}{6}$

51)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 ___ $\frac{14}{5}$

$$\frac{11}{12} - \frac{1}{6}$$

48)
$$\frac{7}{9}$$
 ___ $\frac{1}{6}$

50)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 $\frac{3}{4}$

52)
$$\frac{7}{5}$$
 ____ $\frac{10}{4}$

Converting Common Fractions to Decimals: Name: Score: 8 [D]



Х	equivalen	it comp	are -	+/– mixed	adv de	cimals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- con	nmon [decimals	revision

Convert common fractions to decimals

$$\frac{12}{100} =$$

$$\frac{9}{100} =$$

$$\frac{1}{100} =$$

$$\frac{13}{100} =$$

$$\frac{30}{100} =$$

$$\frac{97}{100} =$$

$$\frac{21}{100} =$$

$$\frac{7}{10} =$$

$$\frac{2}{10} =$$

$$\frac{10)}{10} =$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$3\frac{37}{100} =$$

$$3\frac{7}{10} =$$

$$5\frac{8}{10} =$$

$$8\frac{5}{100} =$$

$$9\frac{2}{10} =$$

$$5\frac{9}{10} =$$

$$8\frac{5}{10} =$$

$$19) 1\frac{3}{10} =$$

$$5\frac{1}{10} =$$

$$20) \quad 2\frac{30}{100} =$$

Multiply fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of 35 =

$$\frac{8}{9}$$
 of 27 =

²²⁾
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 45 = $\frac{26}{6}$ of 30 =

$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 of 30 =

²³⁾
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of 5 = $\frac{27}{5}$ of 25 =

$$\frac{27}{5}$$
 of 25 =

$$\frac{24}{4}$$
 of 36 = $\frac{28}{4}$ of 20 =

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 20 =

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{10}{25} =$$

$$\frac{33)}{24} =$$

$$\frac{12}{32} =$$

$$\frac{34)}{32} =$$

$$\frac{31}{24} =$$

$$\frac{8}{32} =$$

$$\frac{18}{24} =$$

$$\frac{36)}{10} =$$

Insert <, > or =

$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{40}{9} = \frac{7}{12}$$

$$\frac{12}{5}$$
 _ $2\frac{2}{5}$

46)
$$\frac{6}{2}$$
 — $\frac{8}{3}$

38)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 $\frac{5}{6}$

$$\frac{41)}{12} \frac{9}{12}$$
 $\frac{2}{3}$

$$\frac{44)}{6} \frac{9}{6} \frac{1}{6}$$

47)
$$\frac{4}{3}$$
 $\frac{2}{4}$

$$\frac{42)}{9}$$
 ___ $1\frac{4}{9}$

$$\frac{45)}{5} = \frac{1}{4}$$

48)
$$\frac{7}{5}$$
 $\frac{11}{6}$

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

49)
$$\frac{7}{2}$$
 =

$$\frac{16}{4} =$$

50)
$$\frac{7}{5}$$
 =

54)
$$\frac{17}{8}$$
 =

51)
$$\frac{13}{4}$$
 =

55)
$$\frac{76}{8}$$
 =

52)
$$\frac{60}{10} =$$

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$7 \frac{2}{6} =$$

$$8\frac{1}{4} =$$

$$9 = \frac{}{5}$$

$$2\frac{4}{6} =$$

$$2\frac{2}{8} =$$

$$5\frac{1}{5} =$$

$$8\frac{3}{5} =$$

$$4 = \frac{}{5}$$

9 [A]

Name: Score: **Advanced Fractions to Decimals:**



х	equivale	nt co	ompare	+/- mixed	adv de	cimals
imp/	mixed	simplify	+/-	common	decimals	revision

Converting Equivalent Common Fractions to Decimal Fractions:

When the denominator is not a 10 or 100, then the fraction needs to be changed to its equivalent denominator that is

$$\frac{2}{5}\frac{4}{10}$$
 is 4 tenths so as a decimal it is 0.4

$$\frac{5}{20}\frac{25}{100}$$
 is 25 hundredths so as a decimal it is 0.25

$$3\frac{1}{2}\frac{5}{10}$$
 is 3 and 5 tenths so as a decimal it is 3.5

$$8\frac{6}{\cancel{25}}\frac{24}{100}$$
 is 8 and 24 hundredths so as a decimal it is 8.24

Convert common fractions to decimals

$$\frac{3}{25} =$$

6)
$$\frac{1}{50}$$
 =

$$\frac{2}{5} =$$

$$\frac{4}{5} =$$

$$\frac{3}{5} =$$

$$\frac{41}{50} =$$

4)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

$$\frac{2}{25} =$$

5)
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 =

$$\frac{10)}{20} =$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$4\frac{9}{25} =$$

$$3\frac{4}{5} =$$

$$3\frac{12}{20} =$$

$$5\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$1\frac{3}{20} =$$

$$18) 1\frac{8}{25} =$$

$$1\frac{22}{25} =$$

$$5\frac{20}{25} =$$

$$4\frac{5}{20} =$$

$$6\frac{8}{20} =$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{16} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{2} = \frac{9}{2}$$

$$\frac{25}{5} = \frac{8}{5} = \frac{3}{24} = \frac{30}{24}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{30}{24} = \frac{30}{24}$$

$$\frac{22)}{5} = \frac{18}{5} = \frac{30}{30}$$

$$\frac{24}{4} = \frac{2}{20} = \frac{6}{20}$$

$$\frac{26}{4} = \frac{16}{4} = \frac{20}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} = \frac{6}{40} = \frac{6}{40}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{29}{4}$$
 of 8 =

$$\frac{33}{2}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{30}{6}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 of 45 =

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 36 =

$$\frac{35}{2}$$
 of 38 =

32)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 12 =

$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 of 35 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$^{37)}$$
 9 × $\frac{3}{9}$ =

41) 36 ×
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 =

38) 35 ×
$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 =

42) 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

³⁹⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{7}{8}$$
 = ⁴³⁾ 5 × $\frac{2}{5}$ =

43) 5 ×
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 =

40) 32 ×
$$\frac{4}{8}$$
 =

44) 14 ×
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 =

Insert <. > or =

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$1\frac{5}{12} = \frac{16}{12}$$

$$^{49)}$$
 $2\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{17}{6}$

$$3\frac{6}{9} = \frac{34}{9}$$

48)
$$\frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5}$$

50)
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 — $\frac{9}{6}$

52)
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 ____ $\frac{9}{18}$

Name: Score:

Advanced Fractions to Decimals: 9 [B]



Х	equivale	nt compa	are +/_	mixed	adv decima	ls
i	mp/mixed	simplify	+/- commo	on dec	imals re	evision

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 =

6)
$$\frac{3}{20}$$
 =

$$\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$\frac{12}{50} =$$

$$\frac{2}{25} =$$

$$\frac{23}{50} =$$

$$\frac{44}{50} =$$

$$\frac{15}{25} =$$

$$\frac{7}{20} =$$

$$\frac{10}{20} =$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$5\frac{1}{5} =$$

$$16) \quad 8\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$8\frac{3}{20} =$$

$$6\frac{34}{50} =$$

$$2\frac{11}{25} =$$

$$4\frac{5}{20} =$$

$$3\frac{21}{25} =$$

$$2\frac{9}{20} =$$

$$4\frac{15}{20} =$$

$$20) \quad 7\frac{8}{50} =$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{21}{4} = \frac{8}{4} = \frac{8}{20} = \frac{24}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{4}{48}$$

$$\frac{24}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{4}{48}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{10}{80} = \frac{30}{72}$$
 $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{10}{9} = \frac{10}{9}$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{9} = \frac{10}{9}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{60}{48} = \frac{60}{48}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{3}{18} = \frac{3}{48}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2} = \frac{6}{2}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{14}{1} = \frac{4}{1}$$

$$\frac{23}{3} = \frac{12}{3} = \frac{14}{3}$$
 $\frac{26}{3} = \frac{4}{3} = \frac{4}{12}$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{4}{1} = \frac{5}{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{5}{12} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{33}{7}$$
 of 7 =

$$\frac{37}{9}$$
 of 27 =

$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 of 20 = $\frac{38}{4}$ of 16 =

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 16 =

$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 of 18 = $\frac{39}{7}$ of 7 =

39)
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of 7 =

$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of 28 =

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 42 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41)
$$45 \times \frac{3}{5} =$$

45) 8 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 =

42) 36 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 =

46) 45 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 =

43) 36 ×
$$\frac{6}{9}$$
 =

$$47)$$
 4 × $\frac{3}{4}$ =

44) 24 ×
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 =

⁴⁸⁾ 36 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 =

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

49)
$$\frac{15}{5}$$
 =

53)
$$\frac{65}{8} =$$

50)
$$\frac{10}{4} =$$

54)
$$\frac{16}{6}$$
 =

51)
$$\frac{15}{8}$$
 =

52)
$$\frac{21}{5}$$
 =

56)
$$\frac{19}{3}$$
 =

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$8\frac{3}{4} =$$

$$9\frac{2}{6} =$$

$$7 = \frac{}{3}$$

$$2\frac{7}{6} =$$

$$8\frac{8}{10} =$$

$$8\frac{2}{4} =$$

$$2\frac{5}{6} =$$

$$9 = \frac{}{4}$$

Name: Score:

Advanced Fractions to Decimals: 9 [C]



Х	equivale	nt compa	are +/_	mixed	adv decim	als
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- commo	on dec	cimals i	revision

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

$$\frac{15}{50} =$$

$$\frac{9}{20} =$$

$$\frac{6}{25} =$$

$$\frac{6}{25} =$$

$$\frac{13}{50} =$$

$$\frac{1}{5} =$$

$$\frac{10}{20} =$$

$$\frac{48}{50} =$$

$$\frac{22}{25} =$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$5\frac{9}{25} =$$

$$1\frac{27}{50} =$$

$$7\frac{4}{20} =$$

$$2\frac{4}{5} =$$

$$9\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$5\frac{13}{25} =$$

$$8\frac{1}{5} =$$

$$4\frac{1}{20} =$$

$$1\frac{13}{50} =$$

$$8\frac{3}{20} =$$

Subtract the fractions

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 21) & 6\frac{5}{10} \\ - & 4\frac{9}{10} \end{array}$$

$$6\frac{3}{8}$$
 $-5\frac{4}{8}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 25) & 6\frac{1}{6} \\ - & 2\frac{3}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
27) & 8\frac{5}{10} \\
- 3\frac{8}{10}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 22) & 7\frac{1}{12} \\ - & 6\frac{10}{12} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 24) & 9\frac{1}{4} \\ - & 5\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$$

$$9\frac{4}{6}$$
 $-8\frac{5}{6}$

$$\begin{array}{r}
28) & 8\frac{8}{10} \\
- & 1\frac{9}{10}
\end{array}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{29}{4}$$
 of 12 =

$$\frac{33}{10}$$
 of 40 =

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 18 = _____

$$\frac{34}{2}$$
 of 8 =

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 24 =

$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 of 9 =

$$\frac{32}{5}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{36}{3}$$
 of 12 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$37) 9 \times \frac{3}{9} =$$

41) 45 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 =

38) 24 ×
$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 =

42) 6 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 =

39) 30 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 =

43) 16 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

40) 28 ×
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 =

44) 10 ×
$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 =

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{6}{24} =$$

$$\frac{16}{20} =$$

$$\frac{49)}{4} =$$

$$1\frac{2}{4} =$$

$$\frac{10}{6} =$$

$$\frac{60}{30} =$$

$$\frac{8}{4} =$$

$$\frac{7}{3} =$$

9 [D]

Name: Score:

Advanced Fractions to Decimals:



х е	quivalent	compare	e +/- mixed	adv d	lecimals
imp/mi	xed s	simplify +	/– common	decimals	revision

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{15}{20}$$
 =

$$\frac{30}{50} =$$

$$\frac{7}{25} =$$

$$\frac{9}{25} =$$

$$\frac{8}{50} =$$

8)
$$\frac{11}{25}$$
 =

$$\frac{42}{50} =$$

$$\frac{2}{25} =$$

$$\frac{5}{20} =$$

$$\frac{10}{5} =$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$2\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$3\frac{1}{5} =$$

$$7\frac{41}{50} =$$

$$5\frac{2}{5} =$$

$$1^{13)}$$
 $1\frac{43}{50}$ =

$$2\frac{8}{25} =$$

$$9\frac{7}{50} =$$

$$7\frac{18}{50} =$$

$$5\frac{6}{25} =$$

$$8\frac{2}{20} =$$

Add the fractions

$$2\frac{3}{10} + 5\frac{3}{10}$$

$$1\frac{1}{12}$$
 + $5\frac{11}{12}$

$$2^{5}$$
 $2^{\frac{3}{6}}$ + $5^{\frac{4}{6}}$

$$6\frac{27}{6}$$
 $+ 3\frac{2}{6}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 5\frac{1}{5} & 5\frac{1}{5} \\ + & 3\frac{4}{5} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 3\frac{3}{4} & & 3\frac{1}{4} \\ & + & 1\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 3\frac{4}{6} & & & \\ & + & 3\frac{4}{6} & & \\ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 28) & 4\frac{10}{12} \\ + & 4\frac{6}{12} \end{array}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 40 =

$$\frac{32)}{10} \frac{4}{10}$$
 of 40 =

$$\frac{30}{5}$$
 of 25 =

$$\frac{33}{8}$$
 of 32 = _____

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 24 = _____

$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 of 16 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

35)
$$18 \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

$$^{38)}$$
 15 × $\frac{1}{3}$ =

$$^{36)}$$
 32 × $\frac{7}{8}$ =

³⁹⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 =

$$^{37)}$$
 20 × $\frac{2}{4}$ =

40) 24 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 =

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{41}{30} = \frac{48}{30} = \frac{48}{30}$$

$$\frac{14}{6} =$$

$$\frac{47}{8} =$$

$$\frac{12}{8} =$$

$$\frac{15}{12} =$$

$$\frac{8}{24} =$$

$$\frac{12}{6} =$$

$$\frac{51)}{12} =$$

$$\frac{43)}{24} =$$

$$\frac{2}{16} =$$

$$\frac{49)}{15} =$$

$$\frac{6}{36} =$$

Name: Score: Revision: 10 [A]



х е	quivalent	compare	+/– mixed	adv deci	mals
imp/mi	xed sim	olify +/-	common	decimals [revision

Convert common fractions to decimals

$$\frac{4}{5} =$$

6)
$$\frac{2}{20}$$
 =

$$\frac{18}{50} =$$

$$\frac{43}{50} =$$

$$\frac{14}{20} =$$

$$\frac{18}{20} =$$

4)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

$$\frac{40}{50} =$$

$$\frac{7}{20} =$$

$$\frac{3}{5} =$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$\frac{11)}{5} =$$

$$\frac{16)}{20} =$$

$$\frac{5}{20} =$$

$$\frac{17}{2} =$$

$$\frac{13)}{50} = \frac{25}{50} = \frac{13}{50}$$

$$\frac{36}{50} =$$

$$\frac{14)}{25} =$$

$$\frac{46}{50} =$$

$$\frac{15)}{20} = \frac{8}{20}$$

$$\frac{20}{25} = \frac{22}{25}$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{5}{8} = \frac{5}{32} = \frac{5}{56}$$

$$\frac{24}{3} = \frac{4}{3} = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{6}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$$

$$\frac{30)}{2} = \frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{2} = \frac{20}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{15} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{3}{15} = \frac{3}{10}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{5}{36} = \frac{12}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{1} = \frac{7}{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{3} = \frac{9}{3}$$

$$^{29)} \ \frac{7}{8} = \frac{1}{64} = \frac{1}{24}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} = \frac{49}{80} = \frac{49}{80}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 20 = ____

$$\frac{37}{4}$$
 of 36 =

$$\frac{34}{3}$$
 of 27 =

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 18 =

$$\frac{35}{5}$$
 of 25 =

$$\frac{39}{3}$$
 of 27 = ____

$$^{36)} \frac{4}{7} \text{ of } 14 =$$

$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of 21 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41)
$$6 \times \frac{2}{6} =$$

45) 12 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

42) 24 ×
$$\frac{4}{8}$$
 =

46) 40 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 =

43)
$$25 \times \frac{2}{5} =$$

47) 24 ×
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 =

44) 20 ×
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 =

48) 12 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 =

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{49}{50} = \frac{65}{50} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{80}{50} =$$

$$\frac{20}{18} =$$

$$\frac{24}{24} =$$

$$\frac{30}{36} =$$

$$\frac{9}{18} =$$

$$\frac{30}{20} =$$

$$\frac{62)}{18} =$$

$$\frac{16}{24} =$$

$$\frac{20}{8} =$$

$$\frac{60}{20} =$$

$$\frac{25}{5} =$$

$$\frac{3}{12} =$$

$$\frac{60}{20} =$$

$$\frac{10}{15} =$$

$$\frac{64)}{15} =$$

Name: Score: Revision: 10 [B]



x equivalent compare +/- mixed adv decimals imp/mixed simplify +/- common decimals revision

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

6)
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 =

$$\frac{5}{25} =$$

$$\frac{4}{5} =$$

$$\frac{15}{25} =$$

$$\frac{11}{25} =$$

4)
$$\frac{1}{5} =$$

9)
$$\frac{44}{50} =$$

$$\frac{4}{25} =$$

$$\frac{13}{50} =$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$\frac{11}{2} =$$

$$\frac{16)}{25} =$$

$$\frac{12)}{50} =$$

$$\frac{17)}{25} =$$

$$\frac{13)}{25} =$$

$$\frac{3}{5} =$$

$$\frac{5}{25} =$$

$$\frac{9}{25} =$$

$$\frac{15)}{20} =$$

$$\frac{20)}{20} = \frac{7}{20}$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{4}{5} = \frac{7}{5}$$

$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{36}{60} = \frac{60}{60}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{6}{1} = \frac{10}{10}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{10}{10} = \frac{4}{10}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{9}{24} = \frac{9}{1}$$

$$\frac{26}{6} = \frac{18}{6} = \frac{30}{30}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{12} = \frac{7}{12}$$

Add the fractions

$$2\frac{3}{10} + 5\frac{3}{10}$$

$$1\frac{1}{12} + 5\frac{11}{12}$$

$$1\frac{3}{6}$$
 + $8\frac{4}{6}$

$$6\frac{2}{6}$$
 + $3\frac{1}{6}$

$$5\frac{1}{5} + 3\frac{4}{5}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & 2\frac{3}{4} \\
 & + 3\frac{1}{4}
\end{array}$$

$$3\frac{4}{6} + 3\frac{4}{6}$$

$$4\frac{10}{12} + 4\frac{6}{12}$$

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{16}{24} =$$

$$\frac{40}{24} =$$

$$\frac{43}{20} =$$

$$\frac{60}{40} =$$

$$\frac{38}{32} =$$

$$\frac{12}{15} =$$

$$\frac{12}{9} =$$

$$\frac{18}{8} =$$

$$\frac{39}{16} =$$

$$\frac{30}{50} =$$

$$\frac{45)}{12} =$$

$$\frac{2}{8} =$$

Revision: 10 [C] Name: Score:



Х	equivaler	nt compa	are	+/- mixed	adv deci	imals	
imp/r	nixed	simplify	+/- coi	mmon	decimals [revision	

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{5}{25}$$
 =

6)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

$$\frac{4}{50} =$$

$$\frac{1}{20} =$$

$$\frac{12}{25} =$$

8)
$$\frac{23}{50}$$
 =

$$\frac{43}{50} =$$

$$\frac{19}{20} =$$

$$\frac{8}{25} =$$

$$\frac{1}{5} =$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$\frac{11)}{25} =$$

$$\frac{7}{50} =$$

$$\frac{1}{5} =$$

$$\frac{17)}{5} =$$

3)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

$$\frac{18}{25} =$$

$$\frac{14)}{50} =$$

$$\frac{19}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{15)}{50} = \frac{47}{50} = \frac{15}{150}$$

$$\frac{11}{20} =$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{16}{18} = \frac{1}{18}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{4}{25} = \frac{4}{40}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{30}{6} = \frac{40}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{9}{1} = \frac{6}{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{9}{4} = \frac{6}{40} = \frac{24}{40} = \frac{15}{40} = \frac{15}{40}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{15} = \frac{35}{35}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{18} = \frac{36}{36}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$^{29)} \frac{4}{10}$$
 of 10 =

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 14 =

$$\frac{30}{4}$$
 of 36 = $\frac{34}{7}$ of 14 =

$$\frac{34}{7}$$
 of 14 =

$$\frac{31)}{10} \frac{6}{10}$$
 of 20 = $\frac{35)}{2} \frac{2}{3}$ of 9 =

$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 9 =

$$\frac{32}{3}$$
 of 15 = ___

$$\frac{36}{7}$$
 of 14 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

37) 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

41) 10 ×
$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 =

³⁸⁾ 14 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = _____

42) 15 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 =

39) 21 ×
$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 =

43) 9 ×
$$\frac{2}{9}$$
 =

40) 42 ×
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 =

⁴⁴⁾ 14 ×
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 =

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{45}{9} =$$

$$\frac{21}{24} =$$

$$\frac{53)}{15} =$$

$$\frac{8}{16} =$$

$$\frac{24}{18}$$
 =

$$\frac{4}{12} =$$

$$\frac{18}{15} =$$

$$\frac{8}{24} =$$

$$\frac{18}{12} =$$

$$\frac{24}{12} =$$

$$\frac{9}{18}$$
 =

$$\frac{30}{15} =$$

$$\frac{90}{40} =$$

$$\frac{9}{12} =$$

$$\frac{12}{16} =$$

$$\frac{60)}{12} =$$

Name: Score: Revision: 10 [D]



x equivalent compare +/- mixed adv decimals imp/mixed simplify +/- common decimals revision

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

6)
$$\frac{10}{25}$$
 =

$$\frac{1}{5} =$$

$$\frac{6}{25} =$$

$$\frac{3}{5} =$$

$$\frac{7}{25} =$$

4)
$$\frac{10}{50}$$
 =

9)
$$\frac{20}{25} =$$

$$\frac{5}{20} =$$

$$\frac{10}{20} =$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$\frac{11}{2} =$$

$$\frac{16}{20} =$$

$$\frac{3}{25} =$$

$$\frac{17)}{5} =$$

$$\frac{13)}{5} =$$

$$\frac{24}{50} =$$

$$\frac{14)}{20} =$$

$$\frac{45}{50} =$$

$$\frac{15)}{20} =$$

$$\frac{20)}{20} = \frac{9}{20}$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{12} = \frac{3}{12}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{5}{36} = \frac{50}{36}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{8}{4} = \frac{8}{4}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} = \frac{7}{24} = \frac{32}{32}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{36} = \frac{1}{40}$$

$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{4}{60} = \frac{54}{54}$$

$$\frac{26}{8} = \frac{2}{64} = \frac{72}{72}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{27}{15}$$

Subtract the fractions

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 29) & 8\frac{2}{5} \\ - & 5\frac{3}{5} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 31) & 6\frac{8}{10} \\ - & 5\frac{9}{10} \end{array}$$

$$5\frac{1}{3} - 4\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 35) & 9\frac{3}{12} \\ - & 7\frac{7}{12} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 30) & 4\frac{8}{10} \\ - & 1\frac{9}{10} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 32) & 7\frac{1}{3} \\ - & 3\frac{2}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 34) & 9\frac{1}{5} \\ - & 3\frac{3}{5} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rr}
 7\frac{3}{6} \\
 - 6\frac{5}{6}
\end{array}$$

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{9}{24} =$$

$$\frac{6}{36} =$$

$$\frac{3}{24} =$$

$$\frac{6}{24} =$$

$$\frac{38)}{24} =$$

$$\frac{20}{15}$$
 =

$$\frac{6}{24} =$$

$$\frac{3}{3} =$$

$$\frac{18}{48} =$$

$$\frac{42}{24} =$$

$$\frac{5}{15} =$$

$$\frac{30}{25} =$$



Checkup Worksheets



Checkup Worksheets

Checkup Worksheets are designed for assessment of students' learning at intervals of two or three weeks.

Note: Answer keys for all worksheets are in the Answer Keys Section of this eBook.

Name: Check Up A Score:



Г	X	equivaler	nt compa	re +/-	- mixed	adv de	cimals	Ī
	im	p/mixed	simplify	+/- comm	non	decimals	revision	

Multiplying unit fractions by whole numbers

1)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 12 =

6)
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 30 =

2)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 24 = 7) $\frac{1}{9}$ of 36 =

7)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 36 =

3)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 9 = _____ 8) $\frac{1}{4}$ of 24 =

8)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 24 =

4)
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 42 = 9) $\frac{1}{8}$ of 32 =

9)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 32 =

5)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 18 =

$$\frac{10}{2}$$
 of 16 =

Multiplying whole numbers by unit fractions

$$^{27)}$$
 32 × $\frac{1}{4}$ =

32)
$$12 \times \frac{1}{4} =$$

²⁸⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 =

$$^{33)}$$
 15 × $\frac{1}{5}$ =

²⁹⁾ 21 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 = _____ ³⁴⁾ 27 × $\frac{1}{9}$ = ____

$$^{34)}$$
 27 × $\frac{1}{9}$ =

30)
$$28 \times \frac{1}{4} =$$

35) 36 ×
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 =

31) 35 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 =

$$^{36)}$$
 14 × $\frac{1}{2}$ =

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers (sequenced)

$$\frac{11}{6}$$
 of 24 = $\frac{15}{10}$ of 30 =

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 30 =

¹²⁾
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 of 24 = $\frac{16}{10}$ of 30 =

$$\frac{16}{10}$$
 of 30 =

¹³⁾
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 12 = $\frac{17}{8}$ of 16 =

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 16 =

¹⁴⁾
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 12 =

$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 of 16 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions (sequenced)

$$^{37)}$$
 21 × $\frac{1}{7}$ =

$$^{37)}$$
 21 × $\frac{1}{7}$ = $^{41)}$ 30 × $\frac{1}{5}$ =

³⁸⁾ 21 ×
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 = _____ ⁴²⁾ 30 × $\frac{4}{5}$ = ____

42) 30 ×
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 =

³⁹⁾ 16 ×
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 = ⁴³⁾ 36 × $\frac{1}{6}$ =

43) 36 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 =

40) 16 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 =

44) 36 ×
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 =

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

¹⁹⁾
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of 48 =

$$\frac{23}{3}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 of 36 =

$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 of 27 =

$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 of 6 =

$$\frac{25}{8}$$
 of 16 =

²²⁾
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 12 =

$$\frac{6}{7}$$
 of 21 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

45) 28 ×
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 =

49) 30 ×
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 =

⁴⁶⁾ 36 ×
$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 =

50) 42 ×
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 =

47) 16 ×
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 =

⁵¹⁾ 45 ×
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 =

⁴⁸⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 =

52) 20 ×
$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 =

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

$$\frac{13}{4} =$$

$$\frac{14}{3} =$$

54)
$$\frac{9}{5} =$$

58)
$$\frac{18}{5}$$
 =

55)
$$\frac{16}{6}$$
 =

$$\frac{15}{12} =$$

56)
$$\frac{27}{10} =$$

60)
$$\frac{10}{5}$$
 =

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$4\frac{1}{4} =$$

$$1\frac{5}{6} =$$

$$3 = \frac{}{3}$$

$$3\frac{4}{10} =$$

$$1\frac{2}{12} =$$

$$5\frac{2}{3} =$$

$$4\frac{4}{5} =$$

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fractions Worksheets". This Check Up sheet should be used to assess students' progress after completing worksheet 2D.

Name: Score: Check Up B



Х	equivale	nt com	pare	+/- mixed	adv ded	cimals	
imp/r	nixed	simplify] +/– c	ommon	decimals	revision	

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{8}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{21}{12} = \frac{12}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{18} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{12}{6} = \frac{10}{10}$$

$$^{5)} \ \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{20}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{20}{30} = \frac{20}{30}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} = \frac{8}{16} = \frac{1}{16}$$

$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{18}{6} = \frac{10}{10}$$

9)
$$\frac{3}{8} = \frac{27}{56}$$

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{32}{48} =$$

$$\frac{6}{48} =$$

$$\frac{10}{30} =$$

$$\frac{6}{16} =$$

$$\frac{8}{12} =$$

$$\frac{25}{30} =$$

$$\frac{17)}{8} =$$

$$\frac{20)}{8} =$$

$$\frac{12)}{32} =$$

$$\frac{15)}{24} =$$

$$\frac{18)}{12} =$$

$$\frac{21)}{20} =$$

Simplify these fractions, show as a mixed number

$$\frac{24}{18} =$$

$$\frac{26)}{12} =$$

$$\frac{30)}{30} = \frac{80}{30}$$

$$\frac{23)}{30} =$$

$$\frac{32}{16} =$$

$$\frac{31)}{12} =$$

$$\frac{36}{30} =$$

$$\frac{28}{20} = \frac{28}{20}$$

$$\frac{32)}{18} =$$

$$\frac{50}{40} =$$

$$\frac{29)}{8} =$$

$$\frac{33)}{25} =$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 of 18 =

$$\frac{7}{9}$$
 of 9 =

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of 36 =

$$\frac{}{}^{38)} \frac{2}{5} \text{ of } 25 =$$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 24 =

$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 of 20 = ____

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

40) 20 ×
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 =

43) 21 ×
$$\frac{6}{7}$$
 =

41) 24 ×
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 =

44)
$$10 \times \frac{8}{10} =$$

42) 32 ×
$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 =

45) 4 ×
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 =

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fractions Worksheets". This Check Up sheet should be used to assess students' progress after completing worksheet 4D.

