Multiples of 6: Name: 5 [A]



2&4	5&10	3&9	7&11	6,8&12	Finding Factors	LCM	GCF	Factor Trees	All
-----	------	-----	------	--------	-----------------	-----	-----	-----------------	-----

Multiples of 6:

The number must be divisible by 2 and 3, so it must be an even number that is divisible by 3. e.g. 78: 78 is even and 7 + 8 = 15, so 78 is divisible by 3. So 78 is a multiple of 6.

Find the multiples of 6: Cross out the numbers that are not even, then circle those that are multiples of 3 (do the digits add to 3 or a multiple of 3). Those are multiples of 6,

12	18	19	22	24	26
46	48	51	66	96	49
124	136	156	174	270	321

Write the me

1) Start at 6

2-digit num 2) **44 × 1**

3) **44 × 5**

4) 22 × 5



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21)
$$86 \div 2 =$$

Addition revision

Subtraction revision

33)
$$8 - 3 =$$
 38) $10 - 5 =$

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Ten Minutes a Day 3: Factors and Multiples Worksheets". The recommended teaching sequence is shown in the bar at the top of this sheet.

Name: Multiples of 8: 5 [B]



2&4	5&10	3&9	7&11	6,8&12	Finding Factors	LCM	GCF	Factor Trees	All
-----	------	-----	------	--------	-----------------	-----	-----	-----------------	-----

Multiples of 8:

The number must be divisible by 2 three times.

e.g. 248: half of 248 is 124; half of 124 is 62, half again is 31. So 248 is a multiple of 8.

Circle the multiples of 8: Check each number so see if you can halve the numbers 3 times.

6	8	12	15	16	19
21	24	25	26	30	32
36	38	40	44	48	54
100	104	120	128	242	248

How many of dots?



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Multiplicatid

Write the mi

1) Start at 8

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6)
$$6 \times 0.5 =$$
 11) $9 \times 0.5 =$

Addition revision

Subtraction revision

$$33) 7 - 3 = 37) 9 - 4 =$$

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Name: Multiples of 12: 5 [C]



2&4	5&10	3&9	7&11	6,8&12	Finding Factors	LCM	GCF	Factor Trees	All
-----	------	-----	------	--------	--------------------	-----	-----	-----------------	-----

Multiples of 12:

Twelve has factors of 3 and 4. Therefore, to be a multiple of 12 a number must fit the rules for divisibility by both 3 and 4.

Multiples of 4: Even numbers that are divisible by 2 twice.

Multiples of 4, numbers over 100: if the tens and ones are divisible by 4 the whole number is a multiple of 4.

Multiples of 3: The sum of the digits is 3 or another multiple of 3.

Find the multiples of 12: Cross out the numbers that are not multiples of 4, then circle those that are multiples of 3. Those are multiples of 12.

12

18

24

32

36

35

38

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42

48

60

68 112

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Addition rev

Write the m 1) Start at 1

Write the mi

2) Start at 6

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Multiplication with decimals revision

19)
$$6 \times 0.5 =$$

24)
$$8 \times 0.1 =$$

Fractions with extension

$$\frac{27}{6}$$
 of 36 =

27)
$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 36 = _____ 30) $\frac{1}{4}$ of 20 = _____

$$\frac{28}{8}$$
 of 64 =

$$\frac{1}{6}$$
 of 24 = ____

$$\frac{32}{8}$$
 of 56 =

This worksheet is part of the Professor Pete's Classroom eBook "Ten Minutes a Day 3: Factors and Multiples Worksheets". The recommended teaching sequence is shown in the bar at the top of this sheet.