Check Up C Name: Score:



x equivale	nt comp	are +	·/– mixed	adv deci	mals
imp/mixed	simplify	+/- com	mon	decimals	revision

Insert <, > or =

1)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 $\frac{5}{8}$

6)
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 $\frac{3}{4}$

$$\frac{21}{5}$$
 _ $4\frac{1}{5}$

$$3\frac{1}{5} - \frac{17}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} - \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} - \frac{6}{10}$$

$$\frac{12)}{4}$$
 $5\frac{1}{4}$

$$^{17)}$$
 $3\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{11}{3}$

8)
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 $\frac{7}{8}$

$$^{13)}$$
 $2\frac{4}{8}$ $\frac{20}{8}$

$$5\frac{2}{3} - \frac{17}{3}$$

$$1\frac{1}{4}$$
 $\frac{6}{4}$

$$\frac{19)}{5} \frac{45}{5} - 9\frac{1}{5}$$

10)
$$\frac{2}{8}$$
 — $\frac{5}{8}$

$$4\frac{1}{6} - \frac{25}{6}$$

$$3\frac{2}{4} - \frac{14}{4}$$

Add the fractions and simplify

$$\frac{21}{5} + \frac{2}{5} =$$

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{4}{8} =$$

$$\frac{22)}{12} + \frac{7}{12} =$$

$$\frac{26}{4} + \frac{2}{4} =$$

$$\frac{23)}{4} + \frac{2}{4} = \frac{27)}{10} + \frac{5}{10} =$$

$$\frac{1}{10} + \frac{5}{10} =$$

$$\frac{24)}{3} + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{7}{12} + \frac{2}{12} =$$

Add the fractions (vertically) and simplify

$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 39) 2

$$+ \frac{2}{10}$$
 $+$

$$1\frac{4}{6} + 2\frac{5}{6}$$

$$4\frac{1}{8}$$

$$2\frac{6}{10}$$
 $1\frac{8}{10}$

Subtract the fractions (change to improper fractions and simplify where necessary)

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & 1\frac{1}{3} \\ & - & \frac{2}{3} \end{array}$$

30)

$$3\frac{2}{4}$$

$$1\frac{2}{12}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{45}{4} - \frac{2}{4} =$$

$${}^{42)}\frac{4}{5} - \frac{2}{5} = \underline{\qquad} {}^{46)}\frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{8} = \underline{\qquad}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{8} =$$

$$\frac{43)}{12} \frac{10}{12} - \frac{5}{12} = \frac{47)}{10} - \frac{4}{10} =$$

$$\frac{7}{10} - \frac{4}{10} =$$

$$\frac{44)}{12} - \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{44)}{12} \frac{6}{12} - \frac{3}{12} = \frac{48)}{6} \frac{3}{6} - \frac{2}{6} =$$

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fractions Worksheets". This Check Up sheet should be used to assess students' progress after completing worksheet 6D.

Name: Check Up D Score:



Х	equivaler	nt comp	oare	+/- mixed	adv de	cimals
imp/n	nixed	simplify	+/- co	mmon [decimals	revision

Convert decimals to common fractions

$$^{1)}$$
 0.7 =

$$^{3)}$$
 0.6 =

Convert decimals to mixed numbers

Convert common fractions to decimals

$$\frac{21)}{20} =$$

$$\frac{34}{50} =$$

$$\frac{22)}{25} =$$

$$\frac{14}{20} =$$

$$\frac{23)}{5} =$$

$$\frac{5}{25} =$$

$$\frac{24)}{2} =$$

$$\frac{29}{50} =$$

$$\frac{6}{20} =$$

$$\frac{40}{50} =$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$5\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$2\frac{2}{5} =$$

$$1\frac{11}{50} =$$

$$1\frac{1}{5} =$$

$$5\frac{23}{50} =$$

$$38) \quad 3\frac{30}{50} =$$

$$7\frac{2}{30} =$$

$$5\frac{29}{50} =$$

$$3\frac{2}{25} =$$

$$6\frac{15}{20} =$$

Insert <. > or =

$$\frac{6}{9} - \frac{4}{12}$$

$$\frac{43}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{45}{5} = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$2\frac{3}{4} - \frac{11}{4}$$

$$\frac{2}{9} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$3\frac{2}{3} - \frac{10}{3}$$

$$\frac{48)}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

⁴⁹⁾
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of 48 =

$$\frac{53}{3}$$
 of 27 =

$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 of $10 =$

$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 of 42 =

⁵¹⁾
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 14 = _____

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 50 =

$$\frac{52}{7}$$
 of 28 =

⁵⁶⁾
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 4 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

⁵⁷⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

61)
$$40 \times \frac{3}{8} =$$

⁵⁸⁾ 16 ×
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 =

62) 45 ×
$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 =

$$^{59)}$$
 24 × $\frac{5}{6}$ =

63) 16 ×
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 =

60) 20 ×
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 =

64) 18 ×
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 =

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fractions Worksheets". This Check Up sheet should be used to assess students' progress after completing worksheet 8D.



Homework Sheets



Homework Sheets

Homework Sheets are designed to be sent home at regular intervals for home-based revision of arithmetic facts. Each sheet includes information for parents to briefly explain the learning strategy being adopted in the classroom, so that parents can offer help to their children that is consistent with what is taught at school.

Suggested Uses:

- 1. Use homework sheets for reinforcement of learning in class, by sending matching homework sheets home as each strategy is covered in class.
- 2. Introduce the program of developing fluency in arithmetic facts at a parent evening, open day, or parent-teacher interview, for example. Use the occasion to explain to parents the strategies being adopted in your classroom, and invite parents to assist their child to learn by following the Advice to Parents on each homework sheet.

Note: **Answer keys** for all worksheets are in the Answer Keys Section of this eBook.

Homework **Multiplying by Fractions:** 1 HW



Х	equivalent	compa	re	+/- mixed	adv decii	mals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/	– common	decimals	revision

Multiiplying unit fractions by whole numbers

1)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 45 =

6)
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 15 =

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 32 =

7)
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 49 =

3)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 27 =

8)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 48 =

4)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 8 =

9)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 40 =

5)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 18 =

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 10 =

Multiplying whole numbers by unit fractions

31) 21 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 =

$$^{36)}$$
 36 × $\frac{1}{9}$ =

32) 42 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 =

$$^{37)}$$
 40 × $\frac{1}{4}$ =

33)
$$28 \times \frac{1}{7} =$$

³⁸⁾ 48 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 =

³⁴⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 =

39) 24 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 =

$$^{35)}$$
 16 × $\frac{1}{4}$ =

40) 5 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 =

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

¹¹⁾
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 24 =

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 45 =

12)
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 of 24 =

$$\frac{22}{5}$$
 of 45 =

$$\frac{13}{9}$$
 of 54 =

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 56 =

$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 of 54 =

$$^{24)} \frac{4}{8}$$
 of 56 =

15)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 18 =

$$^{25)} \frac{1}{7} \text{ of } 42 =$$

16)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{16}{3}$$
 of 18 =

$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of 42 =

¹⁷⁾
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 32 = _____

$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 32 =

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of 30 =

19)
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 28 =

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 70 =

$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of 28 =

$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 of $70 =$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41) 36 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 =

⁵¹⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 =

42) 36 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 =

⁵²⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 =

43) 63 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 =

⁵³⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 =

⁴⁴⁾ 63 ×
$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 =

⁵⁴⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 =

45) 30 ×
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 =

55) 81 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 =

46) 30 ×
$$\frac{8}{10}$$
 =

⁵⁶⁾ 81 ×
$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 =

47) 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 =

$$^{57)}$$
 25 × $\frac{1}{5}$ =

⁴⁸⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 =

⁵⁸⁾ 25 ×
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 =

49) 36 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 =

⁵⁹⁾ 32 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 =

$$^{50)}$$
 36 × $\frac{5}{9}$ =

60) 32 ×
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 =

Revision

69)
$$4 - 2 =$$

2 HW

Homework

Improper and Mixed Numbers:



equivalent compare +/- mixed adv decimals imp/mixed simplify +/- common decimals revision

Converting Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions:

Remember:

$$2\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$
 or $(2 \times \frac{5}{5}) + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$

$$(2 \times \frac{5}{5}) + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$

Mixed numbers to improper fractions

1)
$$3\frac{2}{4} =$$

$$\mathbf{4} = \frac{1}{6}$$

11)
$$2\frac{4}{7} =$$

6)
$$4 = \frac{6}{6}$$
 11) $2\frac{4}{7} = \frac{10}{10}$ 16) $10\frac{2}{3} = \frac{10}{10}$

2)
$$4 = \frac{1}{5}$$
 7) $5\frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{2}$ 12) $2 = \frac{1}{2}$ 17) $7\frac{6}{10} = \frac{1}{2}$

7)
$$5\frac{2}{3} =$$

12)
$$2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

17)
$$7\frac{6}{10} =$$

3)
$$3\frac{7}{8} =$$
 8) $9 = \overline{8}$

$$9 = \frac{1}{8}$$

13)
$$5\frac{3}{4} =$$

18)
$$3\frac{1}{4} =$$

4)
$$2\frac{4}{10} =$$

9)
$$3\frac{1}{2} =$$

14)
$$2\frac{3}{4} =$$

$$^{ extsf{19})}$$
 $7=$ $\overline{ extsf{8}}$

$$7\frac{2}{8} =$$
 $7\frac{5}{6} =$

$$7\frac{5}{6} =$$

¹⁵⁾
$$1\frac{3}{12} =$$

$$8\frac{1}{3} =$$

Converting Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers:

Remember:

$$\frac{11}{4}$$
 11 ÷ 4 = 2 with a remainder of 3 so the mixed number is $2\frac{3}{4}$

Improper fractions to mixed numbers

$$\frac{14}{6} =$$

26)
$$\frac{13}{4}$$
 =

$$\frac{12}{3} =$$

$$\frac{8}{2} =$$

$$\frac{7}{5} =$$

$$\frac{12}{5} =$$

$$\frac{18}{4} =$$

$$\frac{17}{5} =$$

$$\frac{10}{6} =$$

$$\frac{13}{5} =$$

$$\frac{16}{5} =$$

$$\frac{16}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{15}{5} =$$

$$\frac{11}{4} =$$

$$\frac{24}{5} =$$

$$\frac{16}{4} =$$

$$\frac{25}{8} =$$

$$\frac{10}{4} = \frac{10}{10}$$

$$\frac{10}{5} =$$

$$\frac{11}{2} = \frac{11}{2}$$

Revision

$$51) 5 - 3 =$$

$$45) 9 + 5 =$$



Х	equivalen	t compa	re	+/- mixed	adv o	decimals	
imp/n	nixed	simplify	+/- co	mmon	decimals	revision	

Equivalent Fractions:

Equivalent fractions represent the same amount even though they have different numerators and denominators.

For example: $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{4}{8}$

To make an equivalent fraction you have to multiply or divide the numerator and denominator by the same number.

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2 \times 3}{3 \times 3} = \frac{6}{9}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2 \times 3}{3 \times 3} = \frac{6}{9}$$
 $\frac{15}{25} = \frac{15 \div 5}{25 \div 5} = \frac{3}{5}$

Equivalent Fractions

$$\frac{1}{8} = \frac{30}{80}$$

$$\frac{6)}{3} = \frac{9}{18}$$

$$\frac{11)}{6} = \frac{2}{42}$$

$$\frac{16)}{4} = \frac{18}{24}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\frac{7}{1} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\frac{12)}{5} = \frac{27}{45}$$

$$\frac{17}{6} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = \frac{24}{48}$$

$$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{10}{50}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{9}{}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{27}{}$$

$$\frac{4)}{2} = \frac{8}{16}$$

9)
$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{35}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{30}{30}$$

$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{14}{6}$$

$$\frac{10)}{8} = \frac{25}{40}$$

$$^{15)}$$
 $\frac{4}{54}$ = $\frac{36}{54}$

$$\frac{20}{5} = \frac{4}{20}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

²¹⁾
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 18 = _____ ²⁶⁾ $\frac{1}{2}$ of 18 = _____

²²⁾
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 18 = ²⁷⁾

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 64 = ____

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 50 = ____

$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 of 64 = ____

$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 of $50 =$ ____

$$\frac{29}{5}$$
 of 35 = $\frac{1}{5}$

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 40 =

$$\frac{30}{5}$$
 of 45 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$\frac{31}{27} \times \frac{1}{9} = \frac{36}{24} \times \frac{3}{4} =$$

32) 27 ×
$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 =

$$^{37)}$$
 36 × $\frac{3}{4}$ = _____

$$^{33)}$$
 12 × $\frac{2}{4}$ =

38) 12 ×
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 =

$$^{34)}$$
 24 × $\frac{1}{3}$ =

39) 30 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 =

$$^{35)}$$
 5 × $\frac{4}{5}$ =

40) 49 ×
$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 =

Revision

51)
$$7 - 4 =$$
 56) $13 - 5 =$

Simplifying Fractions: 4 HW Homework



x equivale	ent com	pare	+/- mixed	adv de	cimals
imp/mixed	simplify	+/- cor	mmon	decimals	revision

Simplifying Fractions:

Simplifying a fraction means to make an equivalent fraction which has numbers as small as possible. To do this, find the equivalent fraction with the smallest numbers. This means dividing the numerator and denominator with common factors.

For example:

In some cases a fraction can be simplified $\frac{6}{12}$ $\frac{3}{6}$ $\frac{1}{2}$

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{18}{30} =$$

$$\frac{2}{6} =$$

$$\frac{11)}{18} =$$

$$\frac{16)}{18} =$$

$$\frac{6}{30} =$$

$$\frac{30}{36} =$$

$$\frac{12)}{15} =$$

$$\frac{17}{36} =$$

$$\frac{3}{12} =$$

$$\frac{12}{16} =$$

$$\frac{3}{12} =$$

$$\frac{18)}{15} =$$

$$\frac{10}{20} =$$

9)
$$\frac{20}{40}$$
 =

$$\frac{14)}{10} =$$

$$\frac{19)}{30} =$$

$$\frac{6}{36} =$$

$$\frac{10)}{60} =$$

$$\frac{15)}{30} =$$

$$\frac{20)}{16} =$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{6}{7}$$
 of 21 =

$$\frac{26}{5}$$
 of 20 =

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of 6 =

$$\frac{27}{3}$$
 of 12 =

$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 of 20 =

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 of 45 =

$$\frac{24}{6}$$
 of 30 =

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{4}{8}$$
 of 16 =

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 24 =

$$\frac{2}{8}$$
 of 64 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

31)
$$28 \times \frac{1}{7} =$$

$$^{36)}$$
 24 × $\frac{1}{4}$ =

32) 5 ×
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 =

$$^{37)}$$
 28 × $\frac{3}{7}$ =

33)
$$16 \times \frac{1}{2} =$$

38) 81 ×
$$\frac{2}{9}$$
 =

$$^{34)}$$
 40 × $\frac{5}{8}$ =

$$^{39)}$$
 45 × $\frac{3}{5}$ =

35) 20 ×
$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 =

40) 10 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

Revision

$$45) 8 + 7 =$$

Homework Comparing Fractions: 5 HW



Х	equivaler	nt [compare	+/- mixed	d adv	decimals
imp/	/mixed	simp	lify +/	_ common	decimals	s revision

Comparing Fractions:

When denominators are the same it is easy, the numerator tells you which fraction is larger:

$$\frac{3}{4} > \frac{2}{4}$$

When the denominators are different, the easiest way to compare them is to find an equivalent fraction that make the denominators the same:

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 \square $\frac{7}{8}$

$$\frac{6}{8}\frac{3}{4}<\frac{7}{8}$$

Sometimes both fractions need changing:

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 $\boxed{\frac{5}{6}}$

$$\frac{9}{12} \frac{\cancel{8}}{\cancel{4}} < \frac{\cancel{8}}{\cancel{8}} \frac{10}{12}$$

Insert <, > or =

- 1) $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$
- 6) $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{1}{4}$

- 11) $\frac{3}{9}$ $\frac{1}{3}$
- 16) $\frac{3}{4}$ ____ $\frac{4}{6}$

- 2) $\frac{5}{8}$ ___ $\frac{5}{6}$
- 7) $\frac{6}{8}$ ___ $\frac{3}{4}$

- 12) $\frac{4}{6}$ $\frac{2}{3}$
- 17) $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{9}{12}$

- 3) $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{5}{8}$
- 8) 2/8

- 13) $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{3}{6}$
- 18) $\frac{2}{4}$ ___ $\frac{2}{5}$

- 4) $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
- 9) $\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$
- $\frac{14)}{6} = \frac{3}{12}$
- 19) 2 3

- 5) $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{2}{4}$
- 10) $\frac{2}{4}$ ____ $\frac{4}{8}$

- 15) $\frac{1}{4}$ ___ $\frac{2}{3}$
- 20) 5 2

Simplify these fractions, show as a mixed number

 $\frac{21)}{10} =$

 $\frac{25)}{16} =$

 $\frac{29)}{36} =$

 $\frac{10}{4} =$

 $\frac{24}{16} =$

 $\frac{30}{24} =$

 $\frac{23)}{6} =$

 $\frac{36}{30} =$

 $\frac{25}{15} =$

 $\frac{24)}{15} =$

 $\frac{8}{6} =$

 $\frac{32)}{9} = \frac{21}{9}$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

- $\frac{33}{8}$ of 8 =
- $\frac{37}{8}$ of 16 =
- $\frac{7}{9}$ of 36 =
- $\frac{2}{5}$ of 40 =
- $\frac{2}{7}$ of 42 =
- $\frac{5}{8}$ of 16 =
- $\frac{1}{3}$ of 27 =
- 40) $\frac{3}{8}$ of 48 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

- 41) 12 × $\frac{2}{3}$ =
- 45) 48 × $\frac{3}{6}$ =
- 42) 40 × $\frac{7}{10}$ =
- 46) 36 × $\frac{2}{9}$ =
- 43) 18 × $\frac{2}{9}$ =
- 47) 12 × $\frac{2}{6}$ =
- ⁴⁴⁾ 14 × $\frac{4}{7}$ =
- 48) 30 × $\frac{2}{3}$ =

Homework

Adding and Subtractions Fractions: 6 HW



x equivalent compare +/- mixed adv decimals imp/mixed simplify +/- common decimals revision

Add the fractions

1)
$$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{5} =$$

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} =$$

$$\frac{3}{6} + \frac{4}{6} =$$

4)
$$\frac{6}{9} + \frac{5}{9} =$$

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} =$$

Add the fractions. Change the improper fractions to mixed numbers and simplify.

Subtract the fractions (change to improper fractions where necessary)

6)
$$1\frac{2}{8} - \frac{3}{8} =$$

7)
$$1\frac{2}{6} - \frac{4}{6} =$$

8)
$$1\frac{2}{10} - \frac{5}{10} =$$

9)
$$1\frac{4}{10} - \frac{6}{10} =$$

$$10) 1\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} =$$

Subtract the fractions (change to improper fractions where necessary)

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{3}{36}$$

$$\frac{27}{1} = \frac{5}{15}$$

$$\frac{31)}{6} = \frac{9}{54}$$

$$\frac{35)}{4} = \frac{9}{12}$$

$$\frac{4}{50} = \frac{40}{50}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{6}{40}$$

$$\frac{36}{4} = \frac{12}{16}$$

$$\frac{1}{25} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\frac{3}{12} = \frac{9}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{1}$$

$$\frac{37}{8} = \frac{4}{80}$$

$$\frac{26}{6} = \frac{2}{12}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{24}{8}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{5}{54}$$

$$\frac{38}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$$

Adding and Subtracting Mixed Numbers: 7 HW



x equivalent compare +/- mixed adv decimals imp/mixed simplify +/- common decimals revision

Add the fractions. Regroup where necessary. Simplify where possible.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 1) & 2\frac{2}{3} \\ + & 4\frac{1}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & 2\frac{3}{5} & & 2\frac{3}{5} \\ & + & 4\frac{3}{5} & & \end{array}$$

$$6\frac{8}{10} + 1\frac{9}{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & 1\frac{1}{12} \\ + & 4\frac{1}{12} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & 3\frac{2}{9} \\ & + & 5\frac{2}{9} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & & 3\frac{2}{3} \\ & + & 2\frac{2}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & 2\frac{4}{6} \\ + & 2\frac{5}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} ^{8)} & 1\frac{1}{4} \\ + & 3\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$$

Subtract the fractions. Regroup where necessary and simplify.

$$8\frac{1}{6}$$
 $- 5\frac{5}{6}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 7\frac{4}{6} & 7\frac{4}{6} \\ - & 1\frac{5}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 13) & 9\frac{2}{6} \\ - & 3\frac{4}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
10) & 8\frac{1}{3} \\
- & 5\frac{2}{3}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{rrr}
 & 7\frac{5}{6} \\
 & - 7\frac{4}{6}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & 8\frac{2}{4} \\
 & - 3\frac{3}{4}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
16) & 8\frac{8}{10} \\
- & 4\frac{9}{10}
\end{array}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{17}{7}$$
 of 42 =

$$\frac{21}{4}$$
 of 32 =

$$\frac{18}{5}$$
 of 15 = ____

$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 of 9 =

19)
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 of 36 =

$$\frac{23}{4}$$
 of 32 =

$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 of 40 =

$$\frac{24}{3}$$
 of 15 =

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$^{25)}$$
 6 × $\frac{2}{3}$ =

²⁹⁾ 16 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 =

²⁶⁾ 10 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

$$^{30)}$$
 10 × $\frac{2}{10}$ =

$$^{27)}$$
 40 × $\frac{9}{10}$ =

31) 16 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

²⁸⁾ 30 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 =

$$^{32)}$$
 36 × $\frac{4}{6}$ =

Insert <, > or =

$$1\frac{1}{3} - \frac{8}{9}$$

$$1\frac{3}{12}$$
 $1\frac{6}{12}$

$$^{37)}$$
 $2\frac{1}{6}$ $\frac{14}{6}$

39)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 ___ $\frac{2}{5}$

$$3\frac{1}{3} = \frac{10}{3}$$

$$2\frac{3}{5} - \frac{12}{5}$$

$$40)$$
 $4\frac{4}{5}$ $\frac{24}{5}$

Converting Decimals to Common Fractions: 8 HW



equivalent compare +/- mixed adv decimals imp/mixed simplify +/- common decimals

Converting Decimal Fractions to Common Fractions or Mixed Numbers:

It is important to look at the places shown by each decimal. If only the tenths place is shown then use 10 as the denominator; if hundredths, then use 100 as the denominator.

$$0.4 = \frac{4}{10}$$

0.36 is 36 hundredths

$$0.36 = \frac{36}{100}$$

2.5 is 2 and 5 tenths

$$2.5 = 2\frac{5}{10}$$

6.78 is 6 and 78 hundredths
$$6.78 = 6 \frac{78}{100}$$

Convert decimals to common fractions

$$^{6)}$$
 0.59 =

$$^{2)}$$
 0.8 =

$$^{3)}$$
 0.9 =

Convert decimals to mixed numbers

Converting Common Fractions or Mixed Numbers to Decimal Fractions:

It is important to look at the denominator. If it is a 10 or 100, think of the places that are shown by that denominator.

$$\frac{4}{10}$$
 is 4 tenths so as a decimal it is 0.4

 $\frac{36}{100}$ is 36 hundredths so as a decimal it is 0.36

$$3\frac{7}{10}$$
 is 3 and 7 tenths so as a decimal it is 3.7

 $8\frac{54}{100}$ is 8 and 54 hundredths so as a decimal it is 8.54

Convert common fractions to decimals

$$\frac{11}{100} =$$

$$\frac{26}{10} =$$

$$\frac{1}{10} =$$

$$\frac{3}{100} =$$

$$\frac{33}{100} =$$

$$\frac{47}{100} =$$

$$\frac{5}{10} =$$

$$\frac{39}{100} =$$

$$\frac{42}{100} =$$

$$\frac{30)}{10} =$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$6\frac{41}{100} =$$

$$6\frac{8}{10} =$$

$$4\frac{20}{100} =$$

$$2\frac{26}{100} =$$

$$1\frac{32}{100} =$$

$$38) \quad 3\frac{40}{100} =$$

$$7\frac{3}{10} =$$

$$5\frac{31}{100} =$$

$$\frac{9}{10} =$$

$$3\frac{7}{10} =$$

9 HW

Homework

Advanced Fractions to Decimals:



x equivalent compare +/- mixed adv decimals imp/mixed simplify +/- common decimals revision

Converting Equivalent Common Fractions to Decimal Fractions:

When the denominator is not a 10 or 100, then the fraction needs to be changed to its equivalent denominator that is 10 or 100.

$$\frac{2}{5}\frac{4}{10}$$
 is 4 tenths so as a decimal it is 0.4

$$\frac{5}{20}\frac{25}{100}$$
 is 25 hundredths so as a decimal it is 0.25

$$3\frac{1}{2}\frac{5}{10}$$
 is 3 and 5 tenths so as a decimal it is 3.5

$$8\frac{6}{25}\frac{24}{100}$$
 is 8 and 24 hundredths so as a decimal it is 8.24

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{17}{50} =$$
 11) $\frac{22}{50} =$

$$\frac{9}{25} = \frac{12}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{13}{5} = \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{50} = \frac{14}{50} = \frac{18}{50} = \frac{1}{50}$$

$$\frac{22}{25} = \frac{15}{25} = \frac{1}{25} = \frac{1}{25$$

6)
$$\frac{3}{5} =$$
 16) $\frac{23}{25} =$

$$\frac{7}{20} = \frac{17}{20} = \frac{17}$$

8)
$$\frac{11}{50}$$
 = $\frac{18}{20}$ =

9)
$$\frac{15}{50} =$$
 19) $\frac{9}{20} =$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$1\frac{4}{5} =$$
 $31)$ $8\frac{10}{25} =$

$$8\frac{1}{2} = \underline{\qquad} 32) \quad 7\frac{5}{20} = \underline{\qquad}$$

$$1\frac{2}{5} = \frac{33}{5} = \frac{3}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$4\frac{2}{20} = \frac{34}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$5\frac{32}{50} =$$
 $7\frac{7}{25} =$

$$1\frac{14}{50} = \frac{36}{60} = \frac{36}{20} = \frac{36}{10}$$

$$9\frac{13}{50} =$$
 $1\frac{11}{20} =$

$$5\frac{7}{20} = \frac{38}{50} = \frac{16}{50} = \frac{1}{50}$$

$$7\frac{10}{25} = 39) \quad 7\frac{11}{25} = 39$$

$$7\frac{9}{20} =$$
 $3\frac{27}{50} =$

Multiply fractions by whole numbers

41)
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of 36 = 45) $\frac{2}{6}$ of 36 =

42)
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 16 = 46) $\frac{9}{10}$ of 40 =

$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 of 10 = $\frac{47}{8}$ of 48 =

$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 of 40 = $\frac{48}{9}$ of 18 = $\frac{4}{9}$

Multiply whole numbers by fractions

⁴⁹⁾ 36 ×
$$\frac{2}{9}$$
 = _____ ⁵³⁾ 10 × $\frac{4}{10}$ = ____

$$^{(0)}$$
 40 × $\frac{2}{8}$ = $^{(54)}$ 30 × $\frac{4}{6}$ =

1)
$$42 \times \frac{4}{6} =$$
 55) $30 \times \frac{7}{10} =$

⁵²⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = _____ ⁵⁶⁾ 15 × $\frac{2}{3}$ = _____

Homework Revision: 10 HW



Х	equivalen	it comp	are +	-/– mixed	adv deci	mals	
imp/m	iixed	simplify	+/- com	imon (decimals [revision	

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{1}{8} =$$

$$\frac{18}{24} =$$

$$\frac{22}{6} =$$

$$\frac{35}{25} =$$

$$\frac{45}{50} =$$

$$\frac{9}{24} =$$

6)
$$\frac{6}{18}$$
 =

$$\frac{4}{32} =$$

Convert common fractions to decimals

9)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 =

$$\frac{3}{5} =$$

$$\frac{10}{25} =$$

$$\frac{4}{5} =$$

$$\frac{11)}{25} =$$

$$\frac{16}{25} =$$

$$\frac{12}{5} =$$

$$\frac{44}{50} =$$

$$\frac{13)}{25} =$$

8)
$$\frac{13}{50}$$
 =

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$19) 1\frac{1}{2} =$$

$$9\frac{5}{25} =$$

$$20) \quad 2\frac{29}{50}$$

$$2\frac{29}{50} =$$

$$6\frac{2}{25} =$$

$$7\frac{7}{25} =$$

$$7\frac{7}{25} =$$

$$3\frac{3}{5} =$$

$$8\frac{5}{25} =$$

$$1\frac{7}{2} =$$

Add the fractions

$$4\frac{3}{8}$$
 + $1\frac{3}{8}$

$$+ 2\frac{3}{10}$$

$$5_{\frac{9}{9}}$$
 + $5_{\frac{1}{9}}$

$$+ 5\frac{6}{9}$$

Subtract the fractions

$$9\frac{1}{4}$$
 - $7\frac{3}{4}$

$$\frac{7}{6}$$
 $\frac{6}{6}$

$$-3\frac{9}{12}$$

$$-3\frac{4}{6}$$

Add the fractions

$$8\frac{4}{10} + 1\frac{9}{10} =$$

$$1\frac{7}{9} + 4\frac{1}{9} =$$

$$1\frac{2}{5} - \frac{3}{5} =$$

$$3\frac{2}{6} - \frac{5}{6}$$



Answer Keys



Answer Keys

Answer Keys are provided for all worksheets in this eBook. Each Answer Key is identified by the title in the header of the page, which is identical to the relevant worksheet.

Suggested Uses:

- 1. Put the complete set of answer keys in a folder for students to take when marking their own work.
- 2. Display the relevant answer key on a data projector, with or without an interactive whiteboard, to display the answers to students as they mark each other's responses.

Name: Multiplying by Fractions: Score: 1[A]



Х	equivalent	t compar	·e	+/- mixed	adv decii	mals
im	o/mixed	simplify	+/-	common	decimals	revision

Multiplying Fractions by Whole Numbers:

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of $12 = 3$

1. Divide the whole number by the denominator:

$$\frac{1}{4} \times 12 = 12 \div 4 = 3$$

2. If one quarter of 12 = 3, then three quarters = 9:

$$\frac{3}{4} \times 12 = (12 \div 4) \times 3 = 3 \times 3 = 9$$

Multiplying unit fractions by whole numbers

1)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of $45 = 5$

6)
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of $10 = 1$

2)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of $48 = 6$

2)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of $48 = 6$ 7) $\frac{1}{4}$ of $40 = 10$

3)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 8 = 4

3)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 8 = 4 8) $\frac{1}{4}$ of 32 = 8

4)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 27 = 3 9) $\frac{1}{9}$ of 18 = 2

9)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of $18 = 2$

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of $15 = 3$

$$\frac{10}{7}$$
 of 49 = 7

Multiplying whole numbers by unit fractions

31)
$$28 \times \frac{1}{7} = 4$$

36)
$$42 \times \frac{1}{6} = 7$$

32)
$$5 \times \frac{1}{5} = 1$$

$$^{37)}$$
 40 × $\frac{1}{4}$ = 10

33)
$$16 \times \frac{1}{4} = 4$$

38) 21 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 = 7

³⁴⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 = 6

³⁹⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 = 8

³⁵⁾ 48 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 = 6

40) 36 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 = 4

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

11)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 30 = 5

²¹⁾
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 25 = 5

12)
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 of 30 = 10

$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 of 25 = 15

13)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 36 = 9

$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 of $16 = 10$

15)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 24 = 8

$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 24 = 4

¹⁶⁾
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 24 = 16

²⁶⁾
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 of 24 = 16

17)
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 20 = 4

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 15 = 3

¹⁸⁾
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 of 20 = 12

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 of 15 = 12

¹⁹⁾
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 12 = 4

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 90 = 9

$$\frac{20}{3}$$
 of $12 = 8$

$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 of $90 = 63$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41)
$$36 \times \frac{1}{4} = 9$$

$$^{51)}$$
 30 × $\frac{1}{6}$ = 5

42)
$$36 \times \frac{3}{4} = 27$$

52) 30 ×
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 = 10

43)
$$18 \times \frac{1}{9} = 2$$

⁵³⁾ 54 ×
$$\frac{1}{6} = 9$$

44)
$$18 \times \frac{8}{9} = 16$$

⁵⁴⁾ 54 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 = 27

45)
$$40 \times \frac{1}{10} = 4$$

⁵⁵⁾ 63 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 = 7

46) 40 ×
$$\frac{8}{10}$$
 = 32

⁵⁶⁾ 63 ×
$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 = 28

⁴⁷⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 = 3

⁵⁷⁾ 25 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 5

⁴⁸⁾
$$18 \times \frac{4}{6} = 12$$

⁵⁸⁾ 25 ×
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 = 20

49) 9 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 = 1

⁵⁹⁾ 32 ×
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 = 8

$$50)$$
 9 × $\frac{5}{9}$ = 5

60)
$$32 \times \frac{3}{4} = 24$$

Multiplying by Fractions: Name: Score: 1 [B]



x eq	uivalent	compare	+/- mixed	adv decir	mals
imp/mi	xed sir	nplify +/	– common	decimals	revision

Multiplying unit fractions by whole numbers

1)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 24 = 6

6)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of $16 = 4$

$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 27 = 3

2)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 27 = 3 7) $\frac{1}{10}$ of 30 = 3

3)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 16 = 4 8) $\frac{1}{5}$ of 10 = 2

8)
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of $10 = 2$

4)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of $18 = 6$

9)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 24 = 4

5)
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of $42 = 6$

$$\frac{10}{3}$$
 of 24 = 8

Multiplying whole numbers by unit fractions

$$^{31)}$$
 20 × $\frac{1}{10}$ = 2

$$^{36)}$$
 18 × $\frac{1}{2}$ = 9

32) 30 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 = 10

$$^{37)}$$
 30 × $\frac{1}{6}$ = 5

33)
$$18 \times \frac{1}{2} = 9$$

³⁸⁾
$$72 \times \frac{1}{9} = 8$$

³⁴⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 = 6

³⁹⁾ 27 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 = 3

35)
$$48 \times \frac{1}{6} = 8$$

40) 24 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 = 8

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

11)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of $45 = 5$

²¹⁾
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 49 = **7**

12)
$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 of $45 = 25$

²²⁾
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of 49 = 35

13)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 16 = 4

$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of $42 = 7$

¹⁴⁾
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 16 = 12

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of 42 = 35

15)
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of $40 = 4$

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 24 = 6

$$\frac{8}{10}$$
 of 40 = 32

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 24 = 18

17)
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of $45 = 9$

$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of $72 = 8$

¹⁸⁾
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 of $45 = 27$

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{6}{9}$$
 of $72 = 48$

¹⁹⁾
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 80 = 8

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 30 = 5

$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 of 80 = 48

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of $30 = 25$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41) 32 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 = 4

51) 35 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 7

42)
$$32 \times \frac{5}{8} = 20$$

⁵²⁾ 35 ×
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 = 28

43) 36 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 = 4

⁵³⁾ 63 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 = 9

44)
$$36 \times \frac{6}{9} = 24$$

⁵⁴⁾ 63 ×
$$\frac{6}{7}$$
 = 54

45) 42 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 = 6

⁵⁵⁾ 81 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 = 9

46) 42 ×
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 = 30

⁵⁶⁾ 81 ×
$$\frac{8}{9}$$
 = 72

47)
$$27 \times \frac{1}{3} = 9$$

⁵⁷⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 8

⁴⁸⁾ 27 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 = 18

⁵⁸⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 = 32

49) 32 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 = 4

⁵⁹⁾ 63 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 = 9

⁵⁰⁾ 32 ×
$$\frac{4}{8}$$
 = 16

60) 63 ×
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 = 45

Revision

61)
$$9 + 9 = 18$$

65)
$$7 + 6 = 13$$

66)
$$5 + 9 = 14$$

74)
$$9 - 3 = 6$$

63)
$$4 + 4 = 8$$

67)
$$4 + 9 = 13$$

75)
$$4 - 2 = 2$$

64)
$$4 + 5 = 9$$

72)
$$12 - 7 = 5$$

76)
$$14 - 8 = 6$$

Multiplying by Fractions: Name: Score: 1 [C]



Х	equivalent	t compar	e +/- mixed	adv decii	mals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- common	decimals	revision

Multiplying unit fractions by whole numbers

1)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 20 = 5

6)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of $36 = 9$

2)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 81 = 9

7)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 30 = 10

3)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $10 = 5$ 8) $\frac{1}{6}$ of $30 = 5$

8)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of $30 = 5$

4)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of $72 = 8$

9)
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 49 = 7

5)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of $72 = 9$

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 40 = 4

Multiplying whole numbers by unit fractions

31) 30 ×
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 = 3

$$^{36)}$$
 20 × $\frac{1}{5}$ = 4

32)
$$36 \times \frac{1}{4} = 9$$

³⁷⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 = 6

33)
$$18 \times \frac{1}{6} = 3$$

³⁸⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 8

$$^{34)}$$
 40 × $\frac{1}{10}$ = 4

³⁹⁾ 10 ×
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 = 1

35) 56 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 = 8

40) 48 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 = 6

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

11)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 15 = 10

²¹⁾
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 20 = 10

12)
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of 49 = 35

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 20 = 15

13)
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 of $28 = 14$

$$\frac{23}{4}$$
 of 24 = 12

$$\frac{8}{10}$$
 of 30 = 24

$$\frac{4}{10}$$
 of $10 = 4$

15)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 27 = 9

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 24 = 12

¹⁶⁾
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 5 = 1

²⁶⁾
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 of $12 = 6$

$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 of 30 = 18

$$\frac{27}{9}$$
 of $9 = 2$

¹⁸⁾
$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 of 40 = 28

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of $40 = 30$

19)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 8 = 4

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 49 = **7**

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of $12 = 4$

30)
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 of $42 = 12$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41)
$$12 \times \frac{4}{6} = 8$$

⁵¹⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 = 6

42)
$$20 \times \frac{1}{2} = 10$$

$$52) \ \ 21 \times \frac{2}{7} = 6$$

43)
$$27 \times \frac{4}{9} = 12$$

⁵³⁾ 6 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 3

44)
$$30 \times \frac{8}{10} = 24$$

⁵⁴⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 = 6

45)
$$36 \times \frac{1}{6} = 6$$

⁵⁵⁾ 21 ×
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 = 6

46) 6 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 3

⁵⁶⁾ 12 ×
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 = 4

⁴⁷⁾ 32 ×
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 = 20

⁵⁷⁾ 10 ×
$$\frac{2}{10}$$
 = 2

⁴⁸⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 = 30

⁵⁸⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 = 14

⁴⁹⁾
$$7 \times \frac{5}{7} = 5$$

⁵⁹⁾ 48 ×
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 = 18

50)
$$40 \times \frac{3}{10} = 12$$

60)
$$45 \times \frac{2}{5} = 18$$

Revision

61)
$$4 + 7 = 11$$

65)
$$4 + 6 = 10$$

73)
$$17 - 9 = 8$$

62)
$$5 + 5 = 10$$

66)
$$9 + 4 = 13$$

70)
$$5 - 2 = 3$$

63)
$$7 + 3 = 10$$

$$64) 9 + 6 = 15$$

$$68) 9 + 5 = 14$$

72)
$$13 - 8 = 5$$

76)
$$12 - 2 = 10$$

Multiplying by Fractions: Name: 1 [D] Score:



Х	equivalent	t compar	e +/- mixed	adv decii	mals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- common	decimals	revision

Multiplying unit fractions by whole numbers 1) $\frac{1}{2}$ of 18 = 96) $\frac{1}{2}$ of 10 = 5

1)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $18 = 9$

6)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $10 = 5$

2)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 21 = 7

7)
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 10 = 1

3)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 36 = 9

3)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 36 = 9 8) $\frac{1}{8}$ of 64 = 8

4)
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 49 = **7**

9)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 54 = 9

$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 30 = 5

$$\frac{10}{8}$$
 of $56 = 7$

Multiplying whole numbers by unit fractions 31 5 × $\frac{1}{5}$ = 1 35 × $\frac{1}{5}$ = 7

$$31)$$
 5 × $\frac{1}{5}$ = 1

³⁶⁾ 35 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 7

32) 81 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 = 9

³⁷⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 = 3

33)
$$28 \times \frac{1}{4} = 7$$

³⁸⁾
$$72 \times \frac{1}{9} = 8$$

$$^{34)}$$
 18 × $\frac{1}{2}$ = 9

³⁹⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 = 6

35) 49 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 = 7

40) 63 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 = 7

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

11)
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 of $16 = 6$

21)
$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 of $7 = 4$

12)
$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 of $10 = 6$

²²⁾
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 16 = 8

¹³⁾
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of 24 = 20

$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of $35 = 25$

¹⁴⁾
$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 of $18 = 6$

$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of 14 = 6

$$\frac{3}{10}$$
 of 40 = 12

²⁵⁾
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 16 = 8

¹⁶⁾
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 21 = **7**

$$\frac{8}{9}$$
 of $45 = 40$

¹⁷⁾
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 18 = 12

$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 of $16 = 12$

¹⁸⁾
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 of 20 = 12

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{4}{8}$$
 of 8 = 4

¹⁹⁾
$$\frac{2}{8}$$
 of 32 = 8

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 of $35 = 20$

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of $35 = 7$

$$\frac{30}{10}$$
 of $10 = 4$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41) 9 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 = 6

51) 9 ×
$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 = 4

42)
$$12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6$$

⁵²⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 = 21

43)
$$10 \times \frac{2}{10} = 2$$

⁵³⁾ 32 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 = 24

44)
$$20 \times \frac{6}{10} = 12$$

⁵⁴⁾ 15 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 3

⁴⁵⁾ 15 ×
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 = 9

⁵⁵⁾ 9 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 = 6

⁴⁶⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 = 24

⁵⁶⁾ 32 ×
$$\frac{2}{8}$$
 = 8

⁴⁷⁾ 48 ×
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 = 40

⁵⁷⁾ 27 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 = 3

⁴⁸⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 = 28

⁵⁸⁾ 10 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 5

⁴⁹⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 = 6

⁵⁹⁾ 35 ×
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 = 15

50) 5 ×
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 = 2

⁶⁰⁾ 30 ×
$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 = 27

Revision

61)
$$8 + 2 = 10$$

65)
$$4 + 7 = 11$$

62)
$$9 + 7 = 16$$

66)
$$6 + 5 = 11$$

74)
$$19 - 10 = 9$$

63) 4 + 5 =
$$9$$

67)
$$9 + 6 = 15$$

75)
$$8 - 4 = 4$$

64)
$$5 + 9 = 14$$

$$68) 7 + 6 = 13$$

Improper and Mixed Numbers: Name: Score: 2 [A]



Х	equiva	lent c	ompare	+/– mixed	d adv de	ecimals
imp	/mixed	simplif	y +/_	common	decimals	revision

Converting Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions:

- The denominator (bottom number) shows how many fractional parts are in one whole.
- Multiply that denominator by the whole number.
- Add that to the number of fractional parts (numerator).
- Together they tell you the numerator in the improper fraction.

 $2\frac{3}{5}$ each whole has 5 fifths so 2 wholes are 2x5 fifths or 10 fifths then add in the 3 fifths

$$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$
 or $(2x\frac{5}{5}) + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$

$$(2x\frac{5}{5}) + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$

Mixed numbers to improper fractions

1)
$$1\frac{3}{4} = \frac{7}{4}$$

6)
$$5\frac{5}{6} = \frac{35}{6}$$

11)
$$3\frac{4}{8} = \frac{28}{8}$$

16)
$$3\frac{2}{5} = \frac{17}{5}$$

2)
$$3\frac{2}{6} = \frac{20}{6}$$

$$3\frac{2}{6} = \frac{20}{6}$$
 7) $6\frac{1}{2} = \frac{13}{2}$

12)
$$1\frac{4}{7} = \frac{11}{7}$$

12)
$$1\frac{4}{7} = \frac{11}{7}$$
 17) $4\frac{1}{5} = \frac{21}{5}$

3)
$$4\frac{1}{3} = \frac{13}{3}$$

$$4\frac{1}{3} = \frac{13}{3}$$
 8) $2\frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{3}$

13)
$$6\frac{1}{4} = \frac{25}{4}$$
 18) $5\frac{1}{2} = \frac{11}{2}$

18)
$$5\frac{1}{2} = \frac{11}{2}$$

4)
$$1\frac{4}{5} = \frac{9}{5}$$

9)
$$1\frac{2}{4} = \frac{6}{4}$$

14)
$$2\frac{1}{5} = \frac{11}{5}$$

$$1\frac{4}{5} = \frac{9}{5}$$
 9 $1\frac{2}{4} = \frac{6}{4}$ 14) $2\frac{1}{5} = \frac{11}{5}$ 19) $2\frac{3}{4} = \frac{11}{4}$

5)
$$2\frac{2}{4} = \frac{10}{4}$$

$$2\frac{2}{4} = \frac{10}{4}$$
 10) $3\frac{2}{5} = \frac{17}{5}$

15)
$$4\frac{3}{4} = \frac{19}{4}$$

$$20) 4\frac{2}{4} = \frac{18}{4}$$

Converting Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers:

- The denominator shows how many fractional parts are in one whole.
- Divide the numerator (top number) by the denominator.
- Write the whole number answer.
- Then write the remainder as the numerator above the denominator.

11 11 ÷ 4 = 2 remainder 3 so the mixed number is $2\frac{3}{4}$

Remember the fraction is in quarters so your remainder is a number of quarters.

Improper fractions to mixed numbers

21)
$$\frac{11}{4} = 2\frac{3}{4}$$
 26) $\frac{13}{5} = 2\frac{3}{5}$

$$\frac{13}{5} = \frac{2\frac{3}{5}}{5}$$

31)
$$\frac{14}{3} = 4\frac{2}{3}$$
 36) $\frac{8}{3} = 2\frac{2}{3}$

$$\frac{8}{3} = 2\frac{2}{3}$$

22)
$$\frac{14}{3} = 4\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{5}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{37}{4} = \frac{3\frac{1}{4}}{4}$$

$$\frac{11}{5} = \frac{2\frac{1}{5}}{5}$$

$$\frac{7}{3} = 2\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{11}{2} = 5\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{6}{4} = 1\frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{16}{5} = 3\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{12}{5} = \frac{2\frac{2}{5}}{5}$$

23)
$$\frac{11}{5} = 2\frac{1}{5}$$
 28) $\frac{7}{3} = 2\frac{1}{3}$ 33) $\frac{11}{2} = 5\frac{1}{2}$ 38) $\frac{6}{4} = 1\frac{2}{4}$ 24) $\frac{16}{5} = 3\frac{1}{5}$ 29) $\frac{12}{5} = 2\frac{2}{5}$ 34) $\frac{10}{4} = 2\frac{2}{4}$ 39) $\frac{17}{5} = 3\frac{2}{5}$

$$\frac{17}{5} = 3\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{19}{5} = 3\frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{19}{5} = 3\frac{4}{5}$$
 $\frac{30}{4} = 4\frac{2}{4}$

$$\frac{19}{4} = 4\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{19}{4} = \frac{4 \frac{3}{4}}{4} \qquad \frac{40}{6} = \frac{2 \frac{2}{6}}{6}$$

Name: Score: Improper and Mixed Numbers: 2 [B]



Х	equival	ent com	pare	+/– mixed	adv de	ecimals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/_ (common	decimals	revision

Converting Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions:

Sometimes there is only a whole number to be converted to an improper fraction.

 $2=\frac{?}{3}$ each whole has 3 thirds so 2 wholes are 2x3 thirds or 6 thirds There are no extra thirds to add.

$$\frac{3}{3} + \frac{3}{3} = \frac{6}{3}$$
 or $2 \times \frac{3}{3} = \frac{6}{3}$

Mixed numbers to improper fractions

$$5\frac{2}{6} = \frac{32}{6}$$

6)
$$3 = \frac{15}{5}$$

$$3\frac{2}{6} = \frac{20}{6}$$

$$16) \quad 3\frac{2}{5} = \frac{17}{5}$$

2)
$$4 = \frac{20}{5}$$
 7) $3\frac{2}{5} = \frac{17}{5}$

$$3\frac{2}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$12) \quad 1 = \frac{4}{4}$$

17)
$$4\frac{4}{5} = \frac{24}{5}$$

3)
$$2\frac{3}{4} = \frac{11}{4}$$
 8) $2 = \frac{16}{8}$

8)
$$2 = \frac{\frac{16}{8}}{}$$

13)
$$5\frac{1}{3} = \frac{16}{3}$$
 18) $2\frac{2}{4} = \frac{10}{4}$

18)
$$2\frac{2}{4} = \frac{10}{4}$$

4)
$$1\frac{4}{5} = \frac{9}{5}$$

9)
$$5\frac{1}{2} = \frac{11}{2}$$

14)
$$2\frac{1}{5} = \frac{11}{5}$$

19)
$$6 = \frac{18}{3}$$

5)
$$4\frac{2}{4} = \frac{18}{4}$$

10)
$$1\frac{4}{7} = \frac{11}{7}$$

15)
$$4\frac{3}{4} = \frac{19}{4}$$

20)
$$1\frac{3}{4} = \frac{7}{4}$$

Converting Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers:

Sometimes when the numerator is divided by the denominator there are no remainders and so the answer is a whole number only.

12 12 ÷ 4 = 3 with no remainder so the answer is



Improper fractions to mixed numbers

21)
$$\frac{15}{3} = 5$$

21)
$$\frac{15}{3} = 5$$
 26) $\frac{15}{4} = 3\frac{3}{4}$

31)
$$\frac{12}{5} = 2\frac{2}{5}$$
 36) $\frac{16}{5} = 3\frac{1}{5}$

36)
$$\frac{16}{5} = 3\frac{1}{5}$$

22)
$$\frac{8}{3} = 2\frac{2}{3}$$
 27) $\frac{24}{4} = 6$

27)
$$\frac{24}{4} = 6$$

32)
$$\frac{17}{5} = \frac{3\frac{2}{5}}{}$$

32)
$$\frac{17}{5} = 3\frac{2}{5}$$
 37) $\frac{13}{4} = 3\frac{1}{4}$

23)
$$\frac{10}{5} = 2$$
 28) $\frac{8}{2} = 4$

28)
$$\frac{8}{2} = 4$$

33)
$$\frac{18}{4} = 4\frac{2}{4}$$
 38) $\frac{14}{3} = 4\frac{2}{3}$

38)
$$\frac{14}{3} = 4\frac{2}{3}$$

24)
$$\frac{11}{2} = 5\frac{1}{2}$$
 29) $\frac{14}{6} = 2\frac{2}{6}$

29)
$$\frac{14}{6} = 2\frac{2}{6}$$

34)
$$\frac{13}{5} = 2\frac{3}{5}$$
 39) $\frac{16}{4} = 4$

39)
$$\frac{16}{4} = 4$$

25)
$$\frac{10}{3} = 3\frac{1}{3}$$
 30) $\frac{21}{3} = 7$

$$\frac{21}{3} = 7$$

35)
$$\frac{10}{4} = 2\frac{2}{4}$$
 40) $\frac{21}{5} = 4\frac{1}{5}$

40)
$$\frac{21}{5} = 4\frac{1}{5}$$

Improper and Mixed Numbers: Name: Score: 2 [C]



	Х	equival	lent cor	mpare	+/– mixed	l adv de	ecimals
[imp	/mixed	simplify	+/_	common	decimals	revision

Converting Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions:

Remember:

$$2\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$
 or $(2 \times \frac{5}{5}) + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$

Mixed numbers to improper fractions

1)
$$3\frac{1}{5} = \frac{16}{5}$$

6)
$$5 = \frac{20}{4}$$

11)
$$3\frac{2}{6} = \frac{20}{6}$$

16)
$$5\frac{2}{3} = \frac{17}{3}$$

2)
$$9 = \frac{45}{5}$$

$$_{7)}$$
 $6\frac{2}{5} = \frac{32}{5}$

12)
$$8 = \frac{32}{4}$$

$$5\frac{1}{2} = \frac{11}{2}$$

3)
$$4\frac{4}{5} = \frac{24}{5}$$
 8) $2 = \frac{16}{8}$

8)
$$2 = \frac{16}{8}$$

13)
$$4\frac{3}{4} = \frac{19}{4}$$
 18) $2\frac{2}{4} = \frac{10}{4}$

18)
$$2\frac{2}{4} = \frac{10}{4}$$

4)
$$1\frac{4}{5} = \frac{9}{5}$$

9)
$$2\frac{3}{4} = \frac{11}{4}$$

14)
$$2\frac{1}{6} = \frac{13}{6}$$

19)
$$6 = \frac{12}{2}$$

5)
$$1\frac{4}{7} = \frac{11}{7}$$

10)
$$4\frac{2}{7} = \frac{30}{7}$$

$$15) \quad 6\frac{1}{2} = \frac{13}{2}$$

20)
$$1\frac{3}{4} = \frac{7}{4}$$

Converting Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers:

Remember:

11 • 4 = 2 with a remainder of 3 so the mixed number is $2\frac{3}{4}$

Improper fractions to mixed numbers

21)
$$\frac{13}{3} = 4\frac{1}{3}$$
 26) $\frac{13}{5} = 2\frac{3}{5}$

$$\frac{13}{5} = \frac{2\frac{3}{5}}{5}$$

31)
$$\frac{17}{5} = 3\frac{2}{5}$$

36)
$$\frac{16}{5} = 3\frac{1}{5}$$

22)
$$\frac{7}{5} = 1\frac{2}{5}$$
 27) $\frac{24}{4} = 6$

$$\frac{24}{4} = 6$$

32)
$$\frac{14}{6} = 2\frac{2}{6}$$
 37) $\frac{13}{4} = 3\frac{1}{4}$

37)
$$\frac{13}{4} = 3\frac{1}{4}$$

23)
$$\frac{10}{4} = 2\frac{2}{4}$$
 28) $\frac{10}{2} = 5$

28)
$$\frac{10}{2} = 5$$

33)
$$\frac{10}{7} = 1\frac{3}{7}$$
 38) $\frac{14}{3} = 4\frac{2}{3}$

38)
$$\frac{14}{3} = 4\frac{2}{3}$$

24)
$$\frac{11}{6} = 1\frac{5}{6}$$

24)
$$\frac{11}{6} = 1\frac{5}{6}$$
 29) $\frac{18}{4} = 4\frac{2}{4}$

$$\frac{16}{4} = 4$$

34)
$$\frac{16}{4} = 4$$
 39) $\frac{11}{5} = 2\frac{1}{5}$

$$\frac{10}{5} =$$

$$\frac{21}{3} = 7$$

$$\frac{15}{6} = 2\frac{3}{6}$$

35)
$$\frac{15}{6} = 2\frac{3}{6}$$
 40) $\frac{12}{5} = 2\frac{2}{5}$

Revision

47)
$$8 + 2 = 10$$

56)
$$13 - 7 = 6$$

52)
$$15 - 6 = 9$$

52)
$$15 - 6 = 9$$
 57) $6 - 3 = 3$

58)
$$11 - 7 = 4$$

$$54) 8 - 4 = 4$$

54)
$$8 - 4 = 4$$
 59) $5 - 3 = 2$

55)
$$17 - 9 = 8$$
 60) $8 - 3 = 5$

60)
$$8 - 3 = 5$$

2 [D]

Name:

Score:

Improper and Mixed Numbers:



Х	equivale	ent com	pare	+/– mixed	adv de	ecimals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- (common	decimals	revision

Converting Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions:

Remember:

$$2\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$
 or $(2 \times \frac{5}{5}) + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$

Mixed numbers to improper fractions

$$^{1)} 6\frac{2}{3} = \frac{20}{3}$$

$$6\frac{2}{3} = \frac{20}{3}$$

$$7 = \frac{35}{5}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} = \frac{15}{8}$$

$$\frac{4}{9} = \frac{40}{9}$$

$$6\frac{5}{10} = \frac{65}{10}$$

$$8 = \frac{48}{6}$$

$$5\frac{2}{5} = \frac{27}{5}$$

$$\mathbf{4} = \frac{32}{8}$$

$$10\frac{1}{2} = \frac{21}{2}$$

$$7\frac{3}{7}=\frac{52}{7}$$

$$3\frac{2}{10} = \frac{32}{10}$$

$$1 = \frac{2}{2}$$

$$8\frac{1}{9} = \frac{\frac{2}{73}}{\frac{73}{9}}$$

$$2\frac{5}{6} = \frac{17}{6}$$

$$4\frac{3}{6} = \frac{27}{6}$$

$$10^{\frac{2}{6}} = \frac{62}{6}$$

$$4\frac{4}{10} = \frac{44}{10}$$

$$3\frac{5}{6} = \frac{23}{6}$$

20)

$$6 = \frac{36}{6}$$

$$1\frac{3}{6} = \frac{9}{6}$$

Converting Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers:

Remember:

$$\frac{11}{4}$$
 11 ÷ 4 = 2 with a remainder of 3 so the mixed number is $2\frac{3}{4}$

Improper fractions to mixed numbers

21)
$$\frac{14}{3} = 4\frac{2}{3}$$
 26) $\frac{17}{5} = 3\frac{2}{5}$

$$\frac{17}{5} = \frac{3\frac{2}{5}}{5}$$

31)
$$\frac{12}{5} = 2\frac{2}{5}$$
 36) $\frac{13}{5} = 2\frac{3}{5}$

36)
$$\frac{13}{5} = 2\frac{3}{5}$$

22)
$$\frac{8}{4} = 2$$
 27) $\frac{12}{4} = 3$

27)
$$\frac{12}{4} = 3$$

32)
$$\frac{18}{4} = \frac{4^{\frac{2}{4}}}{4}$$
 37) $\frac{13}{4} = \frac{3^{\frac{1}{4}}}{4}$

$$\frac{13}{4} = \frac{3\frac{1}{4}}{}$$

$$\frac{10}{5} = 2$$

$$\frac{10}{5} = 2$$
 $\frac{28}{5}$ $\frac{8}{2} = 4$

33)
$$\frac{16}{5} = \frac{3\frac{1}{5}}{5}$$
 38) $\frac{16}{3} = 5\frac{1}{3}$

$$\frac{16}{3} = \frac{5\frac{1}{3}}{3}$$

²⁴⁾
$$\frac{15}{4} = \frac{3\frac{3}{4}}{4}$$
 ²⁹⁾ $\frac{11}{3} = \frac{3\frac{2}{3}}{3}$

$$\frac{11}{3} = \frac{3\frac{2}{3}}{3}$$

$$\frac{24}{5} = \frac{4\frac{4}{5}}{5}$$
 $\frac{39}{4} = 4$

$$\frac{16}{4} = 4$$

$$\frac{10}{6} = \frac{1\frac{4}{6}}{6}$$

$$\frac{10}{4} = \frac{2\frac{2}{4}}{1}$$

$$\frac{11}{2} = \frac{5\frac{1}{2}}{}$$

Revision

41)
$$7 + 2 = 9$$

47)
$$8 + 6 = 14$$

48)
$$5 + 7 = 12$$

49)
$$4 + 4 = 8$$

50)
$$5 + 3 = 8$$

51)
$$13 - 5 = 8$$

51)
$$13 - 5 = 8$$
 56) $8 - 2 = 6$

54)
$$9 - 7 = 2$$

59)
$$8 - 6 = 2$$

45)
$$5 + 5 = 10$$
 50) $5 + 3 = 8$ 55) $13 - 6 = 7$ 60) $10 - 0 = 10$

Equivalent Fractions: Name: Score: 3 [A]



Х	equivalent	compare	+/– m	ixed adv	decimals
imp/n	nixed s	implify +	/– common	decimals	revision

Equivalent Fractions:

Equivalent fractions represent the same amount even though they have different numerators and denominators.

For example: $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{4}{8}$

To make an equivalent fraction you have to multiply or divide the numerator and denominator by the same number.

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2 \times 3}{3 \times 3} = \frac{6}{9}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2 \times 3}{3 \times 3} = \frac{6}{9}$$
 $\frac{15}{25} = \frac{15 \div 5}{25 \div 5} = \frac{3}{5}$

Equivalent Fractions

1)
$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{21}$$

6)
$$\frac{2}{5} = \frac{10}{25}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{30}{36}$$

$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{24}{36}$$

$$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{9}{27}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{35}{42}$$

$$\frac{3}{8} = \frac{30}{80}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4}$$

8)
$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{6}{8}$$

$$\frac{13)}{8} = \frac{6}{16}$$

$$\frac{18)}{4} = \frac{3}{12}$$

$$\frac{2}{8} = \frac{14}{56}$$

9)
$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{12}{15}$$

$$\frac{14}{4} = \frac{7}{28}$$

$$^{19)} \ \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{14}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{9}{54}$$

$$^{10)} \ \frac{4}{5} = \frac{28}{35}$$

$$\frac{4}{8} = \frac{28}{56}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{6}{30}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 81 = 9

$$\frac{26}{6}$$
 of $30 = 5$

²²⁾
$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 of 81 = 27 ²⁷⁾ $\frac{4}{6}$ of 30 = 20

$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 of $30 = 20$

²³⁾
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 50 = $\frac{5}{6}$ of 54 = $\frac{9}{6}$

$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 54 = 9

$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 of $50 = 30$

$$\frac{29}{4}$$
 of $36 = 9$

²⁵⁾
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of $18 = 3$

$$\frac{30}{4}$$
 of $36 = 27$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

31)
$$35 \times \frac{1}{7} = 5$$

$$^{36)}$$
 32 × $\frac{2}{4}$ = 16

32)
$$35 \times \frac{5}{7} = 25$$

$$^{37)}$$
 24 × $\frac{3}{4}$ = 18

33) 8 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 4

³⁸⁾ 10 ×
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 = 1

$$^{34)}$$
 27 × $\frac{1}{3}$ = 9

³⁹⁾ 36 ×
$$\frac{7}{9}$$
 = 28

35)
$$28 \times \frac{3}{4} = 21$$

40) 6 ×
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 = 5

Revision

41)
$$8 + 4 = 12$$
 46) $7 + 7 = 14$

46)
$$7 + 7 = 14$$

51)
$$13 - 7 = 6$$
 56) $6 - 3 = 3$

56)
$$6 - 3 = 3$$

$$42) 9 + 4 = 13 47) 7 + 6 = 13$$

47)
$$7 + 6 = 13$$

52)
$$5 - 3 = 2$$

52)
$$5 - 3 = 2$$
 57) $16 - 7 = 9$

43)
$$8 + 7 = 15$$

53)
$$15 - 7 = 8$$
 58) $11 - 4 = 7$

58)
$$11 - 4 = \frac{7}{}$$

44) 9 + 7 =
$$\frac{16}{1}$$

54)
$$16 - 9 = \frac{7}{}$$

54)
$$16 - 9 = 7$$
 59) $20 - 10 = 10$

$$45) 5 + 8 = 13$$

$$50) 6 + 2 = 8$$

55)
$$19 - 9 = 10$$
 60) $7 - 4 = 3$

60)
$$7 - 4 = 3$$

Equivalent Fractions: Name: Score: 3 [B]



Х	equivalen	t compa	are	+/- mixed	adv ded	cimals
imp/r	nixed	simplify	+/- coi	mmon	decimals	revision

Equivalent fractions

1)
$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{8}{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{8}{32}$$

3)
$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{7}{28}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} = \frac{25}{40}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{2}{12}$$

6)
$$\frac{4}{8} = \frac{8}{16}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{30}{50}$$

8)
$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{12}$$

9)
$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{10}{3} = \frac{6}{18}$$

$$\frac{11}{3} = \frac{8}{24}$$

$$^{12)} \ \frac{1}{4} = \frac{9}{36}$$

$$\frac{13}{2} = \frac{7}{14}$$

$$\frac{14}{4} = \frac{10}{40}$$

$$\frac{15}{5} = \frac{15}{25}$$

$$\frac{16}{3} = \frac{3}{9}$$

$$\frac{17}{5} = \frac{6}{10}$$

$$\frac{18}{6} = \frac{12}{24}$$

19)
$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{18}{24}$$

$$\frac{20}{2} = \frac{5}{10}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of $36 = 6$

²⁶⁾
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 35 = 5

²²⁾
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 of 36 = 24

$$\frac{27}{7}$$
 of $35 = 10$

$$\frac{23}{6}$$
 of 30 = 5

$$\frac{28}{8}$$
 of $32 = 4$

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of 30 = 25

$$\frac{4}{8}$$
 of $32 = 16$

²⁵⁾
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $18 = 9$

30)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of $16 = 2$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

31)
$$12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6$$

$$^{36)}$$
 40 × $\frac{1}{5}$ = 8

32)
$$45 \times \frac{1}{5} = 9$$

³⁷⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 = 24

33)
$$45 \times \frac{4}{5} = 36$$

³⁸⁾ 35 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = **7**

$$^{34)}$$
 32 × $\frac{1}{4}$ = 8

³⁹⁾ 35 ×
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 = 28

56) 18 - 8 = 10

$$^{35)}$$
 32 × $\frac{3}{4}$ = 24

40) 32 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 = 4

Revision

$$42) 4 + 2 = 6 47) 9 + 7 = 16$$

$$43) 5 + 4 = 9 48) 8 + 9 = 17$$

$$44) 4 + 6 = 10 49) 5 + 2 = 7$$

45) 8 + 2 = 10

52)
$$7 - 5 = 2$$
 57) $15 - 6 = 9$

54)
$$7 - 3 = 4$$

53)
$$14 - 8 = 6$$
 58) $16 - 9 = 7$

55)
$$18 - 9 = 9$$
 60) $14 - 6 = 8$

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

61)
$$\frac{10}{4} = 2\frac{2}{4}$$
 65) $\frac{52}{10} = 5\frac{2}{10}$

$$65) \ \frac{52}{10} = \ 5 \ \frac{2}{10}$$

$$\frac{36}{6} = 6$$

62)
$$\frac{36}{6} = 6$$
 66) $\frac{17}{6} = 2\frac{5}{6}$

63)
$$\frac{15}{8} = 1 \frac{7}{8}$$
 67) $\frac{22}{9} = 2 \frac{4}{9}$

67)
$$\frac{22}{9} = 2 \frac{4}{9}$$

64)
$$\frac{35}{9} = 3 \frac{8}{9}$$

68)
$$\frac{34}{8} = 4\frac{2}{8}$$

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$9) 2\frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$

$$7\frac{7}{10} = \frac{77}{10}$$

0)
$$8 = \frac{80}{10}$$

$$8 = \frac{80}{10}$$

$$6\frac{2}{3} = \frac{20}{3}$$

71)
$$4\frac{1}{6} = \frac{25}{4}$$

$$4\frac{1}{6} = \frac{25}{4}$$

$$9\frac{2}{10} = \frac{92}{10}$$

64)
$$\frac{35}{9} = 3 \frac{8}{9}$$
 68) $\frac{34}{8} = 4 \frac{2}{8}$ 72) $3\frac{8}{10} = \frac{38}{10}$

$$10 = \frac{40}{4}$$

Equivalent Fractions: Name: 3 [C] Score:



x equivale	ent compare	+/– mixed	adv decin	nals
imp/mixed	simplify +/-	- common	decimals	revision

Equivalent Fractions

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{18}{30}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{18}{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{8}{16}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{16}{24}$$

$$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{12}{24}$$

$$\frac{6)}{8} = \frac{10}{16}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{18}{24}$$

$$\frac{8}{5} = \frac{8}{20}$$

9)
$$\frac{5}{8} = \frac{30}{48}$$

10)
$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{27}{54}$$

$$\frac{11}{2} = \frac{6}{12}$$

12)
$$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\frac{13}{5} = \frac{7}{35}$$

$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{8}{12}$$

$$\frac{15}{3} = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{16)}{4} = \frac{8}{16}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{16}$$
 $\frac{4}{5} = \frac{36}{45}$

$$\frac{18)}{5} = \frac{6}{15}$$

$$\frac{19}{5} = \frac{15}{25}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{12}{24}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

²¹⁾
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of 28 = 20

²⁶⁾
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 of 45 = 27

²²⁾
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 21 = **7**

$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 of 30 = 18

²³⁾
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 26 = 13

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 of $40 = 32$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 32 = 16

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 48 = 24

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of $12 = 10$

$$\frac{30}{4}$$
 of 20 = 15

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

31)
$$30 \times \frac{4}{6} = 20$$

$$^{36)}$$
 42 × $\frac{4}{7}$ = 24

32) 21 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 = 3

³⁷⁾ 32 ×
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 = 20

33) 24 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 = 12

³⁸⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 = 28

$$^{34)}$$
 30 × $\frac{4}{6}$ = 20

³⁹⁾ 48 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 = 32

$$^{35)}$$
 7 × $\frac{6}{7}$ = 6

40) 16 ×
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 = 10

56) 6 - 2 = 4

Revision

$$41) 5 + 4 = 9$$

$$41) 5 + 4 = 9 46) 6 + 9 = 15$$

$$42) 7 + 5 = 12 47) 8 + 4 = 12$$

43)
$$7 + 6 = 13$$
 48) $4 + 5 = 9$

48)
$$4 + 5 = 9$$

$$44) 9 + 9 = 18 49) 9 + 6 = 15$$

$$45) 7 + 7 = 14$$
 $50) 7 + 3 = 10$

52)
$$15 - 7 = 8$$
 57) $13 - 10 = 3$

53)
$$12 - 10 = 2$$
 58) $9 - 7 = 2$

54)
$$14 - 5 = 9$$
 59) $4 - 2 = 2$

58)
$$9 - 7 = 2$$

59)
$$4 - 2 = 2$$

55)
$$18 - 9 = 9$$
 60) $6 - 3 = 3$

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

61)
$$\frac{12}{8} = 1\frac{4}{8}$$
 65) $\frac{18}{10} = 1\frac{8}{10}$

65)
$$\frac{18}{10} = 1 \frac{8}{10}$$

62)
$$\frac{18}{3} = 6$$

66)
$$\frac{13}{6} = 2 \frac{1}{6}$$

63)
$$\frac{11}{3} = 3 \frac{2}{3}$$

63)
$$\frac{11}{3} = 3 \frac{2}{3}$$
 67) $\frac{17}{9} = 1 \frac{8}{9}$

64)
$$\frac{25}{8} = 3 \frac{1}{8}$$
 68) $\frac{14}{3} = 4 \frac{2}{3}$

68)
$$\frac{14}{3} = \frac{4}{2}$$

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$2\frac{3}{7} = \frac{17}{7}$$

$$4\frac{9}{10} = \frac{49}{10}$$

$$7 = \frac{70}{10}$$

$$1\frac{3}{5} = \underline{\frac{8}{5}}$$

$$4\frac{1}{4} = \frac{17}{4}$$

$$3 \frac{1}{5} = \frac{16}{5}$$

$$10 = \frac{100}{10}$$

Equivalent Fractions: Name: Score: 3 [D]



Х	equivalen	t compa	re +/-	- mixed	adv de	ecimals	Ī
imp/r	nixed	simplify	+/- comm	non	decimals	revision	

Equivalent Fractions

1)
$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{10}$$

- $\frac{6}{8} = \frac{24}{32}$
- $\frac{3}{6} = \frac{30}{60}$
- $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{14}$

- $\frac{6}{6} = \frac{5}{30}$
- 7) $\frac{4}{8} = \frac{24}{48}$
- 8) $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{24}{32}$
- 9) $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{7}{35}$
- $\frac{10}{2} = \frac{4}{8}$

- $\frac{11}{8} = \frac{28}{32}$
- $\frac{12)}{5} = \frac{20}{25}$
- $\frac{13)}{5} = \frac{40}{50}$
- $\frac{14)}{4} = \frac{12}{24}$
- 15) $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{7}{35}$

- $\frac{16}{5} = \frac{8}{40}$
- $\frac{17}{6} = \frac{6}{12}$
- $\frac{18}{9} = \frac{20}{32}$
- $\frac{19}{5} = \frac{6}{30}$
- $\frac{20}{6} = \frac{12}{36}$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

21)
$$\frac{7}{8}$$
 of $48 = 42$

²⁶⁾
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 of 25 = 20

²²⁾
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 of 36 = 24

$$\frac{27}{7}$$
 of 21 = 9

23)
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 of 14 = 4

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 45 = 15

$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 of $16 = 12$

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 of 42 = 12

$$\frac{3}{10}$$
 of 10 = 3

$$\frac{30}{9}$$
 of $81 = 72$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

31)
$$12 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6$$

³⁶⁾ 21 ×
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 = 15

32)
$$36 \times \frac{7}{9} = 28$$

$$^{37)}$$
 72 × $\frac{4}{9}$ = 32

33)
$$18 \times \frac{2}{6} = 6$$

³⁸⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 = 6

34) 12 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 6

³⁹⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{3}{10}$$
 = 12

$$^{35)}$$
 64 × $\frac{3}{8}$ = 24

40) 10 ×
$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 = 9

Revision

41)
$$8 + 5 = 13$$

41)
$$8 + 5 = 13$$
 46) $9 + 2 = 11$

42)
$$7 + 5 = 12$$
 47) $4 + 8 = 12$

$$43) 7 + 4 = 11 48) 7 + 2 = 9$$

$$44) \ 4 + 6 = 10 \qquad \qquad 49) \ 9 + 5 = 14$$

$$45) 7 + 8 = 15 \qquad 50) 5 + 6 = 11$$

51)
$$17 - 9 = 8$$
 56) $19 - 10 = 9$

52)
$$19 - 9 = 10$$
 57) $16 - 9 = 7$

53)
$$6 - 4 = 2$$
 58) $14 - 5 = 9$

54)
$$12 - 8 = 4$$
 59) $13 - 9 = 4$

59)
$$13 - 9 = 4$$

55)
$$18 - 9 = 9$$
 60) $9 - 2 = 7$

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

61)
$$\frac{12}{5} = 2\frac{2}{5}$$

61)
$$\frac{12}{5} = 2\frac{2}{5}$$
 65) $\frac{13}{3} = 4\frac{1}{3}$

62)
$$\frac{12}{6} = 2$$

62)
$$\frac{12}{6} = 2$$
 66) $\frac{14}{3} = 4 \frac{2}{3}$

63)
$$\frac{12}{8} = 1 \frac{4}{8}$$
 67) $\frac{21}{9} = 2 \frac{3}{9}$

67)
$$\frac{21}{9} = 2 \frac{3}{9}$$

64)
$$\frac{24}{9} = 2 \frac{6}{9}$$
 68) $\frac{11}{8} = 1 \frac{3}{8}$

68)
$$\frac{11}{8} = \frac{3}{1 \cdot \frac{3}{8}}$$

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$4\frac{1}{3} = \frac{13}{3}$$

$$1\frac{1}{5} = \frac{6}{5}$$

$$5 = \frac{25}{5}$$

$$6\frac{6}{10} = \frac{66}{10}$$

$$5\frac{2}{10} = \frac{52}{10}$$

$$2\frac{3}{12} = \frac{27}{12}$$

$$3 \frac{1}{3} = \frac{10}{3}$$

$$11 = \frac{110}{10}$$

Name: Score: Simplifying Fractions: 4 [A]



Х	equivale	nt comp	oare ·	+/– mixed	adv de	cimals
imp/	mixed [simplify	+/- con	mmon	decimals	revision

Simplifying Fractions:

Simplifying a fraction means to make an equivalent fraction which has numbers as small as possible. To do this, find the equivalent fraction with the smallest numbers. This means dividing the numerator and denominator with common factors.

For example: $\frac{3}{9} \frac{1}{3}$

In some cases a fraction can be simplified even further if you look harder.

$$\frac{6'}{12} \frac{3}{6} \frac{1}{2}$$

Simplify these fractions

1)
$$\frac{3}{9} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{6)} \frac{9}{12} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$^{11)} \frac{6}{18} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{16)}{18} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{20}{25} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{12}{30} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{12)}{15} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{17}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{3}{12} = \frac{1}{4}$$

8)
$$\frac{24}{30} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{13)}{12} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{18)}{15} = \frac{4}{5}$$

4)
$$\frac{10}{12} = \frac{5}{6}$$

9)
$$\frac{18}{24} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$^{14)} \frac{8}{10} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$^{19)} \frac{24}{30} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{18}{27} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$^{10)} \frac{4}{24} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{15}{30} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$^{20)} \frac{4}{16} = \frac{1}{4}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 20 = 4

$$\frac{8}{9}$$
 of $45 = 40$

$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 of 20 = 10

$$\frac{6}{7}$$
 of 21 = 18

$$\frac{23}{3}$$
 of 27 = 18

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 of 14 = 4

$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of $35 = 25$

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of 40 = 16

$$\frac{25}{3}$$
 of 6 = 4

$$\frac{2}{9}$$
 of $18 = 4$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

31)
$$27 \times \frac{7}{9} = 21$$

$$^{36)}$$
 27 × $\frac{8}{9}$ = 24

32)
$$6 \times \frac{5}{6} = 5$$

$$^{37)}$$
 45 × $\frac{5}{9}$ = 25

33)
$$36 \times \frac{3}{6} = 18$$

³⁸⁾ 9 ×
$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 = 5

³⁴⁾ 20 ×
$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 = **14**

³⁹⁾ 32 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 = 4

35)
$$15 \times \frac{2}{3} = 10$$

40)
$$18 \times \frac{1}{2} = 9$$

Revision

41)
$$4 + 3 = 7$$

46)
$$6 + 4 = 10$$

51)
$$16 - 8 = 8$$

56)
$$13 - 9 = 4$$

42)
$$4 + 7 = 11$$

47) 5 + 2 =
$$\frac{7}{}$$

52)
$$11 - 3 = 8$$

57)
$$13 - 3 = 10$$

48) 9 + 6 =
$$15$$

53)
$$5 - 3 = 2$$

44) 9 + 3 =
$$12$$

49)
$$7 + 6 = 13$$

59)
$$4 - 2 = 2$$

$$45) 5 + 8 = 13$$

50)
$$6 + 6 = 12$$

55)
$$13 - 7 = 6$$

60)
$$20 - 10 = 10$$

Name: Score: Simplifying Fractions: 4 [B]



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imp/mixed	simplify	+/- co	mmon	decimals	revision

Simplifying Improper Fractions:

First simplify the improper fraction. This makes the numbers smaller to work with. Then turn the improper fraction into a mixed number.

For example:

$$\frac{55}{30}\frac{11}{6} = 1\frac{5}{6}$$

Simplify these fractions

1)
$$\frac{42}{20} = 2\frac{1}{10}$$

$$\frac{42}{15} = 2\frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{13)}{32} = 1\frac{1}{8}$$

$$^{19)} \frac{35}{10} = 3\frac{1}{2}$$

$$^{2)} \frac{20}{12} = 1\frac{2}{3}$$

$$^{8)} \frac{24}{16} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{14}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$^{20)} \frac{6}{18} = \frac{1}{3}$$

3)
$$\frac{5}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

9)
$$\frac{15}{6} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{15)}{18} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$^{21)} \frac{18}{36} = \frac{1}{2}$$

4)
$$\frac{14}{6} = 2\frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{10)} \frac{16}{12} = 1\frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{16)} \frac{20}{25} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{12}{16} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{60}{30} = 2$$

$$^{11)} \frac{25}{10} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{17}{15} = 1\frac{2}{5}$$

$$^{23)} \frac{32}{12} = 2\frac{2}{3}$$

6)
$$\frac{40}{32} = 1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{12)}{12} = 1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$^{18)} \frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{24}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of $35 = 25$

$$\frac{30}{9}$$
 of $9 = 6$

²⁶⁾
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 12 = 6

31)
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 of $40 = 20$

$$\frac{27}{5}$$
 of $45 = 18$

$$\frac{32}{2}$$
 of 6 = 3

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{4}{10}$$
 of $10 = 4$

$$\frac{33}{4}$$
 of $32 = 24$

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 36 = 27

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of $18 = 6$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$^{35)}$$
 40 × $\frac{8}{10}$ = 32

40) 4 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 2

$$^{36)}$$
 30 × $\frac{3}{10}$ = 9

41) 40 ×
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 = 20

$$^{37)}$$
 24 × $\frac{2}{3}$ = 16

42) 6 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 3

³⁸⁾ 16 ×
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 = 6

43) 32 ×
$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 = 24

³⁹⁾ 12 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 = 8

⁴⁴⁾ 14 ×
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 = 6

Revision

$$45) 8 + 2 = 10$$

55)
$$11 - 4 = 7$$

60)
$$10 - 5 = 5$$

51)
$$6 + 5 = 11$$

61)
$$12 - 8 = 4$$

52)
$$7 + 7 = 14$$

57)
$$4 - 2 = 2$$

62)
$$19 - 9 = 10$$

48)
$$5 + 9 = 14$$

53)
$$5 + 8 = 13$$

$$58) 9 - 7 = 2$$

63)
$$7 - 5 = 2$$

49)
$$9 + 7 = 16$$

54)
$$4 + 2 = 6$$

59)
$$11 - 5 = 6$$

64)
$$18 - 8 = 10$$

Simplifying Fractions: Name: 4 [C] Score:



x equivale	nt compa	re +/- mixe	d adv deci	mals
imp/mixed [simplify	+/- common	decimals	revision

Simplify these fractions

1)
$$\frac{15}{9} = 1\frac{2}{3}$$

6)
$$\frac{55}{40} = 1\frac{3}{8}$$

$$^{11)} \frac{15}{18} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{16)}{9} = 2$$

$$^{2)} \frac{55}{50} = 1\frac{1}{10}$$

7)
$$\frac{15}{12} = 1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{12)}{25} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{17}{6} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

3)
$$\frac{28}{12} = 2\frac{1}{3}$$

8)
$$\frac{56}{32} = 1\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{13)}{8} = 1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{18}{12} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

4)
$$\frac{42}{18} = 2\frac{1}{3}$$

9)
$$\frac{24}{30} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$^{14)} \frac{28}{16} = 1\frac{3}{4}$$

$$^{19)} \frac{27}{12} = 2\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{15}{24} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$^{10)} \frac{14}{8} = 1\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{15)}{15} = 2$$

$$\frac{20)}{15} = 2\frac{1}{3}$$

Equivalent Fractions

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{12}{16}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{6}{24}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{40}{48}$$

$$\frac{33}{2} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{5}{30}$$

$$\frac{26}{4} = \frac{16}{32}$$

$$\frac{30}{5} = \frac{5}{25}$$

$$\frac{34)}{5} = \frac{4}{10}$$

$$\frac{23}{4} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{31}{6} = \frac{20}{30}$$

$$\frac{35}{6} = \frac{18}{54}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{18}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{10}{20}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 27 = 9

$$\frac{41}{3}$$
 of 18 = 12

38)
$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 of 21 = 12

42)
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 of 24 = 9

³⁹⁾
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 30 = 6

43)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 15 = 10

$$\frac{40}{8}$$
 of $40 = 35$

44)
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of $15 = 6$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

45)
$$27 \times \frac{1}{9} = 3$$

⁴⁹⁾ 15 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 = 5

46)
$$18 \times \frac{5}{9} = 10$$

50)
$$20 \times \frac{3}{10} = 6$$

47) 30 ×
$$\frac{2}{10}$$
 = 6

⁵¹⁾ 16 ×
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 = 10

⁴⁸⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 = 36

⁵²⁾ 45 ×
$$\frac{8}{9}$$
 = 40

Revision

53)
$$4 + 4 = 8$$

57)
$$8 + 8 = 16$$

61)
$$10 - 1 = 9$$

61)
$$10 - 1 = 9$$
 65) $7 - 5 = 2$

54)
$$8 + 5 = 13$$

$$58) 7 + 3 = 10$$

62)
$$19 - 9 = 10$$

62)
$$19 - 9 = 10$$
 66) $13 - 9 = 4$

63)
$$12 - 7 = \underline{5}$$
 67) $11 - 5 = \underline{6}$

56)
$$5 + 6 = 11$$

64)
$$20 - 10 = 10$$
 68) $15 - 5 = 10$

68)
$$15 - 5 = 10$$

Simplifying Fractions: Name: Score: 4 [D]



x equivale	ent compa	are +/– mixe	ed adv ded	cimals
imp/mixed	simplify	+/- common	decimals	revision

Simplify these fractions

1)
$$\frac{14}{8} = 1\frac{3}{4}$$

6)
$$\frac{45}{40} = 1\frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{11}{15} = 1\frac{1}{5}$$

$$^{16)} \frac{4}{24} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$^{2)} \frac{42}{32} = 1\frac{5}{16}$$

7)
$$\frac{28}{24} = 1\frac{1}{6}$$

$$^{12)} \frac{32}{24} = 1\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{17)}{40} = 2$$

$$\frac{12}{16} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$^{8)} \frac{8}{20} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$^{13)} \frac{9}{18} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$^{18)} \frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$$

4)
$$\frac{6}{20} = \frac{3}{10}$$

9)
$$\frac{16}{8} = 2$$

$$^{14)} \frac{36}{48} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{19)}{12} = 2$$

$$^{5)} \frac{25}{15} = 1\frac{2}{3}$$

$$^{10)} \frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{30}{24} = 1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{20)}{20} = 2$$

Equivalent Fractions

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{6}{24}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{12}$$

$$\frac{33}{4} = \frac{7}{28}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{10}{30}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} = \frac{8}{64}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{2}{12}$$

$$\frac{34)}{3} = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{30}{60}$$

$$\frac{27}{5} = \frac{10}{25}$$

$$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{20}{60}$$

$$\frac{24}{4} = \frac{14}{28}$$

$$\frac{28}{8} = \frac{4}{16}$$

$$\frac{32}{5} = \frac{18}{45}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} = \frac{21}{24}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{37}{4}$$
 of $16 = 4$

41)
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of $7 = 1$

³⁸⁾
$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 of 21 = 12 ⁴²⁾ $\frac{3}{7}$ of 14 = 6

42)
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of 14 = 6

³⁹⁾
$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 of 30 = 27

43)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $12 = 6$

40)
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 of $8 = 3$

⁴⁴⁾
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 36 = 9

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

45)
$$18 \times \frac{1}{6} = 3$$

⁴⁹⁾
$$7 \times \frac{1}{7} = 1$$

46) 20 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 10

50) 9 ×
$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 = 4

⁴⁷⁾ 36 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 = 27

⁵¹⁾ 30 ×
$$\frac{8}{10}$$
 = 24

48)
$$10 \times \frac{3}{10} = 3$$

⁵²⁾ 35 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 7

Revision

61)
$$11 - 9 = 2$$

61)
$$11 - 9 = 2$$
 65) $5 - 3 = 2$

62)
$$16 - 9 = 7$$
 66) $6 - 3 = 3$

66)
$$6 - 3 = 3$$

$$55) 6 + 9 = 15$$

59)
$$6 + 6 = 12$$

63)
$$19 - 10 = 9$$
 67) $7 - 3 = 4$

67)
$$7 - 3 = 4$$

$$56) 9 + 3 = 12$$

60)
$$8 + 6 = 14$$

64)
$$20 - 10 = 10$$
 68) $9 - 6 = 3$

68)
$$9 - 6 = 3$$

Name: Score: Comparing Fractions: 5 [A]



x equivaler	nt comp	are +/- m	ixed adv de	ecimals
imp/mixed	simplify	+/- common	decimals	revision

 $\frac{3}{4} > \frac{2}{4}$

Comparing Fractions:

- 1) Fractions with the same denominants are easy to compare: the numerator tells you which fraction is larger:
- 2) When the denominaotres are different, find equivalent fractions with the same denominator (the Lowest Common Denominator)
- 3) Sometimes both fractions need changing to make the denominators the same:

Or

4) Think of the size of the fraction. Is it smaller than a half?... or larger? Is it near a whole?... or nearer zero?

Where does this fraction sit on a number line compared to the other fraction?

1		7
1	<	Q

 $\frac{3}{4}$ $\boxed{}$ $\frac{7}{8}$ $\frac{6}{8}$ $\frac{\cancel{3}}{\cancel{4}}$ < $\frac{7}{8}$

 $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{9}{12}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $<\frac{5}{6}$ $\frac{10}{12}$

Insert <, > or =

- 1) $\frac{5}{8} < \frac{7}{8}$
- 6) $\frac{3}{8} < \frac{1}{2}$
- 11) $\frac{2}{3} > \frac{3}{6}$
- $\frac{16)}{6} \frac{4}{6} > \frac{1}{6}$

- $\frac{1}{4} < \frac{2}{4}$
- 7) $\frac{7}{8} > \frac{3}{8}$

- $\frac{12)}{15} \leq \frac{4}{5}$
- $\frac{3}{5} = \frac{6}{10}$

- $\frac{2}{8} < \frac{3}{4}$
- 8) $\frac{4}{8} < \frac{5}{8}$

- 13) $\frac{3}{4} < \frac{5}{6}$
- $\frac{18)}{3} \ge \frac{3}{5}$

- 4) $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{8}$
- 9) $\frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$

- $\frac{14)}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$
- 19) $\frac{3}{4} > \frac{1}{3}$

- $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6}$
- $\frac{10)}{5} \ge \frac{3}{10}$
- $\frac{15)}{6} = \frac{2}{4}$
- $\frac{20)}{3} < \frac{2}{4}$

Equivalent fractions

- $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{9}{27} = \frac{3}{9}$
- $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{5}{25} = \frac{10}{50}$
- $\frac{7}{8} = \frac{35}{40} = \frac{70}{80}$
- $\frac{30)}{8} = \frac{28}{32} = \frac{14}{16}$

- $\frac{22}{3} = \frac{18}{27} = \frac{6}{9}$
- $\frac{25)}{5} = \frac{7}{35} = \frac{8}{40}$
- $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{8} = \frac{6}{12}$
- $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{14} = \frac{6}{12}$

- $\frac{23)}{3} = \frac{8}{24} = \frac{2}{6}$
- $\frac{5}{6} = \frac{30}{36} = \frac{40}{48}$
- $^{29)} \ \frac{2}{8} = \frac{18}{72} = \frac{4}{16}$
- $\frac{32}{6} = \frac{36}{54} = \frac{16}{24}$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

- $\frac{33}{4}$ of 20 = 15
- $\frac{37}{4}$ of 32 = 16
- $\frac{34}{9}$ of 36 = 16
- $\frac{38)}{10}$ of 10 = 8
- $\frac{2}{10}$ of 20 = 4
- $\frac{2}{5}$ of 45 = 18
- $\frac{36}{4}$ of 36 = 27
- $\frac{3}{6}$ of 24 = 12

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

- 41) $18 \times \frac{2}{6} = 6$
- 45) 30 × $\frac{7}{10}$ = 21
- 42) 12 × $\frac{2}{3}$ = 8
- 46) 21 × $\frac{1}{7}$ = 3
- 43) 42 × $\frac{3}{6}$ = 21
- ⁴⁷⁾ 48 × $\frac{3}{8}$ = 18
- ⁴⁴⁾ 36 × $\frac{6}{9}$ = 24
- ⁴⁸⁾ 50 × $\frac{7}{10}$ = 35

Name: Score: Comparing Fractions: 5 [B]



Х	equivale	nt	compare	+/– mixed	adv dec	imals
imp/ı	mixed	simp	lify +/–	- common	decimals	revision

Comparing Fractions with the Same Numerator:

Use your knowledge of fractions to make comparing them easier.

When the numerators are the same, the denominator tells you which fraction is larger. For example, quarters/fourths are larger than fifths, so:

$$\frac{3}{4} > \frac{3}{5}$$

Insert <, > or =

1)
$$\frac{1}{8} < \frac{1}{3}$$

6)
$$\frac{2}{3} > \frac{2}{4}$$

11)
$$\frac{6}{9} < \frac{7}{9}$$

$$\frac{16)}{6} \leq \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{8} < \frac{2}{3}$$

7)
$$\frac{2}{8} < \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{12)}{3} > \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{17}{3} > \frac{2}{5}$$

3)
$$\frac{1}{5} > \frac{1}{8}$$

8)
$$\frac{7}{8} > \frac{7}{10}$$

$$\frac{13)}{6} = \frac{6}{12}$$

18)
$$\frac{1}{3} > \frac{1}{6}$$

4)
$$\frac{4}{5} > \frac{4}{8}$$

9)
$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\frac{14)}{10} \frac{4}{5}$$

19)
$$\frac{1}{3} > \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{4} \ge \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{10)}{4} \ge \frac{2}{8}$$

$$\frac{15)}{6} < \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{20)}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$$

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{21}{16} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$^{24)} \frac{8}{20} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$^{27)} \frac{25}{10} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{12}{18} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$^{22)} \frac{26}{12} = 2\frac{1}{6}$$

$$^{25)} \frac{16}{10} = 1\frac{3}{5}$$

$$^{28)} \frac{4}{16} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$^{31)} \frac{24}{32} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{14}{6} = 2\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{26)}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{29)} \frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{32)}{30} = 1\frac{2}{3}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 of $16 = 12$

$$\frac{37}{4}$$
 of $8 = 2$

$$\frac{34}{4}$$
 of 20 = 5

$$\frac{38}{8}$$
 of $8 = 4$

$$\frac{35}{5}$$
 of $15 = 3$

$$\frac{39}{4}$$
 of 24 = 18

$$\frac{36}{9}$$
 of 9 = 4

40)
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 28 = 4

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41)
$$24 \times \frac{3}{4} = 18$$

45) 40 ×
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 = 16

42)
$$10 \times \frac{6}{10} = 6$$

46) 35 ×
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 = 21

43)
$$40 \times \frac{1}{5} = 8$$

47)
$$10 \times \frac{6}{10} = 6$$

44)
$$10 \times \frac{7}{10} = 7$$

⁴⁸⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 = 16

Revision

49)
$$7 + 5 = 12$$

53)
$$4 + 3 = 7$$

$$57) 7 - 3 = 4$$

61)
$$10 - 4 = 6$$

50)
$$8 + 4 = 12$$

54)
$$5 + 2 = 7$$

58)
$$8 - 4 = 4$$

62)
$$13 - 6 = 7$$

51)
$$5 + 5 = 10$$

55)
$$6 + 3 = 9$$

63)
$$12 - 9 = 3$$

52) 6 + 4 =
$$10$$

56)
$$9 + 7 = 16$$

60)
$$14 - 5 = 9$$

64)
$$16 - 6 = 10$$

Comparing Fractions: Name: 5 [C] Score:



Х	equivale	nt [compare	+/– mixed	d adv d	ecimals
imp/	mixed	simp	lify +/-	common	decimals	revision

Comparing Fractions:

Think about how many whole numbers are contained in each of the improper fractions. You may not need to convert the fractions at all if the two whole numbers tell you one number is larger.

For example:

$$\frac{13}{4}$$
 = 3 wholes and a fraction

= 1 whole and a fraction, so it is obvious:

$$\frac{13}{4} > \frac{7}{6}$$

Insert <, > or =

1)
$$\frac{5}{3} < \frac{32}{10}$$

$$\frac{2}{12} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{11)}{3} \ge \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{16)}{4} < \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{8}{3} > \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{7)}{9} \ge \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{12)}{3} = \frac{20}{5}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} < \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{13}{6} \ge \frac{4}{3}$$

8)
$$\frac{10}{6} > \frac{13}{12}$$

$$\frac{13)}{10} \ge \frac{6}{5}$$

18)
$$\frac{11}{4} < \frac{16}{5}$$

$$\frac{4)}{6} = \frac{5}{8}$$

9)
$$\frac{10}{6} > \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{14)}{4} > \frac{7}{6}$$

$$\frac{19)}{5} = \frac{6}{10}$$

$$\frac{7}{3} < \frac{17}{5}$$

$$\frac{10)}{9} < \frac{8}{6}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} > \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{20)}{5} > \frac{1}{3}$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{15}{25}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{18}{24}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{21}{35}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{6}{10}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{14}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} = \frac{35}{56}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{12}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of 35 = 25

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of $35 = 25$ ³¹⁾ $\frac{5}{10}$ of $10 = 5$

$$\frac{30}{9}$$
 of $9 = 4$

30)
$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 of $9 = 4$ 32) $\frac{1}{2}$ of $16 = 8$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$33) \ \ 32 \times \frac{1}{4} = 8$$

33)
$$32 \times \frac{1}{4} = 8$$
 35) $24 \times \frac{3}{4} = 18$

³⁴⁾ 36 ×
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 = 24 ³⁶⁾ 30 × $\frac{2}{10}$ = 6

$$^{36)}$$
 30 × $\frac{2}{10}$ = 6

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

49)
$$\frac{15}{4} = 3 \frac{3}{4}$$
 53) $\frac{10}{3} = 3 \frac{1}{3}$

53)
$$\frac{10}{3} = 3 \frac{1}{3}$$

$$50) \ \frac{11}{2} = \ \underline{5} \ \underline{\frac{1}{2}}$$

50)
$$\frac{11}{2} = 5 \frac{1}{2}$$
 54) $\frac{14}{2} = 7$

51)
$$\frac{9}{8} = 1 \frac{1}{8}$$
 55) $\frac{11}{5} = 2 \frac{1}{5}$

55)
$$\frac{11}{5} = 2 \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{21}{5} = 4 \frac{1}{5}$$

56)
$$\frac{14}{4} = 3 \frac{2}{4}$$

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$5\frac{1}{2} = \frac{11}{2}$$

$$1\frac{1}{4} = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$3 = \frac{12}{4}$$

$$\frac{12}{4}$$
 62

$$2\frac{4}{5} = \frac{14}{5}$$

$$4\frac{7}{10} = \frac{47}{10}$$

$$2\frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{3}$$

$$2\tfrac{1}{8}=\tfrac{17}{8}$$

$$3 = \frac{15}{5}$$

Name: **Comparing Fractions:** Score: 5 [D]



Х	equivale	ent [compare	+/– mixed	adv de	ecimals	
im	p/mixed	simp	lify +/–	common	decimals	revision	

Comparing Fractions:

Comparing an improper fraction with a mixed number requires you to convert the improper to a mixed number before comparing. For example:

$$3\frac{2}{4}$$
 $\frac{15}{4}$

$$3\frac{2}{4}$$
 $\frac{15}{4}$ $3\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{15}{4}$ $3\frac{3}{4}$ so $3\frac{2}{4} < 3\frac{3}{4}$

$$3\frac{2}{4} < 3\frac{3}{4}$$

Sometimes you may even need to find equivalent fractions as well before fractions can be compared.

For example:

$$2\frac{3}{4}$$
 $\frac{16}{6}$

$$\frac{9}{12} \ 2\frac{\cancel{8}}{\cancel{4}} \boxed{\frac{16}{6}} \ 2\frac{\cancel{4}}{\cancel{8}} \ \frac{8}{12}$$

$$2\frac{9}{12} > 2\frac{8}{12}$$

Insert <, > or =

$$^{1)}$$
 $2\frac{5}{9} > \frac{20}{9}$

6)
$$\frac{2}{12} < \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{11)}{5} \ge \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{16)}{3} \ge \frac{2}{5}$$

$$^{2)}$$
 $3\frac{2}{10} = \frac{32}{10}$

$$^{7)}$$
 $2\frac{1}{3} \leq \frac{21}{3}$

$$\frac{12)}{3} > \frac{1}{4}$$

$$2\frac{1}{4} < 2\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} \leq 3\frac{3}{6}$$

$$1\frac{4}{9} = \frac{13}{9}$$

$$\frac{13)}{4} > \frac{2}{6}$$

$$18) \quad 1\frac{3}{6} \leq \frac{10}{6}$$

$$\frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

9)
$$\frac{11}{3} > 3\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{14)}{5} = \frac{6}{15}$$

19)
$$\frac{3}{5} < \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{7}{9} \ge \frac{4}{9}$$

$$\frac{10)}{6} \frac{4}{6} > \frac{1}{6}$$

15)
$$2\frac{3}{4} < \frac{12}{4}$$

$$\frac{20)}{6} > \frac{1}{3}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

²¹⁾
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 20 = 10 ²⁵⁾ $\frac{8}{9}$ of 9 = 8

$$\frac{8}{9}$$
 of $9 = 8$

22)
$$\frac{2}{9}$$
 of $18 = 4$

²²⁾
$$\frac{2}{9}$$
 of $18 = 4$ ²⁶⁾ $\frac{2}{8}$ of $40 = 10$

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 20 = 5

$$\frac{24}{10}$$
 of 20 = 4 $\frac{28}{3}$ of 15 = 5

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 15 = 5

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

²⁹⁾ 35 ×
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 = 10

²⁹⁾ 35 ×
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 = 10 ³³⁾ 12 × $\frac{3}{4}$ = 9

30) 14 ×
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 = 6

30)
$$14 \times \frac{3}{7} = 6$$
 34) $14 \times \frac{5}{7} = 10$

35) 21 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 = 14

32)
$$28 \times \frac{1}{4} = 7$$

³⁶⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 = 15

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

49)
$$\frac{15}{6} = 2\frac{3}{6}$$
 53) $\frac{10}{6} = 1\frac{4}{6}$

$$\frac{10}{6} = 1 \frac{4}{6}$$

$$50) \ \frac{10}{3} = \ \underline{3} \ \frac{1}{3}$$

50)
$$\frac{10}{3} = 3 \frac{1}{3}$$
 54) $\frac{16}{5} = 3 \frac{1}{5}$

51)
$$\frac{17}{8} = 2 \frac{1}{8}$$
 55) $\frac{13}{8} = 1 \frac{5}{8}$

55)
$$\frac{13}{8} = 1 \frac{5}{8}$$

52)
$$\frac{21}{10} = 2 \frac{1}{10}$$

52)
$$\frac{21}{10} = 2\frac{1}{10}$$
 56) $\frac{13}{2} = 6\frac{1}{2}$

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

57)
$$4\frac{1}{3} =$$

$$4\frac{1}{3} = \frac{13}{3}$$

$$4\frac{4}{6} = \frac{28}{6}$$

$$3 = \frac{9}{3}$$

$$\frac{9}{3}$$

$$2\frac{4}{8} = \frac{20}{8}$$

$$6\frac{1}{10} = \frac{61}{10}$$

$$\frac{1}{10} = \frac{61}{10}$$

$$5\frac{2}{4} = \frac{22}{4}$$

$$2\frac{5}{9} = \frac{23}{9}$$

$$3 = \frac{12}{4}$$

Name: Adding Fractions: Score: 6 [A]



Х	equivale	nt com	pare	+/- mixed	l adv de	ecimals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/-	common	decimals	revision

Adding Fractions with Common Denominators (horizontally):

First check the denominators are the same.

Then add or subtract the numerators only. The denominators stay the same.

For example: $\frac{5}{9} + \frac{2}{9} = \frac{7}{9}$

Change any improper fraction in the answer to a mixed number.

For example: $\frac{6}{9} + \frac{5}{9} = \frac{11}{9} = \frac{12}{9}$

Add the fractions

1)
$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$^{6)} \frac{7}{10} + \frac{2}{10} = \frac{9}{10}$$

$$\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{16)}{5} + \frac{2}{5} = 1$$

2)
$$\frac{2}{12} + \frac{9}{12} = \frac{11}{12}$$
 7) $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$

7)
$$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{12}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = 1\frac{2}{5}$$
 $\frac{17}{10} + \frac{1}{10} = 1$

$$\frac{9}{10} + \frac{1}{10} = 1$$

3)
$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$^{8)} \frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{13}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = 1$$

¹³⁾
$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = 1$$
 ¹⁸⁾ $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$

4)
$$\frac{4}{8} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$
 9) $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{4}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$

9)
$$\frac{3}{8} + \frac{4}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

$$\frac{14}{12} + \frac{11}{12} = 1 + \frac{1}{12} = 1 + \frac{1}{1$$

$$^{19)} \frac{5}{6} + \frac{4}{6} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$^{5)} \frac{2}{9} + \frac{2}{9} = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$\frac{10)}{10} \frac{4}{10} + \frac{2}{10} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$^{15)} \frac{6}{9} + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{7}{9}$$

$$^{20)} \frac{7}{8} + \frac{6}{8} = 1\frac{5}{8}$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{18}{24}$$

$$\frac{30}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{3}{8} = \frac{21}{56}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{9}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{10}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{15}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{9}{27}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{18}{36}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{15}{20}$$

$$\frac{32}{8} = \frac{14}{56}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

33)
$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 of $45 = 20$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $16 = 8$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of $3 = 2$

$$\frac{34}{3}$$
 of $3 = 2$ $\frac{38}{2}$ of $38 = 19$

$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 of $32 = 20$

³⁹⁾
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 42 = **7**

$$\frac{36}{4}$$
 of $28 = 7$

$$\frac{40}{8}$$
 of $16 = 4$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41)
$$36 \times \frac{3}{4} = 27$$

45)
$$20 \times \frac{5}{10} = 10$$

42)
$$7 \times \frac{4}{7} = 4$$

46) 42 ×
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 = 30

43) 9 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 = 1

⁴⁷⁾ 27 ×
$$\frac{2}{9}$$
 = 6

44)
$$20 \times \frac{6}{10} = 12$$

⁴⁸⁾ 15 ×
$$\frac{3}{5} = 9$$

Name: **Adding Fractions:** Score: 6 [B]



Х	equivalent	t compa	re +	/– mixed	adv deci	mals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- com	mon	decimals	revision

Adding Fractions with Common Denominators (vertically):

The addition of fractions can be also be written horizontally.

For example:

$$+\frac{\frac{5}{8}}{\frac{2}{8}}$$

+
$$\frac{\frac{6}{9}}{\frac{7}{9}}$$
 + $\frac{\frac{4}{9}}{\frac{16}{9}}$ 1 $\frac{4}{9}$

Add the fractions (vertically)

1)
$$\frac{5}{10}$$
+ $\frac{2}{10}$
 $\frac{7}{10}$

$$\begin{array}{cccc}
 & & \frac{1}{12} \\
 & & \frac{3}{12} \\
 & & \frac{1}{3}
\end{array}$$

7)
$$\frac{7}{12}$$
+ $\frac{6}{12}$
 $\frac{1}{12}$

9)
$$\frac{\frac{6}{8}}{\frac{5}{8}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
4) & \frac{1}{10} \\
+ & \frac{8}{10} \\
\hline
 & \frac{9}{10}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 8 \\
 \hline
 + \frac{6}{9} \\
 \hline
 1 \frac{5}{9}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{3}{8} \\
 + \frac{6}{8} \\
 \hline
 1\frac{1}{8}
\end{array}$$

Add the fractions (horizontally)

$$\frac{13)}{10} \frac{6}{10} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{7}{10} \qquad \frac{16)}{3} \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = 1$$

$$^{16)} \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \mathbf{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{3} = 1$$

$$^{14)} \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4} = \mathbf{1}$$

$$\frac{14)}{4} + \frac{3}{4} = 1 \qquad \frac{17)}{6} + \frac{4}{6} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$^{20)}\frac{7}{12} + \frac{7}{12} = 1\frac{1}{6}$$
 $^{23)}\frac{8}{9} + \frac{6}{9} =$

$$^{23)} \frac{8}{9} + \frac{6}{9} = 1\frac{5}{9}$$

$$\frac{6}{10} + \frac{7}{10} = 1 \frac{3}{10} \quad \frac{18}{4} + \frac{2}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$^{18)} \frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{9}{10} + \frac{6}{10} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{4}{10} + \frac{5}{10} = \frac{9}{10}$$

$$^{24)} \frac{4}{10} + \frac{5}{10} = \frac{9}{10}$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{25}{4} = \frac{18}{36}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{30}{60}$$

$$\frac{31}{3} = \frac{5}{15}$$

$$\frac{34)}{3} = \frac{8}{12}$$

$$\frac{26}{5} = \frac{8}{20}$$

$$\frac{29)}{6} = \frac{7}{42}$$

$$\frac{32}{4} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{35}{3} = \frac{3}{9}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} = \frac{50}{80}$$

$$\frac{30}{4} = \frac{10}{20}$$

$$\frac{33)}{6} = \frac{12}{18}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{10}{20}$$

Name: Adding & Subtracting Fractions: Score: 6 [C]



Х	equivale	ent com	pare	+/– mix	ced adv de	cimals
in	np/mixed	simplify	+/-	common	decimals	revision

Subtracting Fractions with Common Denominators (horizontally):

First check the denominators are the same.

Then subtract the numerators only. The denominators stay the same.

For example:

$$\frac{6}{8} - \frac{2}{8} = \frac{4}{8}$$

When subtracting, change the mixed number (single one) to an improper fraction where necessary before commencing.

For example:

$$1\frac{4}{8} - \frac{7}{8} = \frac{12}{8} - \frac{7}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$

Subtract the fractions

1)
$$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{5}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$$

1)
$$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{5}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$$
 6) $\frac{9}{12} - \frac{5}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$

2)
$$\frac{3}{6} - \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$
 7) $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$

7)
$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

3)
$$\frac{7}{10} - \frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{5}$$
 8) $\frac{9}{10} - \frac{4}{10} = \frac{1}{2}$

$$^{8)} \frac{9}{10} - \frac{4}{10} = \frac{1}{2}$$

4)
$$\frac{9}{10} - \frac{8}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$$
 9) $\frac{6}{8} - \frac{5}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$

9)
$$\frac{6}{8} - \frac{5}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$$

5)
$$\frac{8}{10} - \frac{3}{10} = \frac{1}{2}$$
 10) $\frac{5}{6} - \frac{4}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$

$$\frac{5}{6} - \frac{4}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Subtract the fractions (change to improper fractions where necessary)

$$11) \quad 1\frac{2}{8} - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

12)
$$1\frac{2}{6} - \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$13) \quad 1\frac{2}{10} - \frac{5}{10} = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$1^{4}) \quad 1^{\frac{4}{10}} - \frac{6}{10} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$15) \quad 1\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

¹⁶⁾
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 12 = 9

¹⁹⁾
$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 of 30 = 15

¹⁷⁾
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 of 16 = 6

$$\frac{20}{5}$$
 of $45 = 18$

¹⁸⁾
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of 40 = 16

²¹⁾
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 of 24 = 16

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$\frac{9}{10} = 27$$

²⁵⁾ 25 ×
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 = 10

²³⁾ 27 ×
$$\frac{7}{9}$$
 = 21 ²⁶⁾ 40 × $\frac{3}{8}$ = 15

²⁶⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 = 15

²⁴⁾ 36 ×
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 = 24

$$27) 27 \times \frac{6}{9} = 18$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{45}{54}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{9}$$

$$\frac{34}{8} = \frac{20}{40}$$

$$\frac{37}{4} = \frac{3}{12}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} = \frac{40}{64}$$

$$\frac{32}{6} = \frac{21}{42}$$

$$\frac{35}{5} = \frac{10}{25}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{18}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{4}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\frac{2}{8} = \frac{4}{16}$$

Name: **Adding & Subtracting Fractions:** Score: 6 [D]



x eq	uivalent	compare	+/– mix	ed adv de	cimals
imp/mixe	ed simpli	fy +/_	common	decimals	revision

Subtracting Fractions with Common Denominators (vertically):

The subtraction of fractions can be written vertically.

For example:

Subtract the fractions

1)
$$\frac{\frac{7}{8}}{\frac{4}{8}}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 $\frac{1}{3}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & \frac{2}{12} \\
 & \frac{1}{12} \\
 & \frac{1}{12} \\
 & \frac{1}{12}
\end{array}$$

Subtract the fractions (change to improper fractions where necessary)

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{13)}{25} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{16}{35} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{30}{25} = 1\frac{1}{5}$$

$$^{17)} \frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{15)}{18} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$^{18)} \frac{60}{40} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

19) 30 ×
$$\frac{6}{10} = 18$$
 22) 8 × $\frac{3}{4} = 6$

22) 8 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 = 6

20) 24 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 = 12 23) 14 × $\frac{4}{7}$ = 8

²³⁾ 14 ×
$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 = 8

²⁴⁾ 21 ×
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 = 6

Insert <, > or =

$$\frac{1}{6} < \frac{5}{12}$$

$$\frac{5}{9} < \frac{9}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \leq \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{37}{4} \ge \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{26)}{12} < \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{30}{6} > \frac{3}{9}$$

$$\frac{34)}{6} \ge \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{38)}{3} \ge \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{6}{12} \ge \frac{2}{9}$$

$$\frac{4}{9} \ge \frac{2}{9}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} < \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{39}{6} \ge \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{28)}{9} < \frac{4}{9}$$

$$\frac{6}{9} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{36)}{6} \ge \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{40)}{4} = \frac{4}{8}$$

Adding Mixed Numbers: 7 [A] Name: Score:



Х	equivalen	t compa	re 📑	+/- mixed	adv decin	nals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- con	mmon (decimals	revision

Adding Mixed Numbers:

The addition of mixed numbers should be written vertically.

For example:

$$\begin{array}{c}
3 \frac{1}{5} \\
+ 2 \frac{3}{5} \\
\hline
5 \frac{4}{5}
\end{array}$$

...and with regrouping:

$$\begin{array}{c}
 2 \frac{4}{5} \\
 + 3 \frac{3}{5} \\
 \hline
 5 \frac{7}{5} 6 \frac{2}{5}
 \end{array}$$

Add the fractions

$$\begin{array}{c} 1) & 2\frac{3}{8} \\ + 5\frac{6}{8} \\ \hline 8\frac{1}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
3) & 4\frac{5}{6} \\
+ 3\frac{2}{6} \\
\hline
8\frac{1}{6}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
3\frac{2}{4} \\
+ 4\frac{3}{4} \\
8\frac{1}{4}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 3\frac{5}{10} \\
 + 5\frac{6}{10} \\
 \hline
 9\frac{1}{10}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2) & 3\frac{5}{6} \\ + 4\frac{1}{6} \\ \hline 8 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 4) & 4\frac{4}{5} \\ + 4\frac{3}{5} \\ \hline 9\frac{2}{5} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & 1\frac{2}{10} \\
 & + 1\frac{5}{10} \\
 & 2\frac{7}{10}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
8) & 2\frac{7}{9} \\
+ 4\frac{3}{9} \\
\hline
7\frac{1}{9}
\end{array}$$

Equivalent fractions

9)
$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{30}{40}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{4}{16} = \frac{2}{8}$$

$$\frac{13)}{4} = \frac{4}{16} = \frac{2}{8} \qquad \frac{15)}{5} = \frac{20}{50} = \frac{6}{15}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{30}{36}$$

$$\frac{12}{3} = \frac{10}{15}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{4}{12}$$

$$\frac{14)}{3} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{4}{12} \qquad \frac{16)}{3} = \frac{18}{27} = \frac{6}{9}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 of $30 = 20$

$$\frac{21}{5}$$
 of $10 = 6$

$$\frac{22}{5}$$
 of 30 = 12

19)
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 of $28 = 8$

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of $48 = 12$

20)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of $48 = \frac{12}{6}$ of $24 = \frac{16}{6}$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions ²⁵⁾ 32 × $\frac{1}{4}$ = 8 ²⁹⁾ 12 × $\frac{4}{6}$ = 8

²⁵⁾ 32 ×
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 = 8

29)
$$12 \times \frac{4}{6} = 8$$

²⁶⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 = 6

30)
$$30 \times \frac{1}{5} = 6$$

27) 28 ×
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 = 8

31)
$$24 \times \frac{3}{4} = 18$$

²⁸⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 9

32) 21 ×
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 = 15

Insert <. > or =

$$\frac{33)}{6} < \frac{5}{9}$$

$$\frac{35)}{3} \ge \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{37}{4} < \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{39)}{5} > \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{34)}{12} \leq \frac{4}{9}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} < \frac{6}{9}$$

$$\frac{38)}{4} \leq \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{40}{9} < \frac{4}{6}$$

Name: **Adding Mixed Numbers:** 7 [B] Score:



Х	equivalen	t comp	are	+/– mixed	adv de	cimals
imp/m	nixed	simplify	+/- cc	ommon	decimals	revision

Add the fractions

$$\begin{array}{c} 1) & 2\frac{2}{3} \\ + 3\frac{2}{3} \\ \hline 6\frac{1}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
4) & 2\frac{1}{6} \\
+ 3\frac{4}{6} \\
\hline
5\frac{5}{6}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7) & 5\frac{1}{4} \\ + 3\frac{2}{4} \\ \hline 8\frac{3}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
10) & 3\frac{5}{6} \\
+ 1\frac{1}{6} \\
\hline
5
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
2 \frac{6}{10} \\
+ 4 \frac{5}{10} \\
\hline
7 \frac{1}{10}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
5) & 2\frac{5}{12} \\
+ & 2\frac{9}{12} \\
\hline
& 5\frac{1}{6}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 3\frac{4}{10} \\ + 3\frac{6}{10} \\ \hline 7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
11) & 2\frac{3}{5} \\
+ & 3\frac{4}{5} \\
\hline
 & 6\frac{2}{5}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1\frac{2}{9} \\
 + 1\frac{5}{9} \\
 \hline
 2\frac{7}{9}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 9) & 4\frac{3}{4} \\ + 3\frac{3}{4} \\ \hline 8\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{6}{30}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{24}{30}$$

$$^{19)} \ \frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{14}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{7}{42}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{18}{5} = \frac{16}{40}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{36}{48}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{24}{4}$$
 of $8 = 6$

²²⁾
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 of 40 = 32 ²⁵⁾ $\frac{2}{9}$ of 45 = 10

$$\frac{25}{9}$$
 of $45 = 10$

23)
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 27 = 18

$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 of 40 = 20

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions $^{27)}$ 40 × 2 = 20 $^{30)}$ 48 × 5 = 40

$$27) \ \ 40 \times \frac{2}{4} = 20$$

$$^{30)}$$
 48 × $\frac{5}{6}$ = 40

²⁸⁾ 20 ×
$$\frac{8}{10}$$
 = 16 ³¹⁾ 30 × $\frac{3}{6}$ = 15

31) 30 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 = 15

²⁹⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 = 9

32) 12 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 6

Insert <, > or =

$$\frac{33)}{9} \ge \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{36)}{9} < \frac{3}{9}$$

$$\frac{39}{6} \leq \frac{2}{3}$$

42)
$$\frac{1}{4} < \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{34)}{3} \ge \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} < \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{40)}{4} \ge \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{43)}{5} = \frac{6}{10}$$

$$\frac{1}{9} < \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{38)}{6} = \frac{6}{9}$$

$$\frac{41)}{3} > \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{44}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Subtracting Mixed Numbers: Name: Score: 7 [C]



Х	equivale	nt comp	oare	+/- mixed	adv deci	mals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- cc	ommon	decimals	revision

Subtracting Mixed Numbers:

The subtraction of mixed numbers should be written vertically

For example:

$$-\frac{4^{\frac{3}{4}}}{2^{\frac{3}{5}}}$$

...and with regrouping:

Subtract the fractions

$$\begin{array}{r}
1) & 5\frac{3}{4} \\
- 3\frac{2}{4} \\
\hline
2\frac{1}{4}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 7\frac{2}{4} \\
 - 4\frac{3}{4} \\
 \hline
 2\frac{3}{4}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
7) & 7\frac{2}{4} \\
- 4\frac{3}{4} \\
\hline
2\frac{3}{4}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 2) & 5\frac{1}{12} \\ - & 3\frac{10}{12} \\ \hline & 1\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
4) & 9\frac{4}{10} \\
- 6\frac{7}{10} \\
\hline
2\frac{7}{10}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 6) & 5\frac{3}{12} \\ - & 3\frac{10}{12} \\ \hline & 1\frac{5}{12} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
9\frac{4}{10} \\
- 6\frac{7}{10} \\
\hline
2\frac{7}{10}
\end{array}$$

Equivalent fractions

9)
$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{21}{35}$$

$$\frac{11)}{6} = \frac{9}{54}$$

$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{20}{60} = \frac{4}{12}$$

$$\frac{13}{6} = \frac{20}{60} = \frac{4}{12}$$
 $\frac{15}{5} = \frac{4}{20} = \frac{9}{45}$

$$\frac{10}{5} = \frac{2}{10}$$

$$\frac{12)}{3} = \frac{14}{21}$$

$$\frac{14)}{6} = \frac{2}{12} = \frac{3}{18}$$

$$\frac{14)}{6} = \frac{2}{12} = \frac{3}{18} \qquad \frac{16)}{2} = \frac{5}{10} = \frac{10}{20}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{17}{7}$$
 of 21 = 3

$$^{21)} \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } 24 = 3$$

18)
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 of 24 = 12

$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 of 24 = $\frac{12}{8}$ of 16 = $\frac{2}{8}$

19)
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of 30 = 12

$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of 30 = 12 $\frac{23}{10}$ of 10 = 7

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $18 = 9$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $18 = 9$ $24)$ $\frac{1}{5}$ of $45 = 9$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions $^{25)}$ 30 × 2_6 = 10 $^{29)}$ 48 × 3_8 = 18

$$^{25)}$$
 30 × $\frac{2}{6}$ = 10

²⁹⁾
$$48 \times \frac{3}{8} = 18$$

$$^{30)}$$
 10 × $\frac{6}{10}$ = 6

27)
$$16 \times \frac{5}{8} = 10$$
 31) $20 \times \frac{1}{4} = 5$

31)
$$20 \times \frac{1}{4} = 5$$

²⁸⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 = 21

32) 10 ×
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 = 8

Insert <, > or =

$$\frac{33)}{6} \leq \frac{7}{12}$$

$$\frac{15}{6} \ge 2\frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{37}{5} < \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{39)}{4} < \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{34)}{3} \leq \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{36)}{12} > \frac{1}{6}$$

$$38) \quad 3\frac{2}{5} \ge \frac{16}{5}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} \ge \frac{1}{6}$$

Name: Score:

Subtracting Mixed Numbers: 7 [D]



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imp/mixed	simplify +/- o	common	decimals	revision

Subtract the fractions

$$\begin{array}{c} 1) & 2\frac{3}{8} \\ - & 1\frac{6}{8} \\ \hline & \frac{5}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
4 \frac{4}{12} \\
- 2 \frac{11}{12} \\
\hline
1 \frac{5}{12}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 7) & 5\frac{1}{3} \\ - 2\frac{2}{3} \\ \hline 2\frac{2}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
10) & 6\frac{1}{10} \\
- 4\frac{8}{10} \\
\hline
1\frac{3}{10}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
2) & 8\frac{2}{6} \\
 - 7\frac{1}{6} \\
 \hline
 & 1\frac{1}{6}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
5) & 9\frac{2}{4} \\
- 5\frac{3}{4} \\
\hline
3\frac{3}{4}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 7\frac{2}{5} \\
 - 1\frac{3}{5} \\
 \hline
 5\frac{4}{5}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
11) & 9\frac{1}{3} \\
- & 1\frac{2}{3} \\
\hline
& 7\frac{2}{3}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
9\frac{2}{4} \\
- 7\frac{3}{4} \\
\hline
 1\frac{3}{4}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
5\frac{5}{6} \\
- 1\frac{4}{6} \\
\hline
4\frac{1}{6}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
9) & 2\frac{2}{4} \\
- & 1\frac{3}{4} \\
\hline
 & \frac{3}{4}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
12) & 7\frac{1}{5} \\
- & 4\frac{4}{5} \\
\hline
 & 2\frac{2}{5}
\end{array}$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{13}{2} = \frac{8}{16}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{8}{10}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{27}{36}$$

$$\frac{19}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{10}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{18}{36}$$

$$\frac{18}{3} = \frac{5}{15}$$

$$\frac{20}{3} = \frac{6}{9}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{6}{9}$$
 of 27 = 18

$$\frac{25}{7}$$
 of $14 = 4$

22)
$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 of $45 = 25$

$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 of $45 = 25$ $\frac{26}{9}$ of $36 = 16$

²³⁾
$$\frac{7}{9}$$
 of 9 = **7**

$$\frac{27}{5}$$
 of $5 = 2$

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of $36 = 9$

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of 42 = 18

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions $^{29)}$ 42 × $^{6}_{7}$ = 36 $^{33)}$ 30 × $^{2}_{10}$ =

²⁹⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{6}{7}$$
 = 36

$$^{33)} 30 \times \frac{2}{10} = 6$$

$$^{30)}$$
 45 × $\frac{3}{5}$ = 27

³⁴⁾ 28 ×
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 = 7

31) 30 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 6

$$^{35)}$$
 8 × $\frac{6}{8}$ = 6

³²⁾ 15 ×
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 = 9

³⁶⁾
$$7 \times \frac{1}{7} = 1$$

Insert <, > or =

$$2\frac{2}{4} = \frac{10}{4}$$

$$^{40)} \frac{13}{6} = 2\frac{1}{6}$$

$$43$$
) $4\frac{1}{6} > \frac{24}{6}$

$$^{46)}\frac{15}{4} = 3\frac{3}{4}$$

$$1\frac{2}{9} = \frac{11}{9}$$

$$\frac{41)}{3} \ge \frac{2}{12}$$

$$\frac{44)}{6} = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{47}{6} < \frac{3}{4}$$

$$39) \quad 3\frac{2}{9} \ge \frac{28}{9}$$

$$42) \quad 3\frac{1}{3} \leq \frac{11}{3}$$

$$\frac{45)}{4} \leq \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{48}{3} \ge \frac{1}{5}$$

Name: Score: **Converting Decimals to Common Fractions:** 8 [A]



Χ	equivale	ent com	pare	+/– mixed	d adv de	cimals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/	common	decimals	revision

Converting Decimal Fractions to Common Fractions or Mixed Numbers:

It is important to look at the places shown by each decimal. If only the tenths place is shown then use 10 as the denominator; if hundredths, then use 100 as the denominator.

$$0.4 = \frac{4}{10}$$

0.36 is 36 hundredths

$$0.36 = \frac{36}{100}$$

2.5 is 2 and 5 tenths

6.78 is 6 and 78 hundredths

$$2.5 = 2\frac{5}{10}$$

$$6.78 = 6\frac{78}{100}$$

Convert decimals to common fractions

1)
$$0.54 = \frac{54}{100}$$

6)
$$0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$$

$$^{2)} 0.8 = \frac{8}{10}$$

7)
$$0.1 = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$^{3)}$$
 0.03 = $\frac{3}{100}$

8)
$$0.92 = \frac{92}{100}$$

4)
$$0.4 = \frac{4}{10}$$

9)
$$0.7 = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$^{5)}$$
 0.09 = $\frac{9}{100}$

$$10) \ 0.2 = \frac{2}{10}$$

Convert decimals to mixed numbers

$$11) 1.54 = 1\frac{54}{100}$$

$$^{16)} 4.71 = 4\frac{^{71}}{^{100}}$$

$$^{12)} \ 3.8 \ = \ 3\frac{8}{10}$$

$$^{17)} 0.1 = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$^{13)} 5.03 = 5\frac{3}{100}$$

$$^{18)} 9.92 = 9\frac{92}{100}$$

$$^{14)} 4.4 = 4\frac{4}{10}$$

¹⁹⁾ 5.7 =
$$5\frac{7}{10}$$

$$^{15)} \ 3.09 = 3\frac{9}{100}$$

$$^{20)}$$
 7.2 = $7\frac{2}{10}$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{2}{10}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{9}{15}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{24}{30}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{14}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{24}{3} = \frac{14}{21}$$

$$\frac{26}{5} = \frac{16}{40}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{36}{48}$$

Multiply fractions by whole numbers

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 12 = 9

$$\frac{33}{10}$$
 of 30 = 3

$$\frac{30}{7}$$
 of 35 = 15 $\frac{34}{7}$ of 7 = 4

$$\frac{34}{7}$$
 of $7 = 4$

$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 of $16 = 12$

$$\frac{35}{9}$$
 of 27 = 12

$$\frac{32}{9}$$
 of $45 = 10$

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 27 = 9

Multiply whole numbers by fractions

³⁷⁾
$$34 \times \frac{2}{6} = 11\frac{1}{3}$$
 ⁴¹⁾ $24 \times \frac{5}{8} = 15$

$$\frac{41}{41}$$
 24 × $\frac{5}{8}$ = 15

38)
$$36 \times \frac{1}{4} = 9$$

42) 8 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 = 6

$$^{39)}$$
 27 × $\frac{6}{9}$ = 18

43)
$$40 \times \frac{3}{10} = 12$$

40)
$$40 \times \frac{6}{8} = 30$$

44) 10 ×
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 = 6

Insert <, > or =

$$\frac{45)}{12} \stackrel{2}{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}} \frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{47)}\frac{4}{3} = 1\frac{1}{3}$$

49)
$$2\frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{3}$$

$$\frac{51)}{3} = \frac{2}{6}$$

46)
$$\frac{3}{6} > \frac{2}{9}$$

⁴⁸⁾
$$1\frac{2}{9} \leq \frac{12}{9}$$

$$\frac{50)}{6} \frac{3}{6} > \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{13}{5} \ge \frac{1}{4}$$

Converting Decimals to Common Fractions: Name: Score: 8 [B]



Х	equivale				
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- common	decimals	revision

Convert decimals to common fractions

$$^{1)} 0.08 = \frac{8}{100}$$

6)
$$0.1 = \frac{10}{100}$$

$$^{2)}$$
 0.23 = $\frac{23}{100}$

²⁾
$$0.23 = \frac{23}{100}$$
 ⁷⁾ $0.21 = \frac{21}{100}$

$$^{3)} 0.6 = \frac{6}{10}$$

8)
$$0.4 = \frac{4}{10}$$

4)
$$0.72 = \frac{72}{100}$$

9)
$$0.24 = \frac{24}{100}$$

$$^{5)}$$
 0.9 = $\frac{9}{10}$

$$^{10)} 0.73 = \frac{73}{100}$$

Convert decimals to mixed numbers

¹¹⁾ 5.08 =
$$5\frac{8}{100}$$
 ¹⁶⁾ 2.1 = $2\frac{10}{100}$

$$^{16)} 2.1 = 2\frac{10}{100}$$

$$^{12)} 8.23 = 8\frac{23}{100}$$
 $^{17)} 9.21 = 9\frac{21}{100}$

$$^{17)} 9.21 = 9\frac{21}{100}$$

¹³⁾
$$7.59 = 7\frac{59}{100}$$
 ¹⁸⁾ $7.41 = 7\frac{41}{100}$

$$^{18)} 7.41 = 7\frac{41}{100}$$

¹⁴⁾
$$4.57 = 4\frac{57}{100}$$
 ¹⁹⁾ $7.7 = 7\frac{7}{10}$

$$^{19)} 7.7 = 7\frac{7}{10}$$

$$^{20)}$$
 4.9 = $4\frac{9}{10}$

Multiply fractions by whole numbers

²¹⁾
$$\frac{2}{10}$$
 of $10 = 2$ ²⁵⁾ $\frac{2}{4}$ of $24 = 12$

$$\frac{25}{4}$$
 of 24 = 12

²²⁾
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 32 = 8 ²⁶⁾ $\frac{2}{5}$ of 15 = 6

$$\frac{26}{5}$$
 of 15 = 6

²³⁾
$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 of 10 = 6 ²⁷⁾ $\frac{4}{5}$ of 40 = 32

$$\frac{4}{5} \text{ of } 40 = 32$$

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 50 = 5 $\frac{28}{3}$ of 42 = 28

$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of $42 = 28$

Simplify these fractions

$$^{29)} \frac{8}{24} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{33}{36} = \frac{8}{9}$$

$$\frac{30}{15} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{34)}{12} = 1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{31}{36} = 1\frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{35)}{16} = 1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{32)}{20} = \frac{9}{10}$$

$$\frac{36}{27} = \frac{1}{9}$$

Insert <, > or =

$$\frac{37}{9} < \frac{5}{9}$$

$$\frac{40}{6} < \frac{8}{9}$$

$$1\frac{5}{6} = 1\frac{10}{12}$$

$$\frac{5}{4} = \frac{10}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} > \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{7}{12} < \frac{8}{9}$$

$$\frac{44)}{6} < \frac{16}{6}$$

$$\frac{9}{4} < \frac{7}{3}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} > \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{42)}{3} > \frac{3}{12}$$

$$\frac{45)}{6} > \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{48)}{4} \frac{10}{4} < \frac{17}{6}$$

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

49)
$$\frac{17}{5} = 3\frac{2}{5}$$
 53) $\frac{10}{5} = 2$

53)
$$\frac{10}{5} = 2$$

50)
$$\frac{9}{2} = 4 \frac{1}{2}$$

50)
$$\frac{9}{2} = 4 \frac{1}{2}$$
 54) $\frac{17}{2} = 8 \frac{1}{2}$

51)
$$\frac{13}{5} = 2 \frac{3}{5}$$
 55) $\frac{49}{5} = 9 \frac{4}{5}$

55)
$$\frac{49}{5} = 9 \frac{4}{5}$$

52)
$$\frac{34}{10} = 3 \frac{4}{10}$$
 56) $\frac{19}{3} = 6 \frac{1}{3}$

56)
$$\frac{19}{3} = 6 \frac{1}{3}$$

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$4\frac{2}{6} = \frac{26}{6}$$

$$6\,\tfrac{1}{2}=\tfrac{13}{2}$$

$$7 = \frac{28}{4}$$

$$2\frac{4}{5} = \frac{14}{5}$$

$$1_{\frac{1}{12}} = \frac{13}{12}$$

$$5\frac{2}{3} = \frac{17}{3}$$

$$2\frac{1}{5} = \frac{11}{5}$$

$$4 = \frac{16}{4}$$

Score: **Converting Common Fractions to Decimals:** Name: 8 [C]



Х	equivale	ent com	pare	+/– mixed	d adv de	cimals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- (common	decimals	revision

Converting Common Fractions or Mixed Numbers to Decimal Fractions:

It is important to look at the denominator. If it is a 10 or 100, think of the places that are shown by that denominator.

$$\frac{4}{10}$$
 is 4 tenths so as a decimal it is 0.4

$$\frac{36}{100}$$
 is 36 hundredths so as a decimal it is 0.36

$$3\frac{7}{10}$$
 is 3 and 7 tenths so as a decimal it is 3.7

$$8\frac{54}{100}$$
 is 8 and 54 hundredths so as a decimal it is 8.54

Convert common fractions to decimals

$$\frac{6}{10} = 0.6$$

6)
$$\frac{12}{100} = 0.12$$

$$\frac{2}{10} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{5}{100} = 0.05$$

$$\frac{83}{100} = 0.83$$

8)
$$\frac{78}{100} = 0.78$$

4)
$$\frac{6}{100} = 0.06$$

9)
$$\frac{86}{100} = 0.86$$

$$\frac{20}{100} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{10)}{10} = 0.7$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$4\frac{3}{100} = 4.03$$

$$2\frac{6}{10} = 2.6$$

$$6\frac{41}{100} = 6.41$$

$$4\frac{2}{10} = 4.2$$

$$13) \quad 1\frac{65}{100} = 1.65$$

$$9\frac{15}{100} = 9.15$$

$$8\frac{83}{100} = 8.83$$

$$^{19)}$$
 $3\frac{8}{10} = 3.8$

$$7\frac{9}{10} = 7.9$$

$$5\frac{7}{10} = 5.7$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{9}{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{6}{18}$$

$$\frac{25}{4} = \frac{16}{32}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{2}{12}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{27}{36}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{15}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{28}{5} = \frac{20}{25}$$

Multiply fractions by whole numbers

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 of 30 = 21 ³³⁾ $\frac{1}{5}$ of 35 = 7

$$\frac{33}{5}$$
 of $35 = \frac{7}{5}$

$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 of 20 = $\frac{14}{8}$ of 16 = $\frac{4}{8}$

$$\frac{34}{8}$$
 of $16 = 4$

31)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $12 = 6$

31)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 12 = 6 35) $\frac{3}{7}$ of 42 = 18

$$\frac{32}{7}$$
 of $35 = 15$

$$\frac{36}{6}$$
 of $12 = 6$

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{37}{16} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{41)}{6} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{38)}{18} = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$^{42)} \frac{6}{9} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$^{39)} \frac{12}{16} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$^{43)} \frac{30}{40} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{40}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{44}{9} = 1\frac{1}{3}$$

Insert <, > or =

$$\frac{45)}{12} > \frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{47)}\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{8}{5} \ge \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{51)}{4} < \frac{14}{5}$$

$$\frac{11}{12} > \frac{1}{6}$$

48)
$$\frac{7}{9} > \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{50}{3} < \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{52)}{5} \leq \frac{10}{4}$$

Name: **Converting Common Fractions to Decimals:** Score: 8 [D]



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imp/mixed	simplify	+/- common	decimals	revision

Convert common fractions to decimals

$$\frac{10}{100} = 0.12$$

$$\frac{9}{100} = 0.09$$

$$\frac{1}{100} = 0.01$$

$$\frac{13}{100} = 0.13$$

$$\frac{30}{100} = 0.3$$

8)
$$\frac{97}{100} = 0.97$$

4)
$$\frac{21}{100} = 0.21$$

9)
$$\frac{7}{10} = 0.7$$

$$\frac{2}{10} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{10)}{10} = 0.5$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$3\frac{37}{100} = 3.37$$

¹⁶⁾
$$3\frac{7}{10} = 3.7$$

$$5\frac{8}{10} = 5.8$$

$$^{17)}$$
 $8\frac{5}{100} = 8.05$

$$9\frac{2}{10} = 9.2$$

$$5\frac{9}{10} = 5.9$$

$$8\frac{5}{10} = 8.5$$

$$19) \quad 1\frac{3}{10} = 1.3$$

$$5\frac{1}{10} = 5.1$$

$$2^{20)}$$
 $2\frac{30}{100} = 2.3$

Multiply fractions by whole numbers

²¹⁾
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of $35 = 15$

$$\frac{8}{9}$$
 of $27 = 24$

²²⁾
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of $45 = 9$

²²⁾
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of $45 = 9$ ²⁶⁾ $\frac{4}{6}$ of $30 = 20$

23)
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of $5 = 2$

²³⁾
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of $5 = 2$ ²⁷⁾ $\frac{2}{5}$ of $25 = 10$

²⁴⁾
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 of 36 = 18 ²⁸⁾ $\frac{1}{4}$ of 20 = 5

$$\frac{28}{1}$$
 of $20 = 5$

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{10}{25} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$^{33)} \frac{20}{24} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$^{30)} \ \frac{12}{32} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\frac{34}{32} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$^{31)} \frac{3}{24} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{35)}{32} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{32)}{24} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{36}{10} = 1\frac{2}{5}$$

Insert <, > or =

$$\frac{1}{3} < \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{40}{9} < \frac{7}{12}$$

$$^{43)}\frac{12}{5} = 2\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{6}{2} > \frac{8}{3}$$

$$\frac{38}{6} < \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{41)}{12} > \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{44)}{6} > 1\frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{47}{3} > \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{39}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{42)}{9} \leq 1\frac{4}{9}$$

$$\frac{45)}{5} > \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{48)}{5} < \frac{11}{6}$$

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

49)
$$\frac{7}{2} = 3 \frac{1}{2}$$
 53) $\frac{16}{4} = 4$

$$\frac{16}{4} = 4$$

50)
$$\frac{7}{5} = 1 \frac{2}{5}$$

50)
$$\frac{7}{5} = 1\frac{2}{5}$$
 54) $\frac{17}{8} = 2\frac{1}{8}$

51)
$$\frac{13}{4} = 3 \frac{1}{4}$$

51)
$$\frac{13}{4} = 3 \frac{1}{4}$$
 55) $\frac{76}{8} = 9 \frac{4}{8}$

$$\frac{60}{10} = 6$$

56)
$$\frac{37}{5} = 7 \frac{2}{5}$$

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$7) 7\frac{2}{6}$$

$$7\frac{2}{6} = \frac{44}{6}$$

$$8 \frac{1}{4} = \frac{33}{4}$$

$$9 = \frac{45}{5}$$
 62) $2\frac{4}{6} = \frac{16}{6}$

$$2\frac{4}{6} = \frac{16}{6}$$

$$59) 2\frac{2}{8} = \frac{18}{8}$$

63)
$$5\frac{1}{5} = \frac{16}{5}$$

$$8\frac{3}{5} = \frac{43}{5}$$

$$4 = \frac{20}{5}$$

9 [A]

Advanced Fractions to Decimals: Name: Score:



equivalent compare +/- mixed adv decimals imp/mixed simplify +/- common decimals revision

Converting Equivalent Common Fractions to Decimal Fractions:

When the denominator is not a 10 or 100, then the fraction needs to be changed to its equivalent denominator that is

$$\frac{2}{5}\frac{4}{10}$$
 is 4 tenths so as a decimal it is 0.4

$$\frac{5}{20}\frac{25}{100}$$
 is 25 hundredths so as a decimal it is 0.25

$$3\frac{1}{2}\frac{5}{10}$$
 is 3 and 5 tenths so as a decimal it is 3.5

$$8\frac{6}{25}\frac{24}{100}$$
 is 8 and 24 hundredths so as a decimal it is 8.24

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{3}{25} = 0.12$$

6)
$$\frac{1}{50} = 0.02$$

$$\frac{2}{5} = 0.4$$

$$\frac{7}{5} = 0.8$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = 0.6$$

8)
$$\frac{41}{50} = 0.82$$

4)
$$\frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

9)
$$\frac{2}{25} = 0.08$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{7}{20} = 0.35$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$4\frac{9}{25} = 4.36$$

$$3\frac{4}{5} = 3.8$$

$$3\frac{12}{20} = 3.6$$

$$5\frac{1}{2} = 5.5$$

$$1\frac{3}{20} = 1.15$$

$$18) \quad 1\frac{8}{25} = 1.32$$

$$14) \quad 1\frac{22}{25} = 1.88$$

$$5\frac{20}{25} = 5.8$$

$$4\frac{5}{20} = 4.25$$

$$6\frac{8}{20} = 6.4$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{18} = \frac{8}{16}$$

$$\frac{23)}{2} = \frac{7}{14} = \frac{9}{18}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{8}{40} = \frac{3}{15}$$

$$\frac{25)}{5} = \frac{8}{40} = \frac{3}{15} \qquad \frac{27)}{8} = \frac{18}{24} = \frac{30}{40}$$

$$\frac{22}{5} = \frac{18}{45} = \frac{12}{30}$$

$$\frac{24)}{4} = \frac{10}{20} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{26}{4} = \frac{16}{32} = \frac{10}{20}$$

$$^{28)} \frac{1}{8} = \frac{5}{40} = \frac{6}{48}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{29}{4}$$
 of $8 = 4$

$$^{33)} \frac{1}{2}$$
 of 30 = 15

$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 of $30 = 20$

$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 of $45 = 25$

31)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 36 = 18

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $38 = 19$

32)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of $12 = 4$

$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 of $35 = 10$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$^{37)}$$
 9 × $\frac{3}{9}$ = 3

41)
$$36 \times \frac{2}{4} = 18$$

$$^{38)}$$
 35 × $\frac{4}{7}$ = 20

42)
$$18 \times \frac{1}{2} = 9$$

³⁹⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{7}{8}$$
 = 21

43) 5 ×
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 = 2

40) 32 ×
$$\frac{4}{8}$$
 = 16

⁴⁴⁾ 14 ×
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 = 6

Insert <. > or =

$$\frac{45}{3} < \frac{3}{6}$$

$$1\frac{5}{12} > \frac{16}{12}$$

$$2\frac{5}{6} = \frac{17}{6}$$

$$\frac{51)}{4} > \frac{3}{5}$$

$$3\frac{6}{9} < \frac{34}{9}$$

$$\frac{48)}{10} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{50)}{6} \frac{4}{6} < \frac{9}{6}$$

$$\frac{52)}{6} = \frac{9}{18}$$

Advanced Fractions to Decimals: Name: Score: 9 [B]



Х	equivale	nt compa	are +/-	mixed	adv decim	als
imp/	mixed	simplify	+/- comm	on dec	imals	revision

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{4}{5} = 0.8$$

6)
$$\frac{3}{20} = 0.15$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{12}{50} = 0.24$$

$$\frac{2}{25} = 0.08$$

8)
$$\frac{23}{50} = 0.46$$

$$\frac{40}{50} = 0.88$$

9)
$$\frac{15}{25} = 0.6$$

$$\frac{7}{20} = 0.35$$

$$\frac{10}{20} = 0.05$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

11)
$$5\frac{1}{5} = 5.2$$

$$8\frac{1}{2} = 8.5$$

$$8\frac{3}{20} = 8.15$$

$$6\frac{34}{50} = 6.68$$

$$2\frac{11}{25} = 2.44$$

¹⁸⁾
$$4\frac{5}{20} = 4.25$$

$$3\frac{21}{25} = 3.84$$

19)
$$2\frac{9}{20} = 2.45$$

$$4\frac{15}{20} = 4.75$$

$$7\frac{8}{50} = 7.16$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{21}{4} = \frac{8}{16} = \frac{10}{20}$$
 $\frac{24}{6} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{16}{48}$

$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{16}{48}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{60}{80} = \frac{54}{72}$$
 $\frac{30}{3} = \frac{3}{9} = \frac{10}{30}$

$$\frac{30}{3} = \frac{3}{9} = \frac{10}{30}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{36}{48} = \frac{60}{80}$$

$$\frac{25}{6} = \frac{9}{18} = \frac{24}{48}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{6} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{31}{5} = \frac{14}{35} = \frac{4}{10}$$

$$\frac{23}{3} = \frac{12}{18} = \frac{14}{21}$$

$$\frac{26}{3} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{8}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{4}{24} = \frac{5}{30}$$

$$\frac{32}{6} = \frac{2}{12} = \frac{5}{30}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of $7 = 1$

$$\frac{8}{9}$$
 of $27 = 24$

$$\frac{34}{10}$$
 of 20 = 14 $\frac{38}{4}$ of 16 = 4

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of $16 = 4$

$$\frac{35}{6}$$
 of $18 = \frac{6}{7}$ of $7 = \frac{5}{7}$

39)
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of $7 = 5$

$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of $28 = 20$

40)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 42 = 14

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41)
$$45 \times \frac{3}{5} = 27$$
 $45) 8 \times \frac{1}{8} = 1$

45) 8 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 = 1

⁴⁶⁾ 45 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 = 30

47) 4 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 = 3

44) 24 ×
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 = 15

⁴⁸⁾ 21 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 = 14

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

49)
$$\frac{15}{5} = 3$$

49)
$$\frac{15}{5} = 3$$
 53) $\frac{65}{8} = 8 \frac{1}{8}$

50)
$$\frac{10}{4} = 2\frac{2}{4}$$
 54) $\frac{16}{6} = 2\frac{4}{6}$

54)
$$\frac{16}{6} = 2 \frac{4}{6}$$

51)
$$\frac{15}{8} = 1\frac{7}{8}$$
 55) $\frac{13}{4} = 3\frac{1}{4}$

55)
$$\frac{13}{4} = 3 \frac{1}{4}$$

52)
$$\frac{21}{5} = 4 \frac{1}{5}$$
 56) $\frac{19}{3} = 6 \frac{1}{3}$

$$\frac{19}{19} = \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{1}$$

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$8\frac{3}{4} = \frac{35}{4}$$

$$9\frac{2}{6} = \frac{56}{6}$$

$$7 = \frac{21}{3}$$

$$2\frac{4}{6} = \underline{\frac{16}{6}}$$

$$8\frac{8}{10} = \frac{88}{10}$$

$$8\frac{2}{4} = \frac{34}{4}$$

$$2\frac{5}{6} = \frac{17}{6}$$

$$9 = \frac{36}{4}$$

Advanced Fractions to Decimals: Score: Name: 9 [C]



Х	equivale	nt com	pare	+/- mixed		adv d	ecimals	
imp/	/mixed	simplify	+/- (common	dec	imals	revision	

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

6)
$$\frac{15}{50} = 0.3$$

$$\frac{9}{20} = 0.45$$

$$\frac{6}{25} = 0.24$$

$$\frac{6}{25} = 0.24$$

8)
$$\frac{13}{50} = 0.26$$

4)
$$\frac{1}{5} = 0.2$$

9)
$$\frac{10}{20} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{50}{50} = 0.96$$

$$\frac{10)}{25} = 0.88$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

¹¹⁾
$$5\frac{9}{25} = 5.36$$

$$1\frac{27}{50} = 1.54$$

$$7\frac{4}{20} = 7.2$$

17)
$$2\frac{4}{5} = 2.8$$

$$9\frac{1}{2} = 9.5$$

$$5\frac{13}{25} = 5.52$$

$$8\frac{1}{5} = 8.2$$

$$4\frac{1}{20} = 4.05$$

$$1\frac{13}{50} = 1.26$$

$$8\frac{3}{20} = 8.15$$

Subtract the fractions

$$\begin{array}{r}
21) & 6\frac{5}{10} \\
- 4\frac{9}{10} \\
\hline
1\frac{3}{5}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 23) & 6\frac{3}{8} \\ - & 5\frac{4}{8} \\ \hline & \frac{7}{8} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25) & 6\frac{1}{6} \\ - 2\frac{3}{6} \\ \hline 3\frac{2}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 8\frac{5}{10} \\
 -3\frac{8}{10} \\
 \hline
 4\frac{7}{10}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
7\frac{1}{12} \\
- 6\frac{10}{12} \\
\underline{\frac{1}{4}}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
24) & 9\frac{1}{4} \\
- 5\frac{3}{4} \\
\hline
3\frac{1}{2}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
26) & 9\frac{4}{6} \\
- & 8\frac{5}{6} \\
\hline
 & \frac{5}{6}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 8\frac{8}{10} \\
 - 1\frac{9}{10} \\
 \hline
 6\frac{9}{10}
\end{array}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 of $12 = 6$

$$\frac{33}{10}$$
 of 40 = 8

30)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $18 = 9$ 34) $\frac{1}{2}$ of $8 = 4$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $8 = 4$

31)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 24 = $\frac{3}{8}$

$$\frac{32}{5}$$
 of $30 = 18$

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of $12 = 4$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$9 \times \frac{3}{9} = 3$$

41) 45 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 9

³⁸⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 = 18

42) 6 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 = 2

39) 30 ×
$$\frac{1}{5} = 6$$

43) 16 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 8

40)
$$28 \times \frac{5}{7} = 20$$

⁴⁴⁾ 10 ×
$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 = 5

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{6}{24} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{16}{20} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$^{49)} \frac{10}{4} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

$$1\frac{2}{4} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{10}{6} = 1\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{60}{30} = 2$$

$$\frac{8}{4} = 2$$

$$^{52)} \frac{7}{3} = 2\frac{1}{3}$$

Advanced Fractions to Decimals: Name: Score: 9 [D]



Х	equivaler	nt coi	npare	+/– mixed	adv	decimals	
imp/r	nixed	simplify	+/_	common	decimals	revision	

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{15}{20} = 0.75$$

6)
$$\frac{30}{50} = 0.6$$

$$\frac{7}{25} = 0.28$$

7)
$$\frac{9}{25} = 0.36$$

$$\frac{8}{50} = 0.16$$

8)
$$\frac{11}{25} = 0.44$$

$$\frac{40}{50} = 0.84$$

9)
$$\frac{2}{25} = 0.08$$

$$\frac{4}{20} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{10}{5} = 0.2$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

11)
$$2\frac{1}{2} = 2.5$$

$$3\frac{1}{5} = 3.2$$

$$7\frac{41}{50} = 7.82$$

$$5\frac{2}{5} = 5.4$$

$$1^{3)}$$
 $1\frac{43}{50} = 1.86$

$$2\frac{8}{25} = 2.32$$

$$9\frac{7}{50} = 9.14$$

$$^{19)} \quad 7\frac{18}{50} = \frac{7.36}{}$$

$$5\frac{6}{25} = 5.24$$

$$8\frac{2}{20} = 8.1$$

Add the fractions

$$\begin{array}{r}
21) & 2\frac{3}{10} \\
+ 5\frac{3}{10} \\
\hline
7\frac{3}{5}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
1\frac{1}{12} \\
+ 5\frac{11}{12} \\
\hline
7
\end{array}$$

$$2\frac{3}{6} + 5\frac{2}{6}$$

$$+ 5\frac{2}{6}$$
8 1

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
& & 6\frac{4}{6} \\
& + & 3\frac{1}{6} \\
& & 9\frac{5}{6}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 22) & 5\frac{1}{5} \\ + 3\frac{4}{5} \\ \hline 9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
24) \\
 + 1\frac{1}{4} \\
 \hline
 5
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
3\frac{4}{6} \\
+ 3\frac{4}{6} \\
\hline
7\frac{1}{3}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
4\frac{10}{12} \\
+ 4\frac{6}{12} \\
9\frac{1}{3}
\end{array}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of $40 = 5$

$$\frac{32}{10}$$
 of $40 = 16$

$$\frac{30}{5}$$
 of 25 = 20 $\frac{33}{8}$ of 32 = 4

33)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 32 = 4

$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 of $16 = 10$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions $\frac{35}{18} \times \frac{1}{2} = 9$ $\frac{38}{15} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$

$$18 \times \frac{1}{2} = 9$$

$$^{38)}$$
 15 × $\frac{1}{3}$ = 5

³⁶⁾ 32 ×
$$\frac{7}{8}$$
 = 28

³⁹⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 = 35

$$^{37)}$$
 20 × $\frac{2}{4}$ = 10

⁴⁰⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 = 18

Simplify these fractions

$$^{41)} \frac{48}{30} = 1\frac{3}{5}$$

$$^{44)} \frac{14}{6} = 2\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{32}{8} = 4$$

$$\frac{50}{8} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$^{42)} \frac{15}{12} = 1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$^{45)} \frac{8}{24} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{12}{6} = 2$$

$$^{51)} \frac{8}{12} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$^{43)} \frac{15}{24} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$\frac{2}{16} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{30}{15} = 2$$

$$^{52)} \frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$$

Name: **Revision:** Score: 10 [A]



Х	equivaler	nt	compare	+/– mixed	adv dec	imals	
imp/r	mixed	simpl	ify +/-	- common	decimals	revision	

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{4}{5} = 0.8$$

6)
$$\frac{2}{20} = 0.1$$

$$\frac{18}{50} = 0.36$$

$$\frac{43}{50} = 0.86$$

$$\frac{14}{20} = 0.7$$

8)
$$\frac{18}{20} = 0.9$$

4)
$$\frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

9)
$$\frac{40}{50} = 0.8$$

$$\frac{7}{20} = 0.35$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = 0.6$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$\frac{11)}{5} = 0.4$$

$$\frac{16)}{20} = 0.9$$

$$\frac{5}{20} = 0.25$$

$$\frac{17}{2} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{25}{50} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{36}{50} = 0.72$$

$$\frac{14)}{25} = 0.48$$

$$\frac{46}{50} = 0.92$$

$$\frac{8}{20} = 0.4$$

$$\frac{20}{25} = 0.88$$

Equivalent fractions

$$^{21)} \frac{5}{8} = \frac{20}{32} = \frac{35}{56}$$

$$\frac{24}{3} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{8}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{6}{12} = \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{8} = \frac{6}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{8} = \frac{10}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{3}{15} = \frac{2}{10}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{9}{15} = \frac{6}{10}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{9}{15} = \frac{6}{10}$$
 $\frac{31}{6} = \frac{30}{36} = \frac{10}{12}$

$$\frac{23)}{2} = \frac{9}{18} = \frac{7}{14}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{9}{27}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} = \frac{56}{64} = \frac{21}{24}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} = \frac{70}{80} = \frac{49}{56}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{33}{2}$$
 of 20 = 10

$$\frac{37}{4}$$
 of $36 = 27$

$$\frac{34}{3}$$
 of 27 = 9

$$\frac{38}{2}$$
 of $18 = 9$

$$\frac{35}{5}$$
 of $25 = 20$

$$\frac{39}{3}$$
 of 27 = 9

$$\frac{36}{7}$$
 of $14 = 8$

40)
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of 21 = 9

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41)
$$6 \times \frac{2}{6} = 2$$

45) 12 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 6

42) 24 ×
$$\frac{4}{8}$$
 = 12

46) 40 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 8

43)
$$25 \times \frac{2}{5} = 10$$

⁴⁷⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 = 8

44) 20 ×
$$\frac{4}{5}$$
 = 16

⁴⁸⁾ 12 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 = 8

Simplify these fractions

$$^{49)} \frac{65}{50} = 1 \frac{3}{10}$$

$$^{53)} \frac{80}{50} = 1\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{20}{18} = 1\frac{1}{9}$$

$$\frac{24}{24} = 1$$

$$^{50)} \frac{30}{36} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{9}{18} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$^{58)} \frac{30}{20} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{62)}{18} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{51)} \frac{16}{24} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$^{55)} \frac{20}{8} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{60}{20} = 3$$

$$\frac{25}{5} = 5$$

$$^{52)} \frac{3}{12} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{60}{20} = 3$$

$$^{60)} \frac{10}{15} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{64)}{15} = 1$$

Revision: Name: 10 [B] Score:



Х	equivale	nt comp	are +/_	mixed	adv decin	nals
imp/ı	mixed	simplify	+/- comm	on dec	imals	revision

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

6)
$$\frac{3}{5} = 0.6$$

$$\frac{5}{25} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{7}{5} = 0.8$$

$$\frac{15}{25} = 0.6$$

8)
$$\frac{11}{25} = 0.44$$

4)
$$\frac{1}{5} = 0.2$$

9)
$$\frac{44}{50} = 0.88$$

$$\frac{4}{25} = 0.16$$

$$\frac{10}{50} = 0.26$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$\frac{11}{2} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{5}{25} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{12)}{50} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{3}{25} = 0.12$$

$$\frac{10}{25} = 0.4$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = 0.6$$

$$\frac{5}{25} = 0.2$$

19)
$$\frac{9}{25} = 0.36$$

$$\frac{15)}{20} = 0.1$$

$$\frac{7}{20} = 0.35$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{4}{20} = \frac{7}{35}$$
 $\frac{23}{6} = \frac{36}{54} = \frac{40}{60}$

$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{36}{54} = \frac{40}{60}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{9}{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{9}{27}$$
 $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{6}{18} = \frac{10}{30}$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{10}{50} = \frac{4}{20} \qquad \frac{24}{3} = \frac{8}{24} = \frac{9}{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{8}{24} = \frac{9}{27}$$

$$\frac{26}{6} = \frac{18}{54} = \frac{10}{30}$$

$$\frac{26}{6} = \frac{18}{54} = \frac{10}{30}$$
 $\frac{28}{3} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{7}{21}$

Add the fractions

$$\begin{array}{r}
29) \\
2\frac{3}{10} \\
+ 5\frac{3}{10} \\
7\frac{3}{5}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
1\frac{1}{12} \\
+ 5\frac{11}{12} \\
\hline
7$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 33) & 1\frac{3}{6} \\
 + 8\frac{4}{6} \\
 \hline
 10\frac{1}{6}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
35) & 6\frac{4}{6} \\
+ 3\frac{1}{6} \\
\hline
9\frac{5}{6}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
30) \\
 & 5\frac{1}{5} \\
 & + 3\frac{4}{5} \\
 & 9
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
32) & 2\frac{3}{4} \\
+ 3\frac{1}{4} \\
\hline
6
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
34) \\
+ 3\frac{4}{6} \\
\hline
7\frac{1}{3}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 4\frac{10}{12} \\
 + 4\frac{6}{12} \\
 \hline
 9\frac{1}{3}
\end{array}$$

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{16}{24} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{40}{24} = \frac{1\frac{3}{4}}{24}$$

$$\frac{43}{20} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{46}{40} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{38}{32} = 1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{12}{15} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$^{44)} \frac{12}{9} = 1\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{47}{8} = 2\frac{1}{8}$$

$$^{39)} \frac{36}{16} = 2\frac{1}{4}$$

$$^{42)} \ \frac{30}{50} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{45)}{12} = 2$$

$$\frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$$

Name: **Revision:** 10 [C] Score:



x equivaler	nt compa	are +/_	mixed adv	decimals
imp/mixed	simplify	+/- commo	on decimals	revision

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{5}{25} = 0.2$$

6)
$$\frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{4}{50} = 0.08$$

7)
$$\frac{1}{20} = 0.05$$

3)
$$\frac{12}{25} = 0.48$$

8)
$$\frac{23}{50} = 0.46$$

$$\frac{43}{50} = 0.86$$

9)
$$\frac{19}{20} = 0.95$$

$$\frac{8}{25} = 0.32$$

$$\frac{10}{5} = 0.2$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$\frac{11)}{25} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{7}{50} = 0.14$$

12)
$$\frac{1}{5} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{17}{5} = 0.8$$

$$\frac{13}{2} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{18}{25} = 0.04$$

$$\frac{14)}{50} = 0.46$$

$$\frac{19}{5} = 0.4$$

$$\frac{47}{50} = 0.94$$

$$\frac{11}{20} = 0.55$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{16}{24} = \frac{12}{18}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{20}{25} = \frac{32}{40}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{30}{36} = \frac{40}{48}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{9}{36} = \frac{6}{24}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{30}{40} = \frac{15}{20}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{3}{15} = \frac{7}{35}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{3}{15} = \frac{7}{35}$$
 $\frac{28}{6} = \frac{3}{18} = \frac{6}{36}$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{4}{10}$$
 of 10 = 4 ³³⁾ $\frac{1}{2}$ of 14 = 7

$$\frac{33}{2}$$
 of $14 = 7$

30)
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 36 = 27 34) $\frac{4}{7}$ of 14 = 8

$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 of $14 = 8$

$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 of 20 = 12 $\frac{35}{3}$ of 9 = 6

$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 9 = 6

$$\frac{32}{3}$$
 of 15 = 10

$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of 14 = 6

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$^{37)}$$
 18 × $\frac{1}{2}$ = 9

⁴¹⁾ 10 ×
$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 = 9

³⁸⁾ 14 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 7

42) 15 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 3

39) 21 ×
$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 = 12

43) 9 ×
$$\frac{2}{9}$$
 = 2

40) 42 ×
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 = 35

⁴⁴⁾ 14 ×
$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 = 6

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{3}{9} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{49)} \frac{21}{24} = \frac{7}{8}$$

$$^{53)} \frac{35}{15} = 2\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{8}{16} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{24}{18} = 1\frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{50)} \frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{54)} \frac{18}{15} = 1\frac{1}{5}$$

$$^{58)} \frac{8}{24} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{18}{12} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$^{51)} \frac{24}{12} = 2$$

$$\frac{9}{18} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{30}{15} = 2$$

$$\frac{90}{40} = 2\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{9}{12} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{12}{16} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

Revision: 10 [D] Name: Score:



x equival	ent comp	are +/- mixed	adv dec	imals
imp/mixed	simplify	+/- common	decimals [revision

Convert common fractions to decimals

1)
$$\frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

6)
$$\frac{10}{25} = 0.4$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = 0.2$$

7)
$$\frac{6}{25} = 0.24$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = 0.6$$

8)
$$\frac{7}{25} = 0.28$$

4)
$$\frac{10}{50} = 0.2$$

9)
$$\frac{20}{25} = 0.8$$

$$\frac{5}{20} = 0.25$$

$$\frac{10}{20} = 0.55$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$\frac{11}{2} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{16)}{20} = 0.1$$

$$\frac{3}{25} = 0.12$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = 0.6$$

$$\frac{13)}{5} = 0.8$$

$$\frac{18)}{50} = 0.48$$

$$\frac{14)}{20} = 0.55$$

$$\frac{19)}{50} = 0.9$$

$$\frac{15}{20} = 0.05$$

$$\frac{9}{20} = 0.45$$

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{3}{9}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{30}{36} = \frac{50}{60}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{8}{16}$$

$$\frac{25}{2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{8}{16} \qquad \frac{27}{8} = \frac{21}{24} = \frac{28}{32}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{9}{36} = \frac{10}{40}$$

$$^{24)} \frac{4}{6} = \frac{40}{60} = \frac{36}{54}$$

$$\frac{26}{8} = \frac{16}{64} = \frac{18}{72}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{9}{15} = \frac{27}{45}$$

Subtract the fractions

$$\begin{array}{r}
 8\frac{2}{5} \\
 - 5\frac{3}{5} \\
 \hline
 2\frac{4}{5}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
33) & 5\frac{1}{3} \\
- & 4\frac{2}{3} \\
\hline
\frac{2}{3}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
9\frac{3}{12} \\
- 7\frac{7}{12} \\
\hline
1\frac{2}{3}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
30) & 4\frac{8}{10} \\
- & 1\frac{9}{10} \\
\hline
 & 2\frac{9}{10}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
32) & 7\frac{1}{3} \\
- & 3\frac{2}{3} \\
\hline
& 3\frac{2}{3}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
9\frac{1}{5} \\
-3\frac{3}{5} \\
\hline
5\frac{3}{5}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 36) & 7\frac{3}{6} \\
 - 6\frac{5}{6} \\
 \hline
 2 \\
 \hline
 3
\end{array}$$

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{9}{24} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{3}{24} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{6}{24} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$^{38)} \frac{20}{24} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{20}{15} = \frac{1\frac{1}{3}}{15}$$

$$^{44)} \frac{6}{24} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{3}{3} = 1$$

$$\frac{18}{48} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\frac{42)}{24} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{45)}{15} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{30}{25} = 1\frac{1}{5}$$

Name: Check Up A Score:



Х	equivaler	nt compa	are +/_	mixed	adv decim	nals
imp	mixed	simplify	+/- comm	on dec	cimals	revision

Multiplying unit fractions by whole numbers 1) $\frac{1}{6}$ of 12 = 26) $\frac{1}{5}$ of 30 = 6

1)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of $12 = 2$

6)
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 30 = 6

²⁾
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 24 = $\frac{3}{9}$ of 36 = $\frac{4}{9}$

7)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 36 = 4

3)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 9 = 1

3)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of $9 = 1$ 8) $\frac{1}{4}$ of $24 = 6$

4)
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 42 = 6 9) $\frac{1}{8}$ of 32 = 4

9)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of $32 = 4$

5)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of $18 = 3$

10)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 16 = 8

Multiplying whole numbers by unit fractions $^{27)}$ 32 × $\frac{1}{4}$ = 8 $^{32)}$ 12 × $\frac{1}{4}$ = 3

$$^{27)}$$
 32 × $\frac{1}{4}$ = 8

32) 12 ×
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 = 3

²⁸⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{1}{8} = 5$$

³³⁾ 15 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 3

²⁹⁾ 21 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 = 3

30)
$$28 \times \frac{1}{4} = 7$$

35)
$$36 \times \frac{1}{4} = 9$$

31)
$$35 \times \frac{1}{7} = 5$$

³⁶⁾ 14 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 7

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers (sequenced)

¹¹⁾
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 24 = 4

$$\frac{2}{10}$$
 of 30 = 6

$$\frac{17}{8}$$
 of $16 = 2$

¹⁴⁾
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of $12 = 8$

$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 of $16 = 6$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions (sequenced)

41) 30 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 6

³⁸⁾ 21 ×
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 = 6 ⁴²⁾ 30 × $\frac{4}{5}$ = 24

42)
$$30 \times \frac{4}{5} = 24$$

³⁹⁾ 16 ×
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 = 4 ⁴³⁾ 36 × $\frac{1}{6}$ = 6

43) 36 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 = 6

40) 16 ×
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 = 12

44) 36 ×
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 = 24

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

19)
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of $48 = 40$

$$\frac{23}{3}$$
 of $30 = 20$

$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 of $36 = 12$

$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 of 27 = 15

²¹⁾
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 of $6 = 3$

²⁵⁾
$$\frac{4}{8}$$
 of 16 = 8

²²⁾
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 12 = 4

²⁶⁾
$$\frac{6}{7}$$
 of 21 = 18

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

⁴⁵⁾ 28 ×
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 = 8

⁴⁹⁾ 30 ×
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 = 25

⁴⁶⁾ 36 ×
$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 = 12

⁵⁰⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 = 28

47)
$$16 \times \frac{2}{4} = 8$$

⁵¹⁾ 45 ×
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 = 18

⁴⁸⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 = 30

⁵²⁾ 20 ×
$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 = 10

Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers

$$\frac{13}{4} =$$

$$\frac{14}{3} =$$

$$\frac{9}{5} =$$

58)
$$\frac{18}{5}$$
 =

55)
$$\frac{16}{6}$$
 =

$$\frac{15}{12} = \frac{15}{12}$$

56)
$$\frac{27}{10} =$$

60)
$$\frac{10}{5}$$
 =

Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions

$$4\frac{1}{4} =$$

$$1\frac{5}{6} =$$

$$3 = \frac{}{3}$$

$$3\frac{4}{10} =$$

$$1\frac{2}{12} =$$

$$5\frac{2}{3} =$$

$$4\frac{4}{5} =$$

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fractions Worksheets". This Check Up sheet should be used to assess students' progress after completing worksheet 2D.

Name: Check Up B Score:



x equivale		pa. 0		dv decimals
imp/mixed	simplify	+/- comm	on decim	nals revision

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{8}{16} = \frac{7}{14}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{21}{28} = \frac{12}{16}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{18} = \frac{5}{10}$$

$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{12}{36} = \frac{10}{30}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{6}{12} = \frac{10}{20}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{24}{30} = \frac{20}{25}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} = \frac{8}{64} = \frac{2}{16}$$

$$\frac{6}{6} = \frac{18}{54} = \frac{10}{30}$$

9)
$$\frac{3}{8} = \frac{27}{72} = \frac{21}{56}$$

Simplify these fractions

$$\frac{32}{48} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$^{13)}\frac{6}{48}=\frac{1}{8}$$

$$^{16)} \frac{10}{30} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{6}{16} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\frac{8}{12} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$^{14)} \frac{25}{30} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{17}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$^{20)} \frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{20}{32} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$^{15)} \frac{4}{24} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$^{18)} \frac{10}{12} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$^{21)} \frac{15}{20} = \frac{3}{4}$$

Simplify these fractions, show as a mixed number

$$^{22)} \frac{24}{18} = 1\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{14}{12} = 1\frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{80}{30} = 2\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{23}{30} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{32}{16} = 2$$

$$\frac{20}{12} = 1\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{36}{30} = 1\frac{1}{5}$$

$$^{28)} \frac{28}{20} = 1\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{30}{18} = 1\frac{2}{3}$$

$$^{25)} \frac{50}{40} = 1\frac{1}{4}$$

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{12}{8} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{33}{25} = 1\frac{4}{5}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{34}{9}$$
 of $18 = 6$ $\frac{37}{9}$ of $9 = 7$

$$\frac{7}{9}$$
 of $9 = \frac{7}{9}$

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of $36 = 30$

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of $36 = \frac{30}{5}$ of $25 = \frac{10}{5}$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 24 = $\frac{16}{3}$

³⁶⁾
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 24 = $\frac{16}{10}$ ³⁹⁾ $\frac{5}{10}$ of 20 = $\frac{10}{10}$

40)
$$20 \times \frac{2}{5} = 8$$

40)
$$20 \times \frac{2}{5} = 8$$
 43) $21 \times \frac{6}{7} = 18$

⁴⁴⁾
$$10 \times \frac{8}{10} = 8$$

42)
$$32 \times \frac{6}{8} = 24$$
 45) $4 \times \frac{2}{4} = 2$

⁴⁵⁾ 4 ×
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 = 2

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fractions Worksheets". This Check Up sheet should be used to assess students' progress after completing worksheet 4D

Name: Check Up C Score:



x equivale			+/– mi	 adv de	cimals
imp/mixed	simplify	+/-	common	decimals	revision

Insert <, > or =

1)
$$\frac{1}{2} < \frac{5}{8}$$

6)
$$\frac{3}{5} < \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{21}{5} = 4\frac{1}{5}$$

$$3\frac{1}{5} < \frac{17}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} \ge \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} > \frac{6}{10}$$

$$\frac{12)}{4} \ge 5\frac{1}{4}$$

$$3\frac{1}{3} < \frac{11}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{2}{4} < \frac{7}{8}$$

$$2\frac{4}{8} = \frac{20}{8}$$

$$5\frac{2}{3} = \frac{17}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} > \frac{1}{4}$$

9)
$$\frac{1}{4} > \frac{1}{8}$$

$$1\frac{1}{4} \leq \frac{6}{4}$$

$$\frac{19)}{5} \frac{45}{5} < 9\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} > \frac{1}{8}$$

10)
$$\frac{2}{8} < \frac{5}{8}$$

$$4\frac{1}{6} = \frac{25}{6}$$

$$3\frac{2}{4} = \frac{14}{4}$$

Add the fractions and simplify

$$\frac{21)}{5} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{4}{5} \qquad \frac{25)}{8} + \frac{4}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} + \frac{4}{8} = \frac{\frac{5}{8}}{8}$$

$$\frac{22)}{12} + \frac{7}{12} = \frac{3}{4} \qquad \frac{26)}{4} + \frac{2}{4} = 1$$

$$\frac{26)}{4} + \frac{2}{4} = 1$$

$$^{23)} \frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{23)}{4} + \frac{2}{4} = \frac{3}{4} \qquad \frac{27)}{10} + \frac{5}{10} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{24}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = 1$$

$$^{28)} \frac{7}{12} + \frac{2}{12} = \frac{3}{4}$$

Add the fractions (vertically) and simplify

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2\frac{6}{10} \\
 + 1\frac{8}{10} \\
 \hline
 4\frac{2}{5}
\end{array}$$

Subtract the fractions (change to improper fractions and simplify where necessary)

Subtract the fractions and simplify

$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3} \qquad \frac{45}{4} - \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{42)}{5} \frac{4}{5} - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{5} \qquad \frac{46)}{8} \frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{43)}{12} \frac{10}{12} - \frac{5}{12} = \frac{5}{12} \qquad \frac{47)}{10} - \frac{4}{10} = \frac{3}{10}$$

$$\frac{44)}{12} \frac{6}{12} - \frac{3}{12} = \frac{1}{4} \qquad \frac{48)}{6} \frac{3}{6} - \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$$

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fractions Worksheets". This Check Up sheet should be used to assess students' progress after completing worksheet 6D.

Check Up D Name: Score:



x equivale	nt compare	+/– mixed_	adv decir	nals
imp/mixed	simplify +/-	common c	decimals	revision

Convert decimals to common fractions

1)
$$0.7 = \frac{7}{10}$$

6)
$$0.06 = \frac{6}{100}$$

$$^{2)} 0.77 = \frac{77}{100}$$

$$^{7)}$$
 0.21 = $\frac{21}{100}$

$$^{3)}$$
 0.6 = $\frac{6}{10}$

8)
$$0.16 = \frac{16}{100}$$

4)
$$0.73 = \frac{73}{100}$$

9)
$$0.5 = \frac{5}{10}$$

5)
$$0.1 = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$^{10)} 0.65 = \frac{65}{100}$$

Convert decimals to mixed numbers

$$^{11)} 2.8 = 2\frac{8}{10}$$

$$^{16)} 5.3 = 5\frac{3}{10}$$

¹²⁾ 3.94 =
$$3\frac{94}{100}$$
 ¹⁷⁾ 4.4 = $4\frac{4}{10}$

$$^{17)} 4.4 = 4\frac{4}{10}$$

$$^{13)} 7.13 = 7\frac{13}{100}$$

$$^{18)} 1.2 = 1\frac{2}{10}$$

$$^{14)} 4.09 = 4 \frac{9}{100}$$

$$^{19)} 4.69 = 4\frac{69}{100}$$

$$^{15)} 6.9 = 6\frac{9}{10}$$

$$^{20)} 4.04 = 4\frac{4}{100}$$

Convert common fractions to decimals

$$\frac{6}{20} = 0.3$$

$$\frac{34}{50} = 0.68$$

$$^{22)} \frac{4}{25} = 0.16$$

$$\frac{14}{20} = 0.7$$

$$\frac{23)}{5} = 0.8$$

$$\frac{5}{25} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{29}{50} = 0.46$$

$$\frac{6}{20} = 0.3$$

$$\frac{40}{50} = 0.8$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$5\frac{1}{2} = 5.5$$

$$2\frac{2}{5} = 2.4$$

$$1\frac{11}{50} = 1.22$$

$$1\frac{1}{5} = 1.2$$

$$5\frac{23}{50} = 5.46$$

$$3\frac{30}{50} = 3.6$$

$$7\frac{2}{20} = 7.1$$

$$5\frac{29}{50} = 5.58$$

$$3\frac{2}{25} = 3.08$$

$$6\frac{15}{20} = 6.75$$

Insert <. > or =

$$\frac{6}{9} > \frac{4}{12}$$

$$\frac{43)}{6} > \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{45}{5} > \frac{2}{6}$$

$$2\frac{3}{4} = \frac{11}{4}$$

$$\frac{2}{9} < \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} < \frac{2}{9}$$

$$3\frac{2}{3} \ge \frac{10}{3}$$

$$\frac{48)}{6} > \frac{1}{3}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

⁴⁹⁾
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of $48 = 40$

$$\frac{53}{3}$$
 of 27 = 18

$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 of $10 = \frac{9}{10}$

⁵⁰⁾
$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 of 10 = 9 ⁵⁴⁾ $\frac{2}{6}$ of 42 = 14

⁵¹⁾
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 14 = **7**

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of $50 = 10$

⁵²⁾
$$\frac{5}{7}$$
 of 28 = 20

⁵⁶⁾
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of $4 = 3$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

⁵⁷⁾
$$18 \times \frac{1}{2} = 9$$

61)
$$40 \times \frac{3}{8} = 15$$

⁵⁸⁾ 16 ×
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 = 10

62)
$$45 \times \frac{5}{9} = 25$$

⁵⁹⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 = 20

63)
$$16 \times \frac{3}{8} = 6$$

60)
$$20 \times \frac{4}{5} = 16$$

⁶⁴⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 = 12

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Bring It On! Fractions Worksheets". This Check Up sheet should be used to assess students' progress after completing worksheet 8D.

Multiplying by Fractions: Homework 1 HW



Х	equivalent	t compar	e +/- mixed	adv decii	mals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- common	decimals	revision

Multiiplying unit fractions by whole numbers

1)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of $45 = 5$

6)
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of $15 = 3$

2)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 32 = 8

2)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 32 = 8 7) $\frac{1}{7}$ of 49 = 7

3)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 27 = 3 8) $\frac{1}{8}$ of 48 = 6

8)
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of $48 = 6$

4)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 8 = 4

9)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of $40 = 10$

5)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of $18 = 2$

$$\frac{10}{10}$$
 of $10 = 1$

Multiplying whole numbers by unit fractions

31)
$$21 \times \frac{1}{3} = 7$$

$$^{36)}$$
 36 × $\frac{1}{9}$ = 4

32) 42 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 = 7

$$^{37)}$$
 40 × $\frac{1}{4}$ = 10

33)
$$28 \times \frac{1}{7} = 4$$

³⁸⁾ 48 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 = 6

³⁴⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 = 6

³⁹⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 = 8

35)
$$16 \times \frac{1}{4} = 4$$

40) 5 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 1

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

11)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 24 = 4

²¹⁾
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 45 = 9

12)
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 of 24 = 8

$$\frac{22}{5}$$
 of $45 = 18$

13)
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 of 54 = 6

²³⁾
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 56 = **7**

$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 of 54 = 18

$$\frac{24}{8}$$
 of $56 = 28$

¹⁵⁾
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of $18 = 6$

$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 42 = 6

¹⁶⁾
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 18 = 12

$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of $42 = 18$

¹⁷⁾
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 32 = 8

$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 30 = 5

¹⁸⁾
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 32 = **24**

$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of 30 = 25

¹⁹⁾
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of 28 = 4

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of $70 = 7$

$$\frac{3}{7}$$
 of 28 = 12

$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 of $70 = 49$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41)
$$36 \times \frac{1}{6} = 6$$

⁵¹⁾ 24 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 = 4

42)
$$36 \times \frac{3}{6} = 18$$

$$52) \quad 24 \times \frac{2}{6} = 8$$

43) 63 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 = 7

⁵³⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 = 7

⁴⁴⁾ 63 ×
$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 = 35

⁵⁴⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{3}{6}$$
 = 21

45) 30 ×
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 = 3

⁵⁵⁾ 81 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 = 9

46) 30 ×
$$\frac{8}{10}$$
 = 24

⁵⁶⁾ 81 ×
$$\frac{3}{9}$$
 = 27

47) 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 = 3

⁵⁷⁾ 25 ×
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 = 5

48)
$$18 \times \frac{4}{6} = 12$$

⁵⁸⁾ 25 ×
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 = 15

⁴⁹⁾ 36 ×
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
 = 4

⁵⁹⁾ 32 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 = 4

⁵⁰⁾ 36 ×
$$\frac{5}{9}$$
 = 20

60) 32 ×
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 = 12

Revision

61)
$$7 + 8 = 15$$

65)
$$7 + 6 = 13$$

73)
$$10 - 0 = 10$$

62)
$$7 + 7 = 14$$

66)
$$7 + 3 = 10$$

74) 15
$$-$$
 7 = 8

63)
$$8 + 2 = 10$$

67)
$$6 + 7 = 13$$

71)
$$6 - 3 = 3$$

75)
$$17 - 9 = 8$$

64)
$$8 + 6 = 14$$

68)
$$9 + 7 = 16$$

76)
$$9 - 5 = 4$$

2 HW

Homework

Improper and Mixed Numbers:



	Х	equival	ent con	npare	+/– mixed	adv de	ecimals
[imp	/mixed	simplify	+/_	common	decimals	revision

Converting Mixed Numbers to Improper Fractions:

Remember:

$$2\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$

$$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$$
 or $(2 \times \frac{5}{5}) + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{13}{5}$

Mixed numbers to improper fractions

1)
$$3\frac{2}{4} = \frac{14}{4}$$

6)
$$4 = \frac{24}{6}$$
 11) $2\frac{4}{7} = \frac{18}{7}$

16)
$$10\frac{2}{3} = \frac{32}{3}$$

$$^{2)}$$
 $4 = \frac{20}{5}$

7)
$$5\frac{2}{3} = \frac{17}{3}$$

12)
$$2 = \frac{4}{2}$$

2)
$$4 = \frac{20}{5}$$
 7) $5\frac{2}{3} = \frac{17}{3}$ 12) $2 = \frac{4}{2}$ 17) $7\frac{6}{10} = \frac{76}{10}$

$$^{3)}$$
 $3\frac{7}{8} = \frac{31}{8}$

8)
$$9 = \frac{72}{8}$$

13)
$$5\frac{3}{4} = \frac{23}{4}$$

3)
$$3\frac{7}{8} = \frac{31}{8}$$
 8) $9 = \frac{72}{8}$ 13) $5\frac{3}{4} = \frac{23}{4}$ 18) $3\frac{1}{4} = \frac{13}{4}$

4)
$$2\frac{4}{10} = \frac{24}{10}$$
 9) $3\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$ 14) $2\frac{3}{4} = \frac{11}{4}$

9)
$$3\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$$

14)
$$2\frac{3}{4} = \frac{11}{4}$$

$$7 = \frac{56}{8}$$

⁵⁾
$$7\frac{2}{8} = \frac{58}{8}$$
 ¹⁰⁾ $7\frac{5}{6} = \frac{47}{6}$

$$7\frac{5}{6} = \frac{47}{6}$$

15)
$$1\frac{3}{12} = \frac{15}{12}$$

$$8\frac{1}{3} = \frac{25}{3}$$

Converting Improper Fractions to Mixed Numbers:

Remember:

$$\frac{11}{4}$$
 11 ÷ 4 = 2 with a remainder of 3 so the mixed number

2 with a remainder of 3 so the mixed number is
$$2\frac{3}{4}$$

$$2\frac{3}{4}$$

Improper fractions to mixed numbers

$$\frac{14}{6} = 2\frac{2}{6}$$

26)
$$\frac{13}{4} = 3\frac{1}{4}$$

31)
$$\frac{12}{3} =$$

36)
$$\frac{8}{2} =$$

22)
$$\frac{7}{5} = 1\frac{2}{5}$$
 $\frac{27}{5} = 2\frac{2}{5}$

$$\frac{12}{5} = 2\frac{2}{5}$$

32)
$$\frac{18}{4} = 4\frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{17}{5} = 3\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{10}{6} = 1\frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{28)}{\frac{13}{5}} = \frac{2\frac{3}{5}}{\frac{2}{5}}$$

$$\frac{29)}{11} = 2\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{16}{5} = 3\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{16}{3} = 5\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{15}{5} = 3$$

$$\frac{11}{4} = 2\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{24}{5} = 4 \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{16}{4} = 4$$

$$\frac{25}{8} = 3\frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{10}{4} = 2\frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{10}{5} = 2$$

$$\frac{11}{2} = 5\frac{1}{2}$$

Revision

41)
$$8 + 7 = 15$$
 46) $7 + 2 = 9$

46)
$$7 + 2 = 9$$

57)
$$7 - 2 = 5$$

53)
$$19 - 9 = 10$$
 58) $10 - 8 = 2$

58)
$$10 - 8 = 2$$

49)
$$7 + 5 = 12$$

$$54) \ 18 - 9 = 9$$

45)
$$9 + 5 = 14$$

45)
$$9 + 5 = 14$$
 50) $9 + 7 = 16$

Equivalent Fractions: Homework **3 HW**



Х	equivaler	nt compa	re +/	/– mixed	adv de	cimals	
imp/r	nixed	simplify	+/- comr	mon c	decimals	revision	

Equivalent Fractions:

Equivalent fractions represent the same amount even though they have different numerators and denominators.

For example: $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{4}{8}$

To make an equivalent fraction you have to multiply or divide the numerator and denominator by the same number.

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2 \times 3}{3 \times 3} = \frac{6}{9}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2 \times 3}{3 \times 3} = \frac{6}{9}$$
 $\frac{15}{25} = \frac{15 \div 5}{25 \div 5} = \frac{3}{5}$

Equivalent Fractions

$$\frac{3}{8} = \frac{30}{80}$$

$$\frac{6}{6} = \frac{9}{18}$$

$$\frac{11}{6} = \frac{14}{42}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{18}{24}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{10}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{27}{45}$$

$$\frac{17}{6} = \frac{4}{12}$$

$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{24}{48}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{10}{50}$$

$$\frac{13)}{6} = \frac{9}{18}$$

$$^{18)} \ \frac{3}{4} = \frac{27}{36}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{8}{16}$$

9)
$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\frac{14}{5} = \frac{7}{35}$$

$$^{19)} \ \frac{5}{6} = \frac{25}{30}$$

$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{14}{42}$$

$$\frac{10}{8} = \frac{25}{40}$$

$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{36}{54}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{4}{20}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

²¹⁾
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of $18 = 6$

²⁶⁾
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $18 = 9$

²²⁾
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 18 = 12 $\frac{27}{8}$ of 64 = 8

$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 of 64 = 8

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of $50 = 5$

²³⁾
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 of 50 = $\frac{5}{8}$ of 64 = $\frac{48}{8}$

$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 of 50 = 45 $\frac{29}{5}$ of 35 = 7

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of 35 = **7**

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 of $40 = 8$

$$\frac{30}{5}$$
 of 45 = 27

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

31)
$$27 \times \frac{1}{9} = 3$$

$$^{36)}$$
 24 × $\frac{3}{4}$ = 18

32)
$$27 \times \frac{5}{9} = 15$$

$$^{37)}$$
 36 × $\frac{3}{4}$ = 27

33)
$$12 \times \frac{2}{4} = 6$$

³⁸⁾ 12 ×
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 = 4

34) 24 ×
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 = 8

³⁹⁾ 30 ×
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 = 5

$$^{35)}$$
 5 × $\frac{4}{5}$ = 4

40) 49 ×
$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 = 28

Revision

41)
$$6 + 2 = 8$$
 46) $8 + 6 = 14$

46)
$$8 + 6 = 14$$

51)
$$7 - 4 = 3$$

51)
$$7 - 4 = 3$$
 56) $13 - 5 = 8$

42) 9 + 7 =
$$16$$

$$42) 9 + 7 = 16 47) 5 + 7 = 12$$

53)
$$12 - 9 = 3$$
 58) $8 - 5 = 3$

58)
$$8 - 5 = 3$$

54)
$$17 - 9 = 8$$

54)
$$17 - 9 = 8$$
 59) $16 - 9 = 7$

50)
$$5 + 3 = 8$$

55)
$$14 - 7 = 7$$
 60) $15 - 6 = 9$

Simplifying Fractions: Homework **4 HW**



Х	equivale	nt comp	are ·	+/- mixed	adv de	cimals
imp/	mixed [simplify	+/- con	mmon	decimals	revision

Simplifying Fractions:

Simplifying a fraction means to make an equivalent fraction which has numbers as small as possible. To do this, find the equivalent fraction with the smallest numbers. This means dividing the numerator and denominator with common factors.

For example:

In some cases a fraction can be simplified even further if you look harder.

Simplify these fractions

$$^{1)} \ \frac{18}{30} = \frac{3}{5}$$

6)
$$\frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{11)} \frac{6}{18} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{16)} \frac{15}{18} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{6}{30} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{30}{36} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{12)}{15} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{17}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{12}{16} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{13)}{12} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{18)}{15} = \frac{4}{5}$$

4)
$$\frac{10}{20} = \frac{1}{2}$$

9)
$$\frac{20}{40} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{14)}{10} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$^{19)} \frac{24}{30} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$^{10)} \frac{54}{60} = \frac{9}{10}$$

$$\frac{15}{30} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$^{20)} \frac{4}{16} = \frac{1}{4}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{6}{7}$$
 of 21 = 18

$$\frac{26}{5}$$
 of 20 = 16

²²⁾
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of $6 = 5$

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of $12 = 4$

$$\frac{9}{10}$$
 of 20 = 18

²⁸⁾
$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 of $45 = 20$

$$\frac{24}{6}$$
 of 30 = 10

²⁹⁾
$$\frac{4}{8}$$
 of $16 = 8$

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 24 = 18

$$\frac{30}{8}$$
 of $64 = 16$

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

31)
$$28 \times \frac{1}{7} = 4$$

$$^{36)}$$
 24 × $\frac{1}{4}$ = 6

32)
$$5 \times \frac{2}{5} = 2$$

$$^{37)}$$
 28 × $\frac{3}{7}$ = 12

33)
$$16 \times \frac{1}{2} = 8$$

³⁸⁾ 81 ×
$$\frac{2}{9}$$
 = 18

³⁴⁾ 40 ×
$$\frac{5}{8}$$
 = 25

³⁹⁾ 45 ×
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
 = 27

35)
$$20 \times \frac{6}{10} = 12$$

40) 10 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 5

Revision

46) 6 + 4 =
$$10$$

56)
$$11 - 5 = 6$$

42)
$$5 + 3 = 8$$

$$47) 5 + 7 = 12$$

57)
$$13 - 8 = 5$$

43)
$$5 + 6 = 11$$

48)
$$8 + 5 = 13$$

53)
$$6 - 4 = 2$$

58)
$$13 - 7 = 6$$

44)
$$7 + 6 = 13$$

49) 9 + 7 =
$$16$$

59)
$$19 - 9 = 10$$

45)
$$8 + 7 = 15$$

55)
$$10 - 8 = 2$$
 60) $4 - 2 = 2$

60)
$$4 - 2 = 2$$

Comparing Fractions: Homework **5 HW**



х	equivale	nt	compare	+/- mixed	adv	decimals	
imp/	/mixed	simp	lify +/-	- common	decimals	revision	

Comparing Fractions:

When denominators are the same it is easy, the numerator tells you which fraction is larger:

$$\frac{3}{4} > \frac{2}{4}$$

When the denominators are different, the easiest way to compare them is to find an equivalent fraction that make the denominators the same:

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 $\boxed{\frac{7}{8}}$

$$\frac{6}{8}\frac{3}{4}<\frac{7}{8}$$

Sometimes both fractions need changing:

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 $\boxed{\frac{5}{6}}$

$$\frac{9}{12} \frac{\cancel{8}}{\cancel{4}} < \frac{\cancel{8}}{\cancel{8}} \frac{10}{12}$$

Insert <, > or =

1)
$$\frac{1}{4} < \frac{3}{4}$$

6)
$$\frac{2}{4} > \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{11)}{9} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{16)}{4} \ge \frac{4}{6}$$

2)
$$\frac{5}{8} < \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$$

12)
$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{17)}{4} = \frac{9}{12}$$

3)
$$\frac{1}{2} < \frac{5}{8}$$

8)
$$\frac{2}{4} > \frac{2}{8}$$

$$\frac{13}{3} < \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{18)}{2} > \frac{2}{5}$$

4)
$$\frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

9)
$$\frac{5}{8} < \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{14)}{6} < \frac{3}{12}$$

19)
$$\frac{2}{3} < \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{3}{8} < \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{10)}{4} = \frac{4}{8}$$

15)
$$\frac{1}{4} < \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} > \frac{4}{6}$$

Simplify these fractions, show as a mixed number

$$\frac{21}{10} = 2\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{36}{16} = 2\frac{1}{4}$$

$$^{29)} \frac{42}{36} = 1\frac{1}{6}$$

$$^{22)} \frac{10}{4} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{26}{16} = 1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{30}{24} = 1\frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{23)} \frac{14}{6} = 2\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{36}{30} = 1\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{31)}{15} = 1\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{18}{15} = 1\frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{8}{6} = 1\frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{32)} \frac{21}{9} = 2\frac{1}{3}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{33}{8}$$
 of $8 = 4$

$$\frac{37}{8}$$
 of $16 = \frac{8}{8}$

$$\frac{7}{9}$$
 of $36 = 28$

$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 of 42 = 12

$$\frac{35}{7}$$
 of 42 = 12 $\frac{39}{8}$ of 16 = 10

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 27 = 9

40)
$$\frac{3}{8}$$
 of 48 = 18

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

41) 12 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 = 8

42)
$$40 \times \frac{7}{10} = 28$$
 46) $36 \times \frac{2}{9} = 8$

46)
$$36 \times \frac{2}{9} = 8$$

43)
$$18 \times \frac{2}{9} = 4$$
 47) $12 \times \frac{2}{6} = 4$

47) 12 ×
$$\frac{2}{6}$$
 = 4

⁴⁴⁾ 14 ×
$$\frac{4}{7}$$
 = 8

48) 30 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 = 20

Homework

Adding and Subtractions Fractions: 6 HW



Х	equivale	nt compa	are	+/- mixed	adv d	ecimals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- co	mmon	decimals	revision

Add the fractions

1)
$$\frac{4}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = 1\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = 1$$

3)
$$\frac{3}{6} + \frac{4}{6} = 1\frac{1}{6}$$

4)
$$\frac{6}{9} + \frac{5}{9} = 1\frac{2}{9}$$

⁵⁾
$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} = 1\frac{1}{3}$$

Add the fractions. Change the improper fractions to mixed numbers and simplify.

Subtract the fractions (change to improper fractions where necessary)

6)
$$1\frac{2}{8} - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$$

7)
$$1\frac{2}{6} - \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

8)
$$1\frac{2}{10} - \frac{5}{10} = \frac{7}{10}$$

9)
$$1\frac{4}{10} - \frac{6}{10} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$10) \quad 1\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

Subtract the fractions (change to improper fractions where necessary)

Equivalent fractions

$$\frac{3}{6} = \frac{18}{36}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{15}$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = \frac{9}{54}$$

$$\frac{35}{4} = \frac{9}{12}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} = \frac{40}{50}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{14}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{30}{40}$$

$$\frac{36}{4} = \frac{12}{16}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{8}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{18}$$

$$\frac{37}{8} = \frac{20}{40}$$

$$\frac{26}{6} = \frac{4}{12}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} = \frac{24}{32}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} = \frac{45}{54}$$

$$\frac{38}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$$

Homework

Adding and Subtracting Mixed Numbers: 7 HW



Х	equivaler	nt com	pare	+/– mixed	adv de	cimals
imp/	/mixed	simplify	+/- cc	ommon	decimals	revision

Add the fractions. Regroup where necessary. Simplify where possible.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & 2\frac{2}{3} \\ + & 4\frac{1}{3} \\ \hline & 7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
3) & 2\frac{3}{5} \\
+ 4\frac{3}{5} \\
\hline
7\frac{1}{5}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
5) & 6\frac{8}{10} \\
+ & 1\frac{9}{10} \\
\hline
 & 8\frac{7}{10}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 2) & 3\frac{2}{9} \\ + 5\frac{2}{9} \\ \hline 8\frac{4}{9} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
4) & 3\frac{2}{3} \\
+ 2\frac{2}{3} \\
\hline
 & 6\frac{1}{3}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
6) & 2\frac{4}{6} \\
+ 2\frac{5}{6} \\
\hline
 & 5\frac{1}{2}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
8) & 1\frac{1}{4} \\
+ 3\frac{3}{4} \\
\hline
5
\end{array}$$

Subtract the fractions. Regroup where necessary and simplify.

$$\begin{array}{c} 9) & 8\frac{1}{6} \\ - & 5\frac{5}{6} \\ \hline & 2\frac{1}{3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
7\frac{4}{6} \\
- 1\frac{5}{6} \\
\hline
5\frac{5}{6}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
13) & 9\frac{2}{6} \\
 - 3\frac{4}{6} \\
\hline
 & 5\frac{2}{3}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} ^{15)} & 6\frac{2}{6} \\ - & 6\frac{1}{6} \\ \hline & \frac{1}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
10) & 8\frac{1}{3} \\
- & 5\frac{2}{3} \\
\hline
 & 2\frac{2}{3}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
7\frac{5}{6} \\
- 7\frac{4}{6} \\
\hline
\frac{1}{6}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 8\frac{2}{4} \\
 - 3\frac{3}{4} \\
 \hline
 4\frac{3}{4}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
16) & 8\frac{8}{10} \\
- & 4\frac{9}{10} \\
\hline
& 3\frac{9}{10}
\end{array}$$

Multiplying fractions by whole numbers

$$\frac{17}{7}$$
 of $42 = 6$

$$\frac{21}{4}$$
 of $32 = 16$

18)
$$\frac{2}{5}$$
 of $15 = 6$

of
$$15 = \frac{6}{9}$$
 of $9 = \frac{3}{9}$

19)
$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 of $36 = 18$

$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 of 36 = 18 $\frac{23}{4}$ of 32 = 16

$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 of $40 = 30$

$$\frac{6}{8}$$
 of 40 = 30 $\frac{24}{3}$ of 15 = 10

Multiplying whole numbers by fractions

$$^{25)} 6 \times \frac{2}{3} = 4$$

²⁹⁾ 16 ×
$$\frac{1}{8}$$
 = 2

²⁶⁾ 10 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 5

30) 10 ×
$$\frac{2}{10}$$
 = 2

$$27) \ \ 40 \times \frac{9}{10} = 36$$

31)
$$16 \times \frac{1}{2} = 8$$

²⁸⁾ 30 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 = 20 ³²⁾ 36 × $\frac{4}{6}$ = 24

32)
$$36 \times \frac{4}{6} = 24$$

Insert <, > or =

³³⁾
$$1\frac{1}{3} \ge \frac{8}{9}$$

$$1\frac{3}{12} < 1\frac{6}{12}$$

$$^{37)}$$
 $2\frac{1}{6} \leq \frac{14}{6}$

$$\frac{39)}{3} \ge \frac{2}{5}$$

$$3\frac{1}{3} = \frac{10}{3}$$

$$\frac{36)}{9} \leq \frac{8}{6}$$

$$2\frac{3}{5} > \frac{12}{5}$$

$$40)$$
 $4\frac{4}{5} = \frac{24}{5}$

Converting Decimals to Common Fractions: 8 HW



Х	equivalent	compare	+/– mixed	0.0.0	
imp	/mixed sir	nplify +/-	common [decimals	revision

Converting Decimal Fractions to Common Fractions or Mixed Numbers:

It is important to look at the places shown by each decimal. If only the tenths place is shown then use 10 as the denominator; if hundredths, then use 100 as the denominator.

$$0.4 = \frac{4}{10}$$

0.36 is 36 hundredths

$$0.36 = \frac{36}{100}$$

2.5 is 2 and 5 tenths

6.78 is 6 and 78 hundredths

$$2.5 = 2\frac{5}{10}$$

$$6.78 = 6\frac{78}{100}$$

Convert decimals to common fractions

1)
$$0.19 = \frac{19}{100}$$

6)
$$0.59 = \frac{59}{100}$$

$$^{2)} 0.8 = \frac{8}{10}$$

$$^{7)}$$
 0.16 = $\frac{16}{100}$

$$^{3)} 0.9 = \frac{90}{100}$$

8)
$$0.3 = \frac{3}{10}$$

4)
$$0.43 = \frac{43}{100}$$
 9) $0.5 = \frac{5}{10}$

9)
$$0.5 = \frac{5}{10}$$

$$^{5)}$$
 0.33 = $\frac{33}{100}$

$$^{10)} 0.82 = \frac{82}{100}$$

Convert decimals to mixed numbers

$$^{11)} 3.6 = \frac{3\frac{6}{10}}{}$$

$$^{16)} 5.7 = 5\frac{70}{100}$$

$$^{12)} 0.7 = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$^{17)} 7.03 = 7\frac{3}{100}$$

$$^{13)} 2.68 = 2 \frac{68}{100}$$

$$^{18)} 5.14 = 5\frac{14}{100}$$

$$^{14)} 5.6 = \underline{5\frac{60}{100}}$$
 $^{19)} 1.69 = \underline{1\frac{69}{100}}$

$$^{19)} 1.69 = 1\frac{69}{100}$$

15) 1.9 =
$$1\frac{9}{10}$$

$$^{20)} 0.49 = \frac{49}{100}$$

Converting Common Fractions or Mixed Numbers to Decimal Fractions:

It is important to look at the denominator. If it is a 10 or 100, think of the places that are shown by that denominator.

$$\frac{4}{10}$$
 is 4 tenths so as a decimal it is 0.4

 $\frac{36}{100}$ is 36 hundredths so as a decimal it is 0.36

$$3\frac{7}{10}$$
 is 3 and 7 tenths so as a decimal it is 3.7

 $8\frac{54}{100}$ is 8 and 54 hundredths so as a decimal it is 8.54

Convert common fractions to decimals

$$\frac{11}{100} = 0.11$$

$$\frac{26)}{10} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{1}{10} = 0.1$$

$$\frac{3}{100} = 0.03$$

$$\frac{33}{100} = 0.33$$

$$\frac{47}{100} = 0.47$$

$$\frac{5}{10} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{39}{100} = 0.39$$

$$\frac{42}{100} = 0.42$$

$$\frac{8}{10} = 0.8$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

³¹⁾
$$6\frac{41}{100} = 6.41$$
 ³⁶⁾ $6\frac{8}{10} = 6.8$

$$6\frac{8}{10} = 6.8$$

$$4\frac{20}{100} = 4.2$$

$$2\frac{26}{100} = 2.26$$

$$1\frac{32}{100} = 1.32$$
 $3\frac{40}{100} = 3.4$

$$3^{8)} \quad 3\frac{40}{100} = 3.4$$

$$7\frac{3}{10} = 7.3$$

$$5\frac{31}{100} = 5.31$$

$$\frac{9}{10} = 0.9$$

$$3\frac{7}{10} = 3.7$$

Homework

Advanced Fractions to Decimals: 9 HW



Х	equivaler	nt compa	are +	/– mixed		adv decir	nals
imp	/mixed	simplify	+/- com	mon (deci	mals	revision

Converting Equivalent Common Fractions to Decimal Fractions:

When the denominator is not a 10 or 100, then the fraction needs to be changed to its equivalent denominator that is

$$\frac{2}{5}\frac{4}{10}$$
 is 4 tenths so as a decimal it is 0.4

$$\frac{5}{20}\frac{25}{100}$$
 is 25 hundredths so as a decimal it is 0.25

$$3\frac{1}{2}\frac{5}{10}$$
 is 3 and 5 tenths so as a decimal it is 3.5

$$8\frac{6}{25}\frac{24}{100}$$
 is 8 and 24 hundredths so as a decimal it is 8.24

Convert common fractions to decimals

$$\frac{17}{50} = 0.34$$

$$\frac{11)}{50} = 0.44$$

$$\frac{9}{25} = 0.36$$

$$\frac{12}{2} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{2}{5} = 0.4$$

$$\frac{13}{5} = 0.2$$

4)
$$\frac{1}{50} = 0.02$$

$$\frac{14)}{50} = 0.36$$

$$\frac{22}{25} = 0.88$$

$$\frac{8}{25} = 0.32$$

6)
$$\frac{3}{5} = 0.6$$

$$\frac{16)}{25} = 0.92$$

$$\frac{7}{20} = 0.35$$

$$\frac{17}{20} = 0.55$$

8)
$$\frac{11}{50} = 0.22$$

$$\frac{18)}{20} = 0.1$$

9)
$$\frac{15}{50} = 0.3$$

$$\frac{9}{20} = 0.45$$

$$\frac{6}{25} = 0.24$$

$$\frac{9}{25} = 0.36$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$1\frac{4}{5} = 1.8$$

$$8\frac{10}{25} = 8.4$$

$$8\frac{1}{2} = 8.5$$

$$7\frac{5}{20} = 7.25$$

$$1\frac{2}{5} = 1.4$$

$$33)$$
 $3\frac{1}{5} = 3.2$

$$4\frac{2}{20} = 4.1$$

$$8\frac{3}{5} = 8.6$$

$$5\frac{32}{50} = 5.64$$

$$7\frac{7}{25} = 7.28$$

$$1\frac{14}{50} = 1.28$$

$$6\frac{6}{20} = 6.3$$

$$9\frac{13}{50} = 9.26$$

$$1\frac{11}{20} = 1.55$$

$$5\frac{7}{20} = 5.35$$

$$1\frac{16}{50} = 1.32$$

$$7\frac{10}{25} = 7.4$$

$$7\frac{11}{25} = 7.44$$

$$7\frac{9}{20} = 7.45$$

$$3\frac{27}{50} = 3.54$$

Multiply fractions by whole numbers

41)
$$\frac{5}{6}$$
 of $36 = 30$

$$\frac{45}{6}$$
 of $36 = 12$

42)
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of $16 = 12$

42)
$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 16 = 12 46) $\frac{9}{10}$ of 40 = 36

43)
$$\frac{6}{10}$$
 of 10 = 6 47) $\frac{5}{8}$ of 48 = 30

$$\frac{47}{8}$$
 of $48 = 30$

$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 of 40 = 20 $\frac{48}{9}$ of 18 = 8

48)
$$\frac{4}{9}$$
 of $18 = 8$

Multiply whole numbers by fractions

⁴⁹⁾ 36 ×
$$\frac{2}{9}$$
 = 8

⁵³⁾ 10 ×
$$\frac{4}{10}$$
 = 4

50)
$$40 \times \frac{2}{8} = 10$$

⁵⁴⁾ 30 ×
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 = 20

⁵¹⁾ 42 ×
$$\frac{4}{6}$$
 = 28

⁵⁵⁾ 30 ×
$$\frac{7}{10}$$
 = 21

⁵²⁾ 18 ×
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 = 9

⁵⁶⁾ 15 ×
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 = 10

Homework Revision: 10 HW



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	imp/mixed	simplify	+/– common	decimals [revision	

Simplify these fractions

1)
$$\frac{2}{8} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{18}{24} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{22}{6} = 3\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{35}{25} = 1\frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{45}{50} = \frac{9}{10}$$

4)
$$\frac{9}{24} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\frac{6}{18} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$^{8)} \frac{4}{32} = \frac{1}{8}$$

Convert common fractions to decimals

9)
$$\frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{3}{5} = 0.6$$

$$\frac{10)}{25} = 0.4$$

$$\frac{15)}{5} = 0.8$$

$$\frac{6}{25} = 0.24$$

$$\frac{16)}{25} = 0.44$$

$$\frac{12}{5} = 0.2$$

$$\frac{17)}{50} = 0.88$$

$$\frac{4}{25} = 0.16$$

$$\frac{18}{50} = 0.26$$

Convert mixed numbers to decimals

$$1\frac{1}{2} = 1.5$$

$$9\frac{5}{25} = 9.2$$

$$2^{20)}$$
 $2\frac{29}{50} = 2.58$

$$6\frac{2}{25} = 6.08$$

$$7\frac{7}{25} = 7.28$$

$$3\frac{3}{5} = 3.6$$

$$8\frac{5}{25} = 8.2$$

$$2\frac{9}{25} = 2.36$$

$$4\frac{2}{20} = 4.1$$

²⁸⁾
$$1\frac{7}{20} = 1.35$$

Add the fractions

$$\begin{array}{r}
 4\frac{3}{10} \\
 + 2\frac{3}{10} \\
 \hline
 6\frac{3}{5}
\end{array}$$

$$5\frac{8}{9} + 5\frac{1}{9} + 5\frac{1}{9}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & 6 & \\
 & + & 5 & \\
\hline
 & 11 & \\
 & & \\
\end{array}$$

Subtract the fractions

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & 9\frac{1}{4} \\
 & - 7\frac{3}{4} \\
\hline
 & 1\frac{1}{2}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 34) & 6\frac{2}{6} \\ - & 1\frac{3}{6} \\ \hline & 4\frac{5}{6} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
35) & 5\frac{10}{12} \\
- & 3\frac{9}{12} \\
\hline
& 2\frac{1}{12}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 5\frac{2}{6} \\
 - 3\frac{4}{6} \\
 \hline
 1\frac{2}{3}
\end{array}$$

Add the fractions

$$8\frac{4}{10} + 1\frac{9}{10} = 10\frac{3}{10}$$

$$1\frac{7}{9} + 4\frac{1}{9} = 5\frac{8}{9}$$

Subtract the fractions

$$1\frac{2}{5} - \frac{3}{5} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$3\frac{2}{6} - \frac{5}{6} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

Bring It On! Fractions Worksheets

By Trish Price & Peter Price

